



# Installation, use and maintenance manual

# **Gitié ACAY**

Integrated package for outdoor installation

with absorption chiller and gas condensing boiler



#### DISPOSAL

The appliance and all its accessories must be disposed of separately in accordance with the regulations in force.



Use of the WEEE symbol (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) indicates that this product cannot be disposed of as household waste. Proper disposal of this product helps to prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health.

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# INTRODUCTION



#### Installation, use and maintenance manual

This Manual is an integral part of the Gitié ACAY unit and must be handed to the end user together with the appliance.

# I.1 RECIPIENTS

This Manual is intended for:

- ► End user, for appropriate and safe use of the appliance.
- ▶ Qualified installer, for correct appliance installation.
- ► <u>Planner</u>, for specific information on the appliance.

# I.2 CONTROL DEVICE

In order to be able to work, the ACAY unit needs a control device (DDC or external requests), which must be connected by the installer.

# II SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

# **II.1** KEY TO SYMBOLS



**DANGER** 



**WARNING** 



NOTE



PROCEDURE



**REFERENCE** (to other document)

#### **II.2** TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

**Gitié ACAY Appliance / Unit** = equivalent terms, both used to designate the integrated package consisting of a GA ACF unit and a AY00-120 condensing boiler.

**GA Appliance/Unit** = equivalent terms, both used to designate the GA Gas Absorption chiller.

**AY00-120 Boiler / Unit** = equivalent terms, both used to designate the AY00-120 condensing boiler.

**TAC** = Technical Assistance Centre authorised by Robur.

**External request** = generic control device (e.g. thermostat, timer or any other system) equipped with a voltage-free NO contact and used as control to start/stop the GAHP/GA unit and the AY00-120 boiler.

**DDC Control** (Direct Digital Controller) = optional Robur adjustment device to control one or more Robur appliances (GAHP heat pumps, GA chillers and AY00-120 boilers) in ON/OFF mode. **RB100/RB200 Devices** (Robur Box) = optional interface devices complementary to DDC, which may be used to broaden its functions (heating/cooling/DHW production service demands, and control of system components such as third party generators, adjustment valves, circulators, probes).

**Thermal generator** = equipment (e.g. boiler, heat pump, etc..) for heat production for heating and/or DHW.

**GUE** (Gas Utilization Efficiency) = efficiency index of gas chiller, equal to the ratio between the chilling energy produced and the energy of the fuel used (relative to NCV, net calorific value).

**First start-up** = appliance commissioning operation which may only and exclusively be carried out by a TAC.

**S61 Board** = electronic board on the GA unit, to control all functions and to provide interface with other devices and with the user.

**S70/AY10 Boards** = electronic boards on the AY00-120 boiler, to control all functions and to provide interface with other devices and with the user.

# III WARNINGS

#### III.1 GENERAL AND SAFETY WARNINGS



# Installer's qualifications

Installation must exclusively be performed by a qualified firm and by qualified personnel, with specific knowledge on heating, cooling, electrical systems and gas appliances, in compliance with the laws in force in the Country of installation.



# **Declaration of conformity**

Upon completing installation, the installing firm shall issue to the owner/client the appliance's workmanlike conformity declaration, according to national/local regulations in force and the manufacturer's instructions/provisions.



#### Misuse

The appliance must only be used for the purposes for which it has been designed. Any other use is deemed hazardous. Incorrect use may affect operation, duration and safety of the appliance. Adhere to the manufacturer's instructions.



#### **Hazardous situations**

- Do not start the appliance in hazardous conditions, such as: gas smell, problems with the plumbing/electrical/gas system, parts of the appliance under water or damaged, malfunctioning, disabling or bypassing control and safety devices.
- In case of danger, request intervention by qualified personnel.
- In case of danger, switch off the electrical power and gas supplies only if this can be done in total safety.



 Do not entrust children, persons with physical, sensory or mental disabilities or persons with poor knowledge and experience with use of the appliance.



# **Gas component tightness**

- Before performing any operation on gas ducting components, close the gas valve.
- Upon completing any procedure, perform the tightness test according to regulations in force.



