**Branching Minds MTSS Summit** Branching Forward: Setting Intentions for MTSS in the New Year

**Lessons Learned in 15 Years of MTSS** 

Amanda VanDerHeyden

# Lessons Learned in 15 Years of MTSS

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## How Can We Work Smarter in MTSS?

- 1. More Accurate Assessment or Determination of Academic Need
- 2. Use Universal Classwide Intervention on High-Leverage Skills and Understandings in Key Content Areas
- 3. Retool your Intensification Plan





## So is risk



Figure 2. Classification and regression tree model decision rules for identifying Mississippi students as at risk of failing to meet the ACT college readiness benchmark in math, based on grade 5 math achievement and race/ethnicity, 2011/12–2016/17

Koon, S., & Davis, M. (2019). Math course sequences in grades 6–11 and math achievement in Mississippi (REL 2019-007). Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for **Education Evaluation** and Regional Assistance, Regional **Educational Laboratory** Southeast. Retrieved from http://ies.ed.gov/ncee /edlabs



## Children Who Fall Behind, Stay Behind (But Intervention Closes Gaps)

![](_page_6_Figure_1.jpeg)

Grade level corresponding to age

## Prevention Effects from Effective Instruction Are Cumulative!

90% 83% 80% 76% 75% 70% 60% 56% 54% 52% 52% 50% 42% 40% 34% 34% 30% 20% 10% -0% 3 К 1 2 4 Grade Level

2017 2020

Beginning of Year DIBELS Math Composite Percent Proficient

**MTSS Closes** Opportunity Gaps By **Delivering More** Effective Instruction Where It's Needed

![](_page_8_Figure_1.jpeg)

VanDerHeyden, A. M. & Codding, R. (2015). Practical effects of classwide mathematics intervention. *School Psychology Review*, 44, 169-190. doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.17105/spr-13-0087.1

# The Realities of Instruction

- The average second grade student spends about 1.5 hours per day of academic engaged time
- Classes with stronger academic outcomes
  - Allocate more academic time
  - Promote higher rates of academic engagement
- About half of the school day engaged in nonacademic or noninstructional activities
- With little variation across classrooms, children spent about 16 min of every hour waiting
- Children had unstable access during 2020-2021
- Signs that opportunity & Equity gaps are widening
- Declining Enrollments, Children not logged in, college applications are down.

<u>https://files.eric.ed.gov/fulltext/EJ1100409.pdf</u>: Rosenshine, B. V. (1981). How Time is Spent in Elementary Classrooms. *Journal of Classroom Interaction*, 17(1), 16-25.

## Children Arrive with Different Skill Proficiencies

Gains in Oral Reading Fluency

![](_page_10_Figure_2.jpeg)

# Schools Differ in the Quality of their Instructional Offerings

Gains in Oral Reading Fluency

![](_page_11_Figure_2.jpeg)

### TIER 3:

Few

See See Individualized Intervention Drill-down assessment informs intervention. Intervention effects are summarized weekly with graphs. Data meetings used to enhance implementation and ensure learning gains. Student progress monitoring data are used to identify students who might require a referral for eligibility evaluation.

### TIER 2:

Dose his ments seising of the succession of the seising of the seising of the seising of the succession of the seising of the Number of students Small-Group Intervention Dynamic groupings, adjusted at least bi-weekly. Intervention protocol is aligned with the group's needs. Intervention effects are summarized weekly with graphs. Data meetings used to enhance implementation and ensure learning gains. Response to Tier 2 intervention is used to identify students requiring individual intervention.

### TIER 1.5:

Classwide Intervention (All Students in Selected Classes) Weekly progress monitoring, data team troubleshooting to support effective implementation. Response to classwide intervention signifies the need for small-group or individual intervention.

Deserence

### TIER 1:

### All Students

Instructional program is aligned to state standards and instructional tactics are aligned with individual needs of students. Universal screening is conducted effectively and data are used to determine need for classwide or small-group intervention. Data teams consume student performance data to plan and evaluate instruction.

PJ

![](_page_13_Figure_0.jpeg)

What I

wanted

![](_page_13_Picture_2.jpeg)

What I got

## How Can We Work Smarter in MTSS?

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![](_page_14_Picture_4.jpeg)

## Let's Talk About Smarter Screening How Do We Go from This to...

![](_page_15_Picture_1.jpeg)

## To This?

|--|--|

### Spring 2017-18 Screening Results

The results are in. Let's take a look...

### **Classroom Performance**

6% of your class reached the target on all of the screening assessments. Extra practice will help you reach mastery at this grade level.

The classwide intervention has already been started.

