# Best Practices on Interpreting Assessment Data

## TO MAKE MTSS/RTI EFFECTIVE, EFFICIENT & EQUITABLE



## Introducing...





**Dr. Eva Dundas** Chief Product Officer, Branching Minds

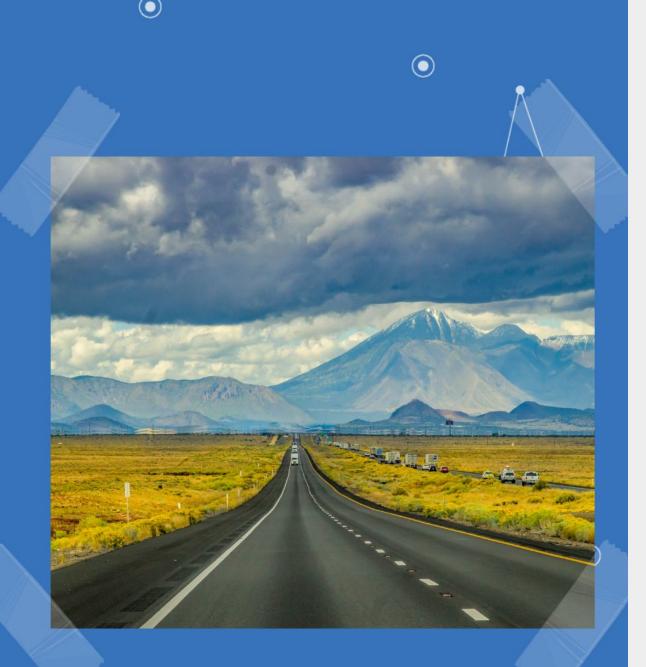


#### **Mollie Breese**

Content Manager, Branching Minds



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## Agenda: Our Roadmap to Maximizing Assessment



Intro to MTSS and Branching Minds



#### Assessments in MTSS

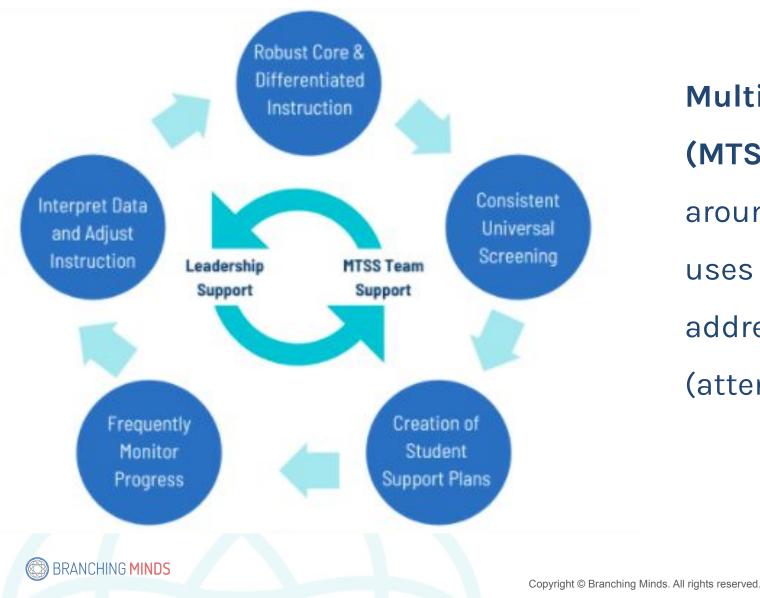


Using Rate of Improvement to Drive Decision-Making



#### Resources and Q&A

# What is MTSS?



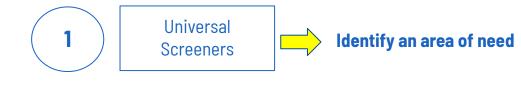
Multi-Tiered System of Support (MTSS) is a foundation that wraps around the entire student body and uses data-driven problem-solving to address academic and non-academic (attendance / social-emotional) needs.