#### Gas smell

If you smell gas:

- Do not use electrical devices such as telephones, multimeters or other equipment that may cause sparks next to the appliance.
- Shut off the gas supply by turning the valve off.
- Switch off the power supply via the external disconnect switch in the power supply electrical panel.
- Use a telephone away from the appliance to ask for intervention from qualified personnel.



# **Poisoning**

- Ensure the flue gas ducts are tightness and compliant with the regulations in force.
- Upon completing any procedure, ensure the tightness of the components.



# Moving parts

The appliance contains moving parts.

 Do not remove guards during operation, and in any case prior to disconnecting the power supply.



## **Burn hazard**

The appliance contains very hot parts.

- Do not open the appliance and do not touch internal components before the appliance has cooled down.
- Do not touch the flue gas exhaust before it has cooled down.



#### **Pressure vessels**

The appliance has a sealed circuit classified as pressure vessel, the tightness of which is tested by the manufacturer.

 Do not carry out any intervention on the sealed circuit or on the appliance's valves.



# Water-ammonia solution

The GAHP/GA unit uses the ammonia-water absorption cycle. The water-ammonia solution is contained in the sealed circuit. The solution is harmful for health if it is ingested, inhaled or comes in contact with the skin.

- In the event of coolant leak keep away and disconnect the power and gas supply (only if it is possible to do so with no danger).
- Ask for TAC intervention.



# **Electrocution hazard**

- Disconnect the electrical power supply before any operation on appliance components.
- For electrical connections exclusively use compliant

components and according to the specifications provided by the manufacturer.

 Ensure the appliance cannot be accidentally switched back on.



#### **Earthing**

Electrical safety depends on effective earthing system, correctly connected to the appliance and installed according to the regulations in force.



#### Distance from combustible or flammable materials

 Do not deposit flammable materials (paper, diluents, paints, etc.) near the appliance.



# Limescale and corrosion

Depending on the chemical/physical properties of the system water, limescale or corrosion may damage the appliance (Paragraph 3.7 *p. 26*).

- Check system sealing.
- Avoid frequent top-ups.



# Chloride concentration

The concentration of chlorides or free chlorine in the system water must not exceed the values in Table 3.2 *p. 26*.



# Aggressive substances in the air

Halogenated hydrocarbons containing chlorine and fluorine compounds cause corrosion. The air of the installation site must be free from aggressive substances.



# Acid flue gas condensate

■ Discharge the acid condensate of combustion flue gas, as indicated in Paragraph 3.11 *p. 28*, in compliance with current exhaust regulations.



# Switching the appliance off

Disconnecting the power supply while the appliance is running may cause permanent damage to internal components.

Except in the case of danger, do not disconnect the power supply to switch off the appliance, but always and exclusively act through the provided control device (DDC or external request).



# In the event of failure

Operations on internal components and repairs may exclusively be carried out by a TAC, using only original parts.

 In the event of failure of the appliance and/or breakage of any component, do not attempt to repair and/or restore and immediately contact the TAC.



# **Routine maintenance**

Proper maintenance assures the efficiency and good operation of the appliance over time.

Maintenance must be performed according to the manufacturer's instructions (see Chapter 7 p. 35) and in



- compliance with current regulations.
- Appliance maintenance and repairs may only be entrusted to firms legally authorised to work on gas appliances and systems.
- Enter into a maintenance contract with an authorised specialised firm for routine maintenance and for servicing in case of need.
- Use only original parts.



# **Decommissioning and disposal**

If the appliance is to be disposed of, contact the manufacturer for its disposal.



#### **Keep the Manual**

This Installation, use and maintenance manual must always accompany the appliance and must be handed to the new owner or installer in the event of sale or removal.