![](_page_16_Figure_7.jpeg)

Smarter Assessment

## Especially When So Many Classes Look Like This

Classwide Intervention Students Screening

Growth

### Fall 2019-20 Screening Results

The results are in. Let's take a look...

### Classroom Performance

4% of your class reached the target on all of the screening assessments. Extra practice will help you reach mastery at this grade level.

The classwide intervention has already been started.

![](_page_17_Figure_8.jpeg)

# Use Classwide Intervention to Improve Learning & Determine Risk

### Mixed Addition/Subtraction 0-20

![](_page_18_Figure_2.jpeg)

# Screening Alone, When Risk is High, Causes Decision Errors

![](_page_19_Figure_1.jpeg)

Negative Post-Test Probability (Orange Line) = the probability of a child who has PASSED the screening FAILING the year-end test.

Smarter Assessment

![](_page_20_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Figure_3.jpeg)

Figure 5. Illustration of the use of intervention to reduce overall risk and permit more accurate screening decisions.

Smarter Assessment

## Here is a Class at Screening

Students Classwide Intervention Screening

Growth

### Fall 2019-20 Screening Results

The results are in. Let's take a look...

### Classroom Performance

4% of your class reached the target on all of the screening assessments. Extra practice will help you reach mastery at this grade level.

The classwide intervention has already been started.

![](_page_21_Figure_8.jpeg)

## Students Show Rapid Growth

![](_page_22_Figure_1.jpeg)

### Smartar Accoccmont

# These Are the Students who Need Individual Intervention

Classwide Intervention

Students Growth

### Fall 2019-20 Screening Results

The results are in. Let's take a look ...

### **Classroom Performance**

4% of your class reached the target on all of the screening assessments. Extra practice will help you reach mastery at this grade level.

The classwide intervention has already been started.

Screening

![](_page_23_Figure_8.jpeg)

# Want to Know More About Academic Screening?

- <u>https://youtu.be/lz18MC5mgkY</u>
- <u>https://www.nasponline.org/resources-and-publications/resources-and-publications/resources-and-podcasts/covid-19-resource-center/return-to-school/considerations-for-academic-screening-upon-the-return-to-school</u>
- VanDerHeyden, Broussard, & Burns (2019). Classification Agreement for Gated Screening in Mathematics: Subskill Mastery Measurement and Classwide Intervention. Assessment for Effective Intervention.
- <u>https://www.researchgate.net/publication/336702020\_Classification</u>
   <u>Agreement for Gated Screening in Mathematics Subskill Master</u>
   <u>y\_Measurement\_and\_Classwide\_Intervention</u>
- https://charts.intensiveintervention.org/ascreening

## Add a Layer to Your MTSS Model Classwide Intervention = Tier 1.5 (and It Works)

![](_page_25_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Figure_2.jpeg)

http://www.intensiveintervention.org/chart/instructional-intervention-tools (NCII)

**Classwide Intervention** 

ES = .68 CBMs ES = .18 Gr 4 ES = .79 for at-risk

## Classwide Intervention Gives You a Strong ROI Cost Per Student, Per 1 SD gain in outcome

### **Incremental Cost Effectiveness Ratios**

![](_page_26_Figure_2.jpeg)

"Changing math curricula as an approach for whole-school intervention when large numbers of students do not achieve proficiency is more costly than targeted, preventative math intervention" (Barrett & VanDerHeyden, 2020)

Barrett, C. A., & VanDerHeyden, A. M. (2020). A cost-effectiveness analysis of classwide math intervention. *Journal of School Psychology, 80,* 54-65. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsp.2020.04.002 Classwide Intervention

## How To Get Started:

- Intervention protocol.
  - Here is one to try:

https://www.sourcewelltech.org/sites/tech/files/2020-12-31/SpringMath\_SampleClassI ntervention\_0819.pdf

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### **Effective intervention**

Avoid intervention implementation errors with Spring Math's customized, easy-to-use intervention packets. Automatically generated each week based on the prior week's outcomes, interventions are aligned to Common Core State Standards and student needs. Intervention packets provide all materials necessary for effective intervention.

- Teacher-centered materials and instructions to complete in just 15 minutes a day
- Peer tutoring tools that are based on a proven model
- Printable student materials to build conceptual understanding and practice skills
- Embedded coaching, including cohort user groups and ongoing implementation support

### **Classwide interventions**

- Accelerate each student's growth
- Promote mastery of essential outcomes
- Identify students who may be falling behind

### Individual interventions

- Drill down to student's exact areas of need
- Bring skills to mastery
- Build conceptual understanding

### **Classwide Intervention**

wide intervention

# Workers We use our brains to think. We use our brains to think. We use our mouths to explain. We use our mouths to explain. We use our hands to write.