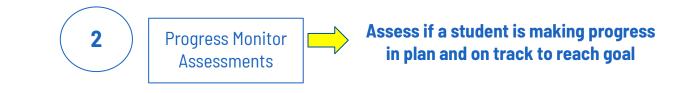
## Role of Assessments in MTSS

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Assessment Name	What	Who	When
<u>Universal Screener</u>	Standardized assessment used to identify students' areas of strength and need, offer a snapshot of progress over time	All students	3x per a year (Beginning, Middle, End of the year)
Diagnostic Assessment	Assessment tools used to identify a student's specific skills and knowledge	Students receiving Tier 2 and Tier 3 support	Follows universal screener after scores have been tiered, As needed if no progress is shown with intervention plans
Progress Monitoring Assessments	Standardized assessments used to assess a student's progress towards a SMART goal, and determine effectiveness of support provided	Students receiving Tier 2 and Tier 3 support	Weekly/Bi-weekly* *Dependent on interventions and student's need
Intervention-Embedded Assessments	Progress monitor tools embedded into an intervention program. Only assesses a student's progress in the intervention, not towards SMART goal (Not a progress monitor)	Students receiving Tier 2 and Tier 3 support	Dependent on intervention program
Summative Assessments	Assessments used to measure a student's standards proficiency	All students	End of unit/year
Formative Assessments	Periodic "check-in" assessments, such as a "pop quizzes" or "exit tickets" used to guide Tier 1 instruction and measure students' understanding of standards. Determines if instruction is effective or needs to be adjusted during instructional period.	All students	Ongoing throughout instructional period

#### How to use assessment data to determine intervention impact:





All	Title	Area	Grade	Measure Type	Reliability	<u>Validity</u>	Bias Analysis Conducted
	easyCBM	Vocabulary	Grade 7	End Year Goal	Od	•	Yes
	easyCBM	Vocabulary	Grade 8	End Year Goal	Od	$\Theta$	Yes
	FAST CBMreading	Reading English	Grade 6	End Year Goal	$\bigcirc$	0	No
	FAST CBMreading	Reading English	Grade 7	End Year Goal	<b>e</b>	0	No
	FAST CBMreading	Reading English	Grade 8	End Year Goal	<b>e</b>	0	No
	i-Ready Diagnostic and Growth Monitoring	Reading / English Language Arts	Grade 6	Short Term Skill	d	•	Yes
	i-Ready Diagnostic and Growth Monitoring	Reading / English Language Arts	Grade 7	Short Term Skill	d	•	Yes
	i-Ready Diagnostic and Growth Monitoring	Reading / English Language Arts	Grade 8	Short Term Skill	d	•	Yes

#### **Progress Monitoring Assessments:**

- Valid and reliable measures of a specific skill
- Short and easy to administer
- Sensitive enough to show growth over short period of time
- Evaluate PM Assessments at <u>National Center on</u> <u>Intensive Intervention</u>

# Best practices in interpreting progress monitoring data

## ...let's google that



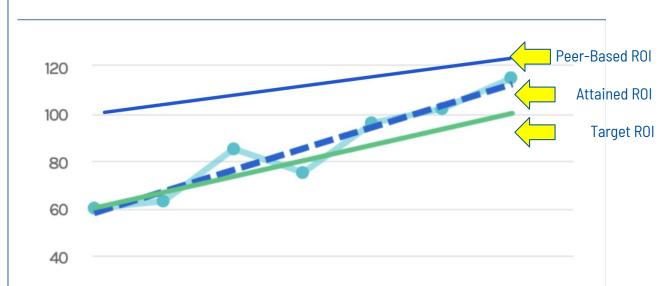
# It's easier to create rules that kind of reflect best practice than it is to help people understand and apply best practice