# **III.2** CONFORMITY

#### EU directives and standards

The Gitié integrated groups are certified in accordance with EN 12309 and meet the essential requirements of the following Directives:

- 2016/426/EU "Gas Appliances Regulation" as amended and added.
- 2014/30/EC "Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive" as amended and added.
- ► 2014/35/EC "Low Voltage Directive" as amended and added.
- ► 2006/42/EC "Machine Directive" as amended and added.
- 2014/68/EU "Pressure Equipment Directive" as amended and added.
- ► 811/2013/EU "Energy-Related Products regulation" as amended and added.
- ➤ 813/2013/EU "Ecodesign requirements regulation" as amended and added.

Furthermore, they comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- ► EN 378 Refrigerating systems and heat pumps.
- ► EN 15502 Gas-fired central heating boilers.

#### Other applicable provisions and standards

The design, installation, operation and maintenance of the systems shall be carried out in compliance with current applicable regulations, depending on the Country and location, and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. In particular, regulations regarding the following shall be complied with:

- Gas systems and equipment.
- ► Electrical systems and equipment.
- Heating and air conditioning systems, heat pumps and chillers.
- Environmental protection and combustion products exhaust.
- ► Fire safety and prevention.
- ► Any other applicable law, standard and regulation.

# III.3 EXCLUSIONS OF LIABILITY AND WARRANTY



Any contractual or extra-contractual liability of the manufacturer for any damage caused by incorrect installation and/or improper use and/or failure to comply with

regulations and with the manufacturer's directions/instructions shall be disclaimed.



In particular, the warranty on the appliance may be rendered void by the following conditions:

- Incorrect installation.
- Misuse.
- Failure to comply with the manufacturer's indications on installation, use and maintenance.
- Alteration or modification of the product or any part thereof
- Extreme operational conditions or however outside of the operational ranges set forth by the manufacturer.
- Damages caused by external agents such as salts, chlorine, sulphur or other chemical substances contained in the installation water or present in the air of the installation site.
- Abnormal actions transmitted to the appliance by the system or installation (mechanical stresses, pressure, vibrations, thermal expansion, electrical surges...).
- Accidental damages or due to force majeure.



# 1 FEATURES AND TECHNICAL DATA

The Gitié ACAY group consists of a GA ACF chiller and a AY00-120 condensing boiler.

# 1.1 FEATURES

#### 1.1.1 GA ACF Unit features

#### Operation

Based on the thermodynamic water-ammonia absorption cycle  $(H_20-NH_3)$ , the appliance produces chilled water using natural gas (or LPG) as primary energy and dissipating heat directly to the outside air.

The thermodynamic cycle takes place within a hermetically sealed circuit, in welded construction, perfectly tight, factory-tested, which does not require any maintenance or coolant top-ups.

# Mechanical and thermo-hydraulic components

- ► Steel sealed circuit, externally treated with epoxy paint.
- Multigas premix burner equipped with ignition and flame detection managed by an electronic control unit.
- Titanium stainless steel shell-and-tube water exchanger (evaporator), externally insulated.
- ► Air exchanger (condenser) with finned coil, with steel pipe and aluminium fins.
- Variable-flow microprocessor-controlled helicoidal motor-fan.
- Standard or S silenced fan (reduction of electrical consumption and reduction of sound emission).

# Control and safety devices

- S61 electronic board with microprocessor, LCD display and knob
- Circuit water flow switch.
- ► Generator limit thermostat, with manual reset.
- ► automatically resettable flue gas thermostat;
- ► Differential flue gas pressure switch on the combustion circuit.
- Sealed circuit safety relief valve.
- Bypass valve, between high and low-pressure circuits.
- ► Ionization flame control box.
- Double shutter electric gas valve.
- ► Antifreeze functions for hydraulic circuit.

# 1.1.2 AY00-120 Unit features

#### Operation

The AY00-120 unit is a high efficiency condensing boiler suitable for supply hot water up to 80 °C. The appliance is provided with an internal heat exchanger to separate internal hydraulic circuit from system hydraulic circuit.

# Mechanical and thermo-hydraulic components

- Premix multigas burner with low NOx and CO emissions.
- Stainless steel plate heat exchanger, which also acts as a hydraulic separator.
- Automatic and manual air vent devices on the appliance internal circuit
- ► Flue gas exhaust duct with relevant terminal, for type B53P configuration.
- ► Condensate discharge siphon (with antifreeze protection).