![](_page_28_Figure_1.jpeg)

### Intervention Protocol Classwide Fact Families: Add/Subtract 0-9 Student: Grade: 01

Teacher: Paul Muyskens Class name: I Mathematics (-Hayden-) Date: 1/22/2019

### **Classwide Math Intervention**

Preparation:

- . This is your master set of materials for the week.
- Make 1.5 copies of the practice sheets Day 1-5 for each student in your class (ex. if you have 20 students make 30 copies). Each student will have one copy for independent practice, while each pair of students will have one copy for paired practice.
- . If you are using flashcards to practice, you can make only I copy per student.
- . To set up your student pairs click on "Students" in your dashboard, then "Suggested Student Pairs."
- . Identify the first "Worker," which should be the higher-performing student. This student will always work first.
- Say, It's time for Spring Math. Please get together with your math partner. Please take out your practice materials, have your colored pen and pencil out, and show me you are ready.
- Say, Workers, your job is to work as many problems correctly as you can. As you work, be sure to talk through the problem so your partner can HEAR and SEE you solve the problem. Use a quiet voice while you work.
- Say, Helpers, your job is to follow along, listen and watch as the worker is working problems. If you see an error, speak up! Say, "Stop, Let's check this one."

You should give the worker a hint, point to the exact error, but don't give them the answer. See if the worker can fix the error.

If the worker is stuck, give the answer but solve it aloud so the worker knows how you got that answer. If you get really stuck, circle the problem and ask me for help.

- Set the timer for 3 minutes.
- Say, Remember, your goal is to work as many problems as possible with 100% accuracy. Ready? Begin!Start the timer when you say Begin.

## **Classwide Intervention**

![](_page_29_Picture_0.jpeg)

Classwide Intervention

## Improves Learning, but Makes it Clear Who Needs More

![](_page_30_Figure_1.jpeg)

### **Classwide Intervention**

![](_page_31_Figure_0.jpeg)

## Retool Your Intensification Plan

## Differentiation is Not Enough

### Measure 1: Multiply 1 Digit by 2-3 Digit w/ & w/o Regrouping

Your students' screening scores compared to the target score.

![](_page_32_Figure_3.jpeg)

## Differentiated

Matching protocols with small group needs.

## Personalized

Delivering ssessment-driven lesson content.

## Individualized

Management of assessment-driven lesson content and tactical supports.

- Usually accomplished by organizing small groups
- Re-teach & enrich periods
- But, this is HARD to do.

"The results of the study indicate that the MAP program was implemented with moderate fidelity but that MAP teachers were not more likely than control group teachers to have applied differentiated instructional practices in their classes. Overall, the MAP program did not have a statistically significant impact on students' reading achievement in either grade 4 or grade 5." (Cordray et al., 2012)

Full report here: https://files.eric.ed.gov/fulltext/ED537982.pdf Retool Intensification

## Individualized

![](_page_33_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Differentiated

Matching protocols with small group needs.

## Personalized

Delivering Issessment-driven lesson content.

## Individualized

Management of assessment-driven lesson content and tactical supports.

Differentiates and customizes instruction in the context of local learning expectations, ongoing progress monitoring, implementation management, and outcomes evaluation over time. Retool Intensification

![](_page_34_Figure_0.jpeg)

## The Instructional Hierarchy: How it Works

![](_page_35_Figure_1.jpeg)

Errors Decreasing ————

**Retool Intensification** 

## Skill x Treatment Interaction

![](_page_36_Figure_1.jpeg)

**Retool Intensification** 

## Tier 2 Take-Aways

### Aleasure 1: Multiply 1 Digit by 2-3 Digit w/ & w/o Regrouping

our students' screening scores compared to the target score.

![](_page_37_Figure_3.jpeg)

- Group size can vary (larger groups NOT associated with weakened efficacy) Clarke et al. (2017) & Doabler et al. (2018)
- Groupings must be flexible (they should change based on learner growth & need- in math this means every 1-2 weeks)
- Sessions can be brief, but more frequent is better (dosage).
- Students can work in pairs (like a mini-classwide intervention) to maximize opps to respond and/or immediate corrective feedback
- Can be used for Acquisition and Fluency-Building interventions

## Children Getting the Same Intervention = Small Group

![](_page_38_Figure_1.jpeg)

45 total minutes instead of 105 minutes of individual intervention time! You save an hour of time per day with small-groups with no loss to efficacy.