### Rate of Improvement (ROI)

# Rate of Improvement (ROI) determines if a student is responding to intervention

- Requires 3 or more data points (from progress monitor assessments) to determine
- Measuring Rate of Improvement
  - Peer-Based ROI: national trend growth from benchmark to benchmark
  - Target (Goal) ROI: growth required to meet student's goal
  - Attained (Trend) ROI: actual measured growth based on PM data





#### **SMART** Goals and Measuring Progress

- Specific: they should have a clear articulation of what you are trying to accomplish
- 2. **Measurable:** they should be evaluated using a quantitative assessment
- 3. **Attainable:** they should be both feasible and ambitious
- 4. **Relevant:** they should be grounded in clear context of why you've determined the goal
- 5. **Time-bound:** they should clearly state when the goal should be achieved

**SMART** Goals set the standard that is used to measure progress.



The goal sets a criteria of growth. This is rate of improvement (ROI) measure used to determine intervention plan success.

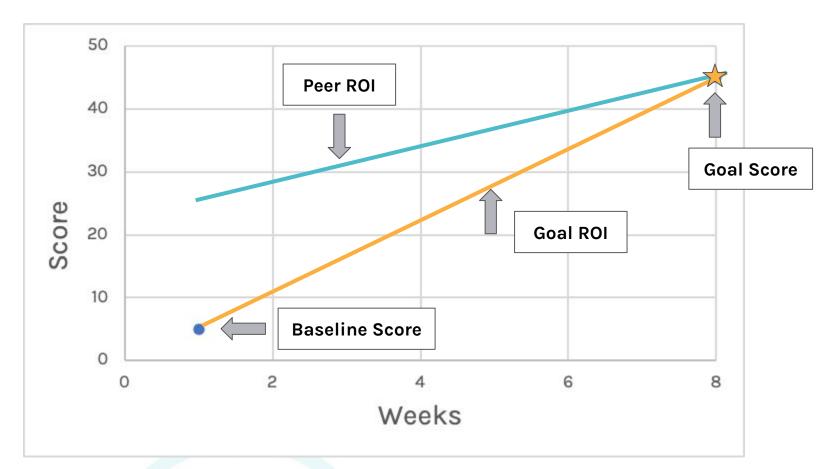


The ROI is measured based on compassion groups (peer groups).

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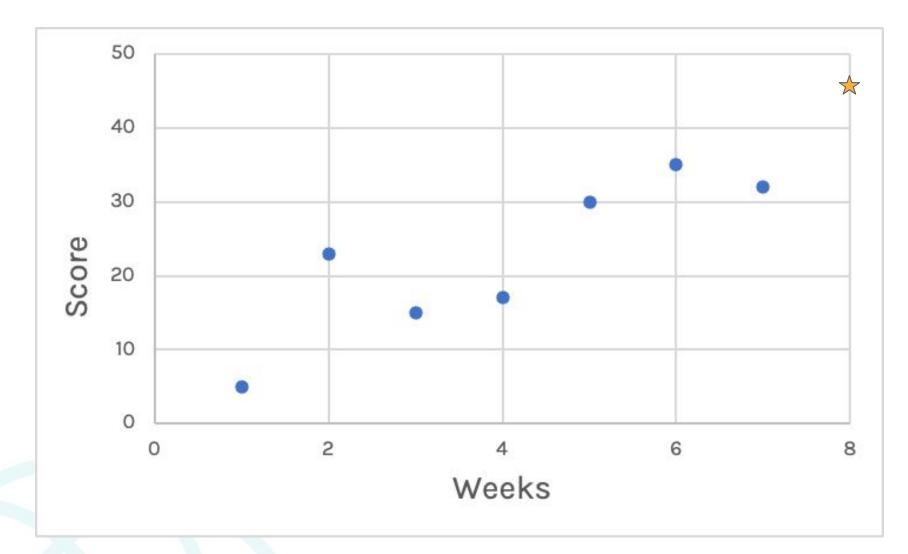
Expectations for growth are realistic. They are based on peer data and broken into "chunks" over the year.