#### Control and safety devices

- ► Electronic board with microprocessor.
- Automatically resettable water temperature limit thermostat.
- ► Flue gas limit thermostat, for single use (thermal switch).
- ► System circuit water differential pressure switch (PD1).
- Appliance internal circuit water differential pressure switch (PD2) with anti-welding function.
- Overpressure valve for the appliance internal circuit, set to trip at 3 bar.
- ► Appliance internal circuit expansion tank.
- ► Ionization flame control box.
- ► Double shutter electric gas valve.
- Antifreeze functions for hydraulic circuit.
- Antifreezing thermostat for the heating element on the condensate siphon.

# 1.1.3 ACAY Integrated package features

The Gitié group is available in the following versions (Figure 1.6 p. 11):

- ► Basic version (/4 C0)
- ▶ Version KIT/4 C1
- ► Version KIT/2 C0
- ► Version KIT/2 C1

In 4-pipe versions units operation may be simultaneous or independent.

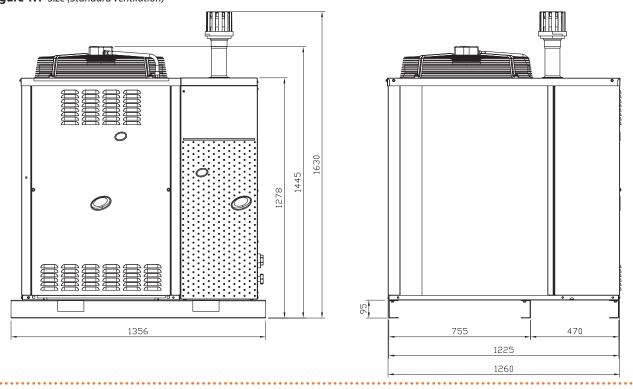
The Table 1.1  $p.\ 7$  shows the features of the various versions in detail.

**Table 1.1** Gitié ACAY package versions

Version	Pipes	Circulating pumps	Motorised 2-way valves	Hydraulic circuits	Simultaneous operation	Fan
/4 C0	4	No	No	independent	Yes	standard
/4 C0 S	4	No	No	independent	Yes	silenced
/4 C1	4	Yes	No	independent	Yes	standard
/4 C1 S	4	Yes	No	independent	Yes	silenced
/2 C0	2	No	Yes	single	No	standard
/2 C0 S	2	No	Yes	single	No	silenced
/2 C1	2	Yes	No	single	No	standard
/2 C1 S	2	Yes	No	single	No	silenced

# 1.2 DIMENSIONS

**Figure 1.1** *Size (Standard ventilation)* 



**Figure 1.2** Dimensions (silenced fan)

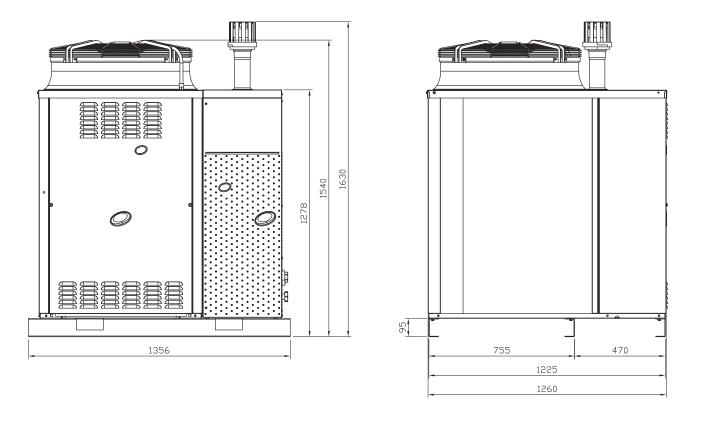
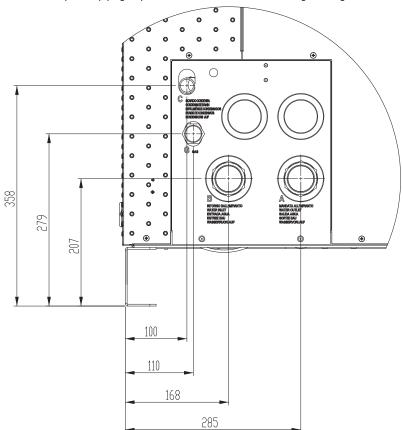
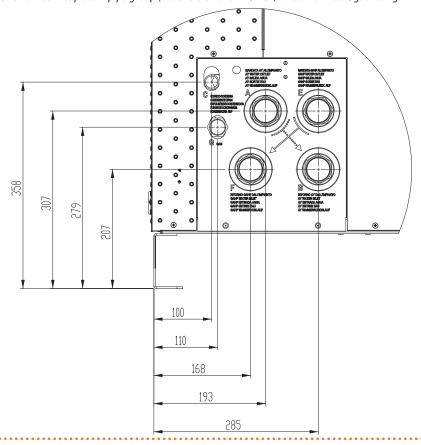