**Retool Intensification** 

![](_page_39_Figure_0.jpeg)

### **Retool Intensification**

# You will Need a Range of Interventions & Data to Connect them to the Student

			Acquisition			
Classwide Math Intervention	Timed Trial	Response Cards	Cover Copy Compare	Guided Practice	Incremental Rehearsal	Bingo
Classwide Reading Intervention	Repeated Reading	Nuclear Reading Intervention		Listening Passage Preview	Word Sorts	Phrase Drill

## Dose What is Needed, Not What Fits Schedule

![](_page_41_Figure_1.jpeg)

Codding, R., VanDerHeyden, Martin, R. J., & Perrault, L. (2016). Manipulating Treatment Dose: Evaluating the Frequency of a Small Group Intervention Targeting Whole Number Operations. *Learning Disabilities Research & Practice*, *31*, 208-220. Retool Intensification

## This is a High-Integrity Intervention

## This is a Low-Integrity Intervention

![](_page_42_Figure_2.jpeg)

**Retool Intensification** 

## Manage Implementation

### **1st Grade** What actions are Student Groups: underway? **Summary Notes for 1st Grade** Group 01#1 (Courseld-SectionId): Progress is fantastic. This class is progressing at 1.9 weeks per skill. We'd recommend asking this teacher what's working and if they have any tips for others! What are the Group 01#1 (Courseld-SectionId): This class has been on one skill for over 4 weeks. It might be worth checking in with them. results right now? Group 01#1 (Courseld-SectionId): This class has low intervention consistency. This means scores aren't being entered in Spring Math each week. We would recommend checking with them to make sure the scores can be entered. Group 01#2 (Courseld-SectionId): Progress is fantastic. This class is progressing at 1.8 weeks per skill. We'd recommend asking this teacher what's working and if they have any tips for others! Show More Where is support needed? Classwide Interventions Teacher (Group) Total Students in Most recent Intervention Average Weeks Calculations Intervention Per Skill as Of Date Interventions score entry Progress Consistency Are proximal D User (Group 01#1 (Courseld-13 05/14/2018 76% 1.9 х 01/10/2018 Intervention Skill 9 of 1 13 of 17 weeks with scores SectionId)) indicators headed D User (Group 01#2 (Courseld-13 05/10/2018 75% 1.8 Intervention Skill 9 of 10 01/22/2018 х 12 of 16 weeks with scores in the right SectionId)) direction? D User (Group 01#3 (Courseld-14 05/11/2018 82% 1.9 х 01/09/2018 Intervention Skill 9 of 10 14 of 17 weeks with scores SectionId)) What are the Individual Interventions barriers we can Teacher (Group) Current Intervention Most recent Intervention Average Weeks Calculations score entry Consistency Per Skill as Of Date troubleshoot? D User (Group 01#1 (Courseld-SectionId)) Sums to 20 Connelly, Margaretta 1234 N/A 0% N/A 08/31/2018 х 0 of 5 weeks with scores

D User (Group 01#2 (Courseld-SectionId))

•

## **Retool Intensification**

![](_page_44_Picture_0.jpeg)

Your class is currently in class wide intervention. Complete intervention activities daily and enter progress monitoring scores weekly.

### Fact Families: Add/Subtract 0-9

Winter To Spring

![](_page_44_Figure_3.jpeg)

## Teacher: Are Students Growing?

This class/group is not in the active school year. The form is disabled and kept for reference only.

### Hide Students scores

- Winter Screening
- Spring Screening
- Final Classwide Intervention

## Teacher: Does Growth Transfer?

![](_page_44_Figure_11.jpeg)

## A Powerful Way to Repair Learning Loss: Focus on GROWTH

![](_page_45_Figure_1.jpeg)

Fact Families Addition & Subtraction 0-20

2019-20

![](_page_45_Figure_4.jpeg)

2020-21

Addition with 2-Digit Numbers

![](_page_45_Figure_6.jpeg)

Subtraction With 2-Digit Numbers

![](_page_45_Figure_8.jpeg)

Quantity Comparison Sums & Differences

![](_page_46_Figure_0.jpeg)

Pre-Covid Mean gains w SpringMath +70%

Post-Covid Mean gains w SpringMath +72%

![](_page_46_Figure_3.jpeg)

Post-Covid Mean change in fall baseline with SpringMath -3%

Post-Covid Mean change in fall baseline without SpringMath -19%

Schools that did not use SpringMath in 20-21 are 11% proficient on measure 1. Schools that used SpringMath are 89% proficient on measure 1.

# Lessons Learned in 15 Years of MTSS

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![](_page_47_Picture_4.jpeg)