#### Setting Goals with Peer Data



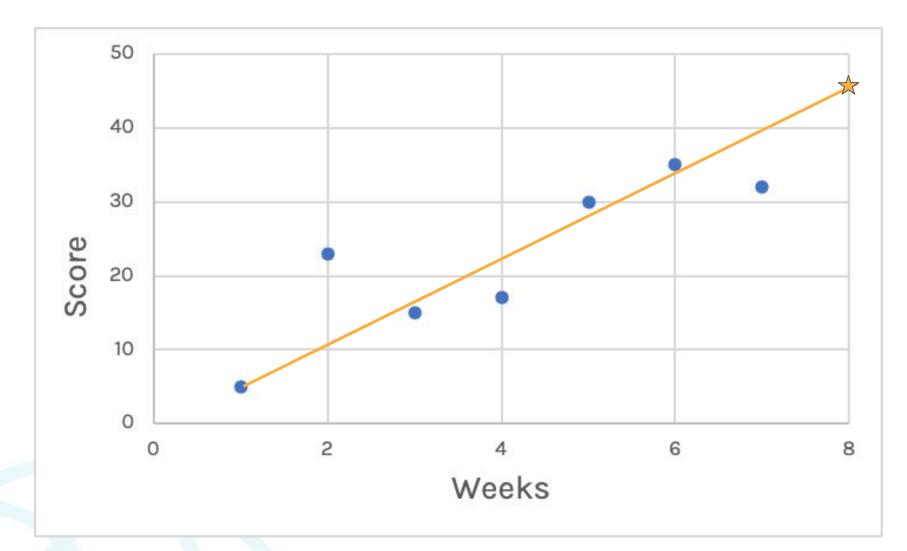
- Using nationally-normed progress monitoring assessments creates a peer-reference ROI link (seen in red)
- The peer-reference ROI is used to set **SMART** goals for intervention plans (Smart Goal line seen in green)

#### Evaluating progress to goal



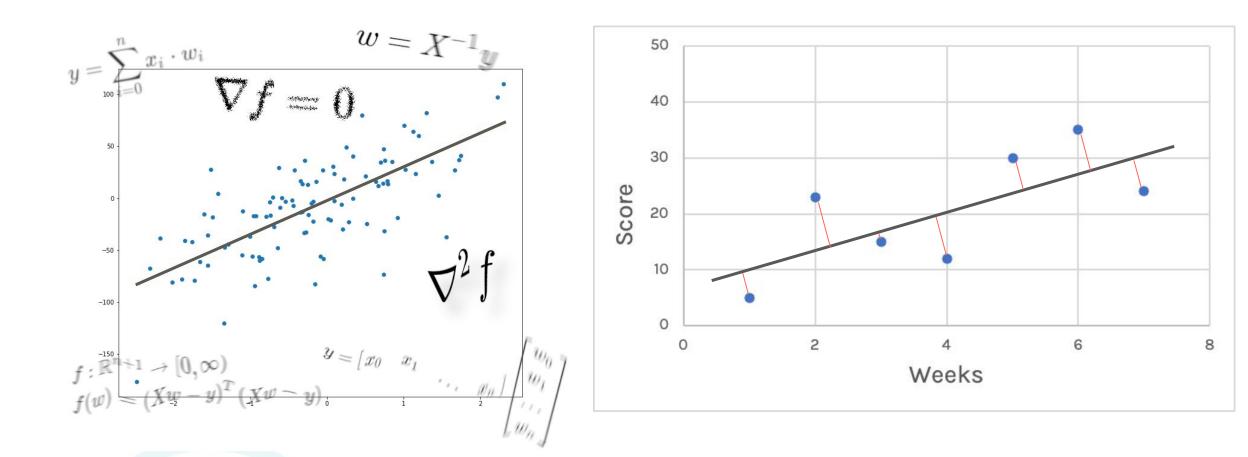
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#### Evaluating progress to goal