Figure 1.3 Service plate 2-pipe group (KIT/2 CO and C1) - Detail of water/gas fittings



- A Outlet water fitting Ø 1 1/2"F
- B Inlet water fitting Ø 1 1/2"F
- C Boiler condensate drain AY00-120
- G Gas fitting Ø 3/4"M

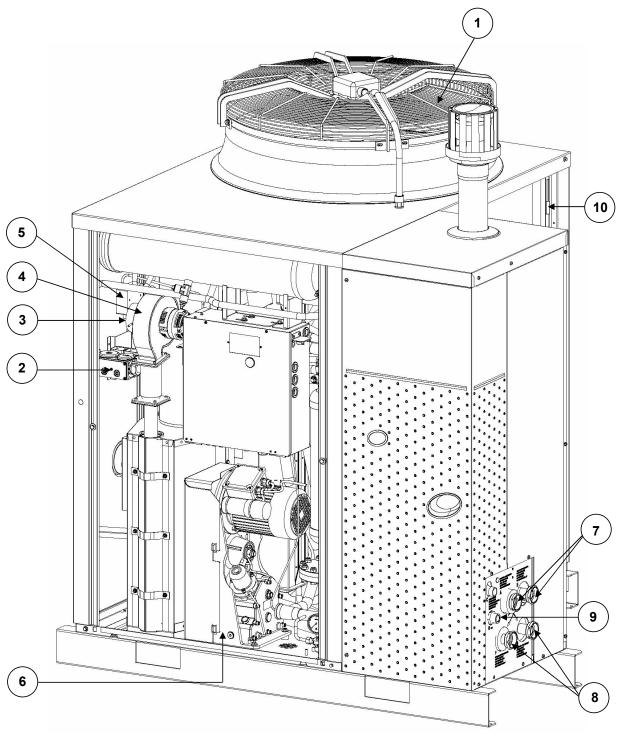
**Figure 1.4** Service plate 4-pipe group (base version and KIT/4 C1) - Detail of water/gas fittings



- A AY Water outlet fitting Ø 1 1/4"F
- B AY Water inlet fitting Ø 1 1/4"F
- C Boiler condensate drain AY00-120
- GAHP/GA Water outlet fitting Ø 1 1/4"F
- F GAHP/GA Water inlet fitting Ø 1 1/4"F
- G Gas fitting Ø 3/4"M

#### **COMPONENTS** 1.3

**Figure 1.5** Internal components - front view

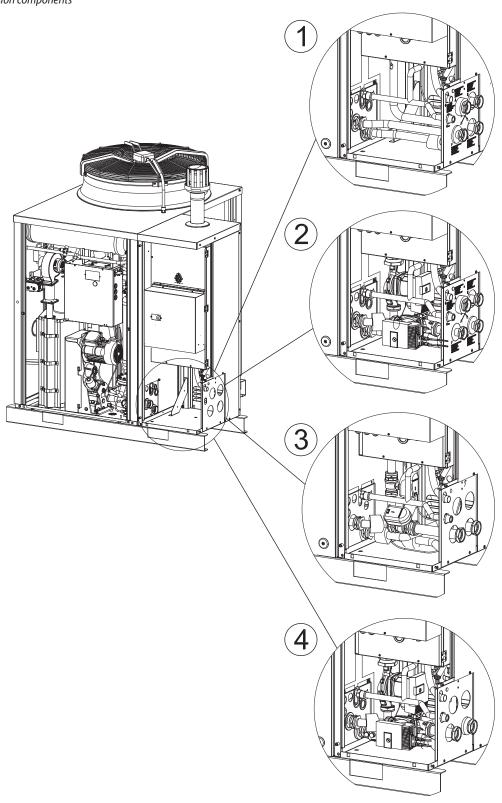


- Fan (silenced version)
- Gas valve
- Combustion air intake
- Combustion blower
- Ignition transformer

- Oil pump
- Water delivery fitting: 1 1/4"F Water return fitting: 1 1/4"F
- Gas connection
- 10 TA outdoor temperature probe

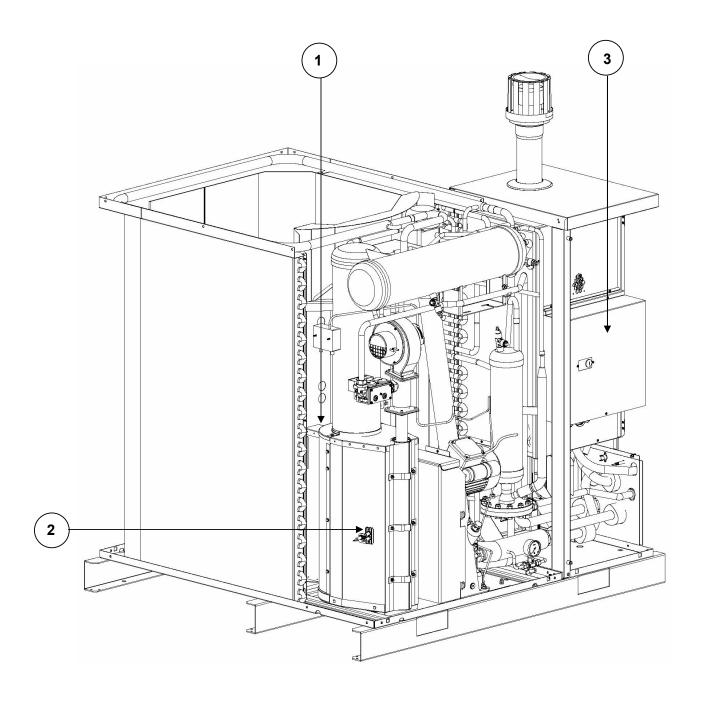


Figure 1.6 Version components



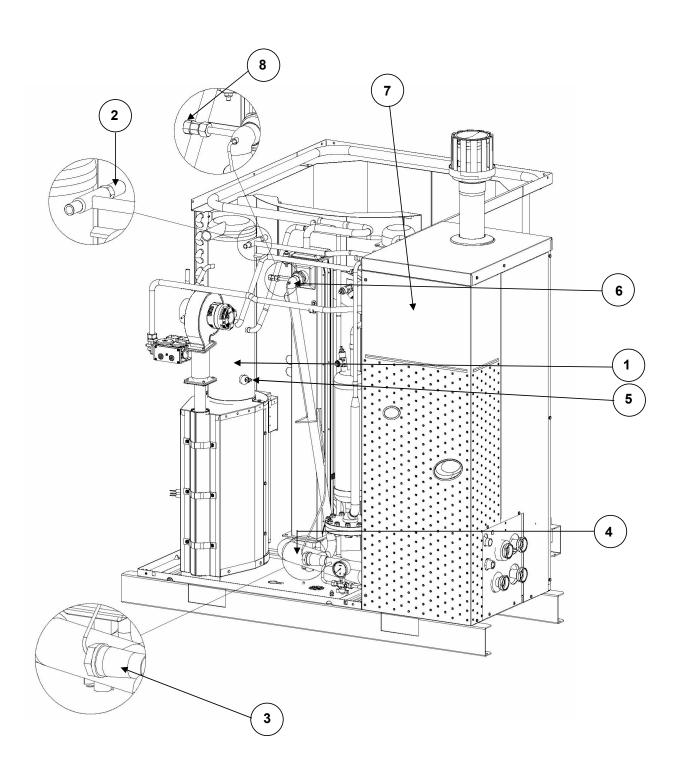
- 1 BASE version (2 independent circuits without circulating pumps)
- 2 Kit/4 C1 (2 independent circuits with onboard circulating pumps)
- Kit/2 C0 (single circuit with two 2-way motorised valves)
- 4 Kit/2 C1 (single circuit with onboard circulating pumps)