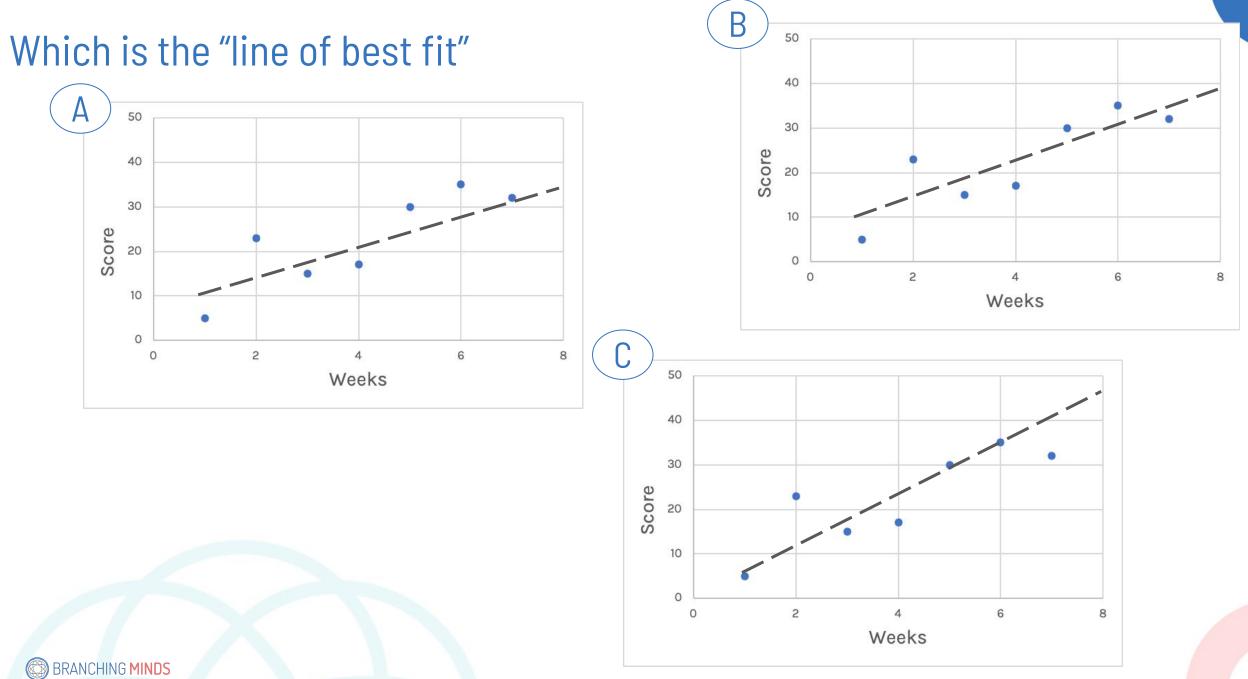


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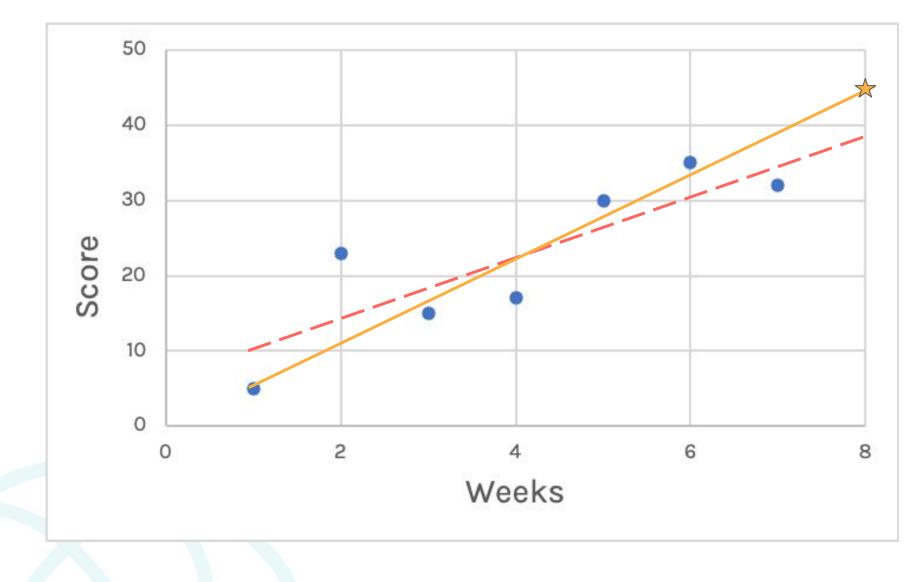
#### How to calculate the trend line:



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#### Evaluating progress to goal

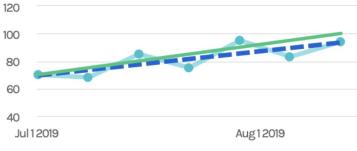


#### Rate of Improvement: Showing Progress in a Plan

#### Sufficient Growth

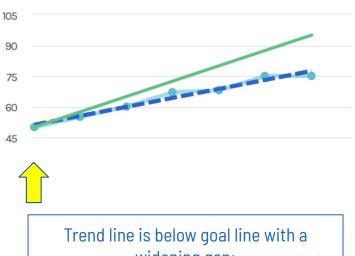


#### **Uncertain Growth**



Trend line is steeper than goal line: Minimum desired growth has been achieved and intervention is likely working. Trend line is around goal line: Check on intervention fidelity, access to intervention time, and peer-growth. Consider changing the intervention.

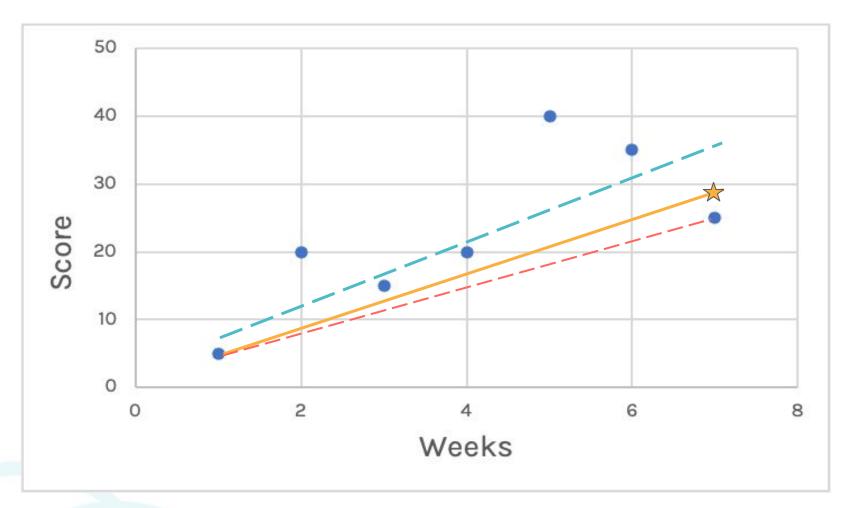
#### Insufficient Growth



Irend line is below goal line with a widening gap: Intervention is not working, and the plan needs to be adjusted. Revisit: delivery, data, intervention, frequency, and interventionist

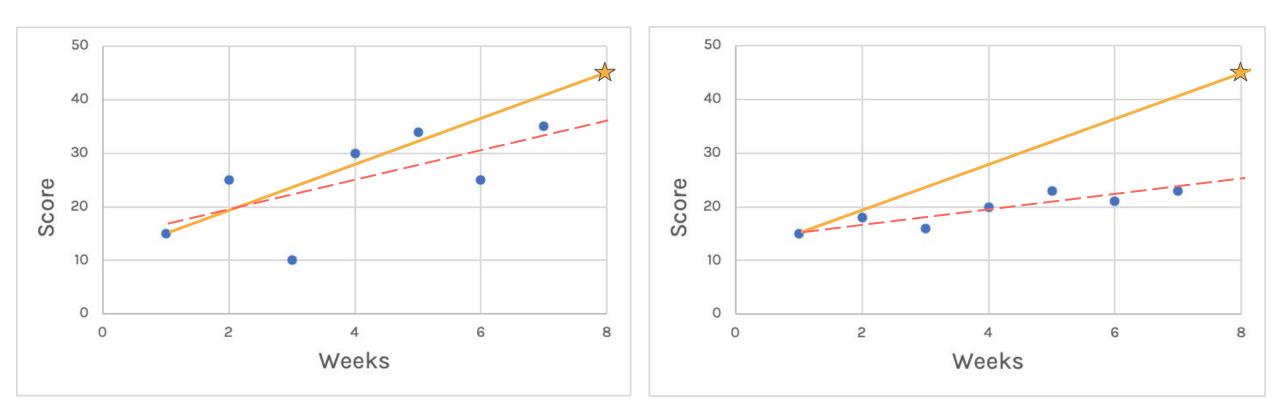
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#### Uncertainty and conflicting "rules"



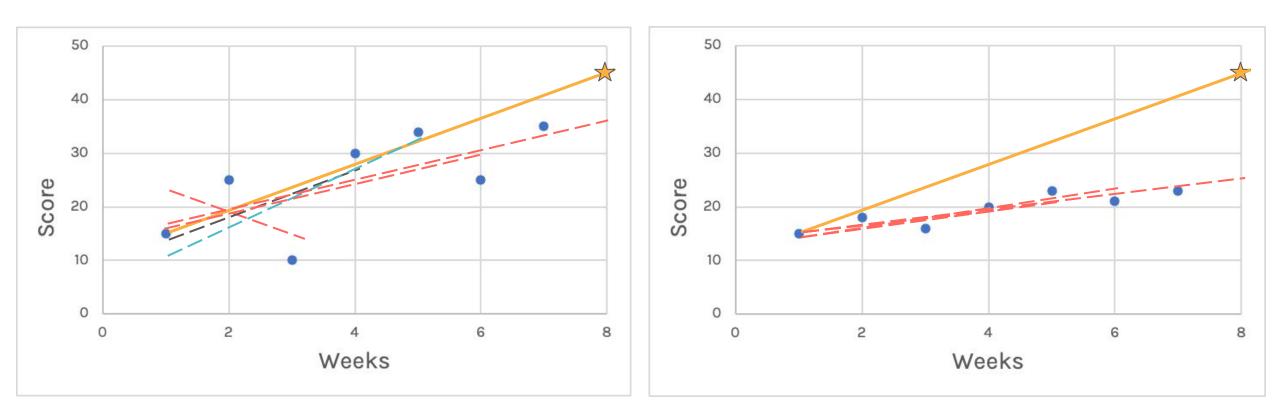
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#### Uncertainty and "right" number of data points



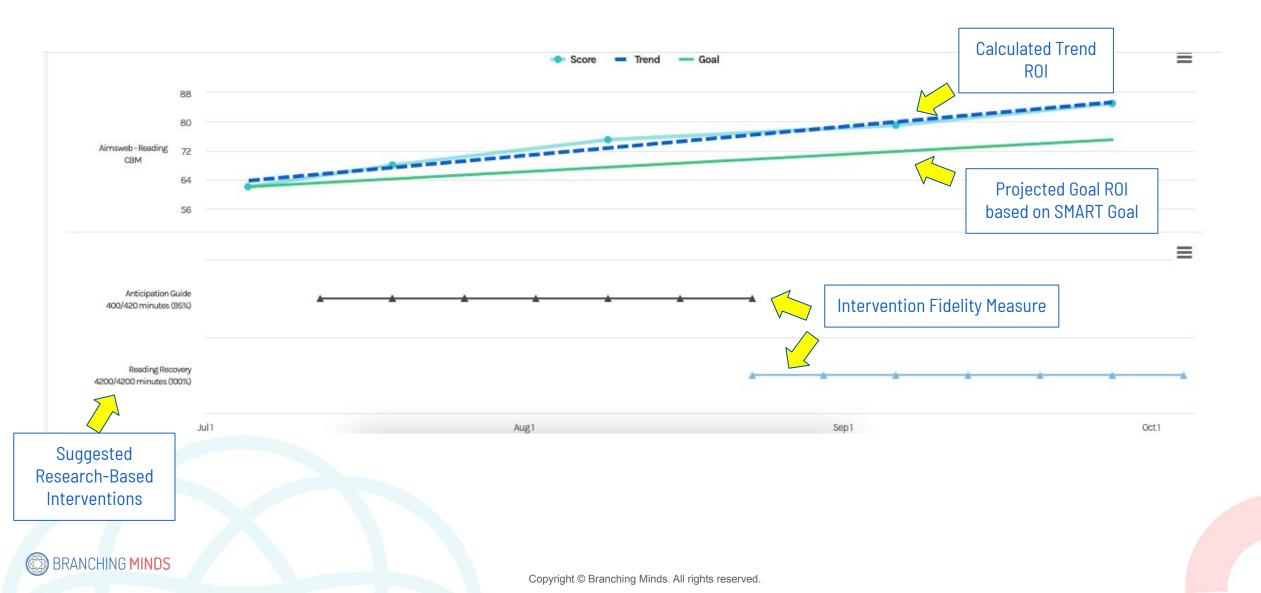


#### Uncertainty and "right" number of data points



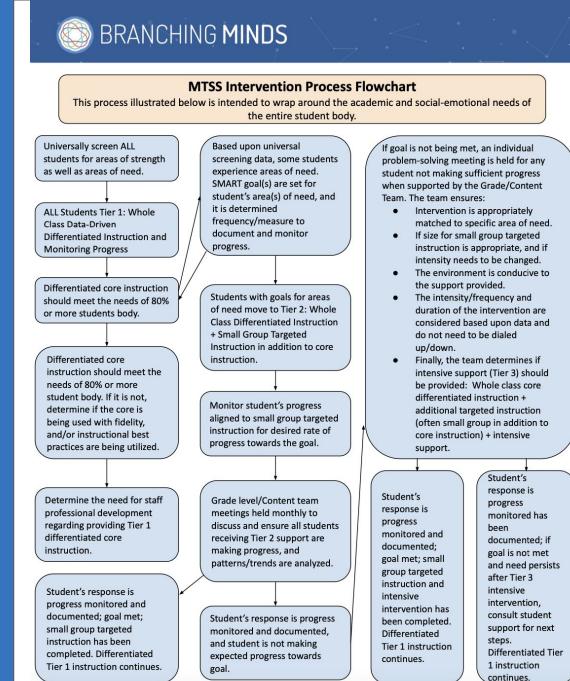


#### Benefits of an MTSS Software Program for ROI



Data-Driven Decision Making: What to do if the plan isn't working?





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 Evaluate core instruction: Is it differentiated? Is it data-driven? Is it being implemented with fidelity?

Evaluate interventions: Delivered with fidelity? PM being utilized? Does the intervention match the area of need?

• **Determine:** Is more intensive, Tier 3 support needed?

## ACCESS the RESOURCES

- Presentation of this document and recording will be sent out
- The Ultimate Guide to MTSS
- <u>All RTI/MTSS Webinars</u>
- <u>Best Practices in Interpreting Student Assessment Data</u>
- <u>Aligning SMART Goals to Just-Right Interventions</u>
- MTSS Flowchart
- Progress Monitoring for MTSS at the Secondary Level
- Progress Monitroing Data to Guide Decision Making







# Before you go...



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