Figure 1.7 Internal components - left side view



- 1 Flue thermostat
- 2 Flame sensor / ignition electrodes
- B Electrical panel

**Figure 1.8** Internal components - right side view

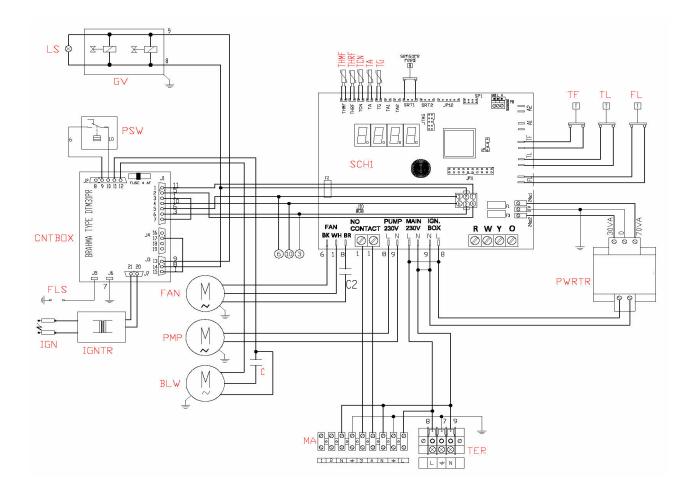


- 1 TG generator temperature probe
- 2 Safety valve
- 3 Flow switch
- 4 Flow temperature probe

- 5 Limit thermostat
- 6 Return temperature probe
- 7 Teva evaporator temperature probe
- 8 Air-vent manual valve

# 1.4 WIRING DIAGRAMS

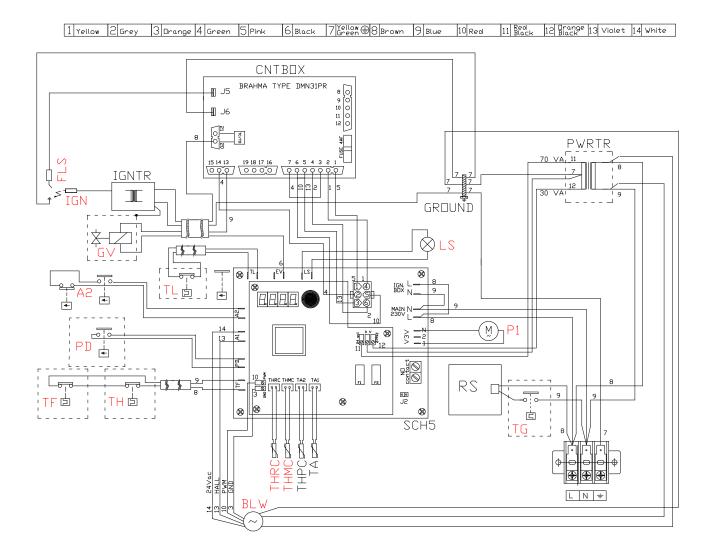
**Figure 1.9** *GA-ACF, ACF-TK, ACF-LB, ACF-HT Unit wiring diagram* 



TER	Power supply terminal block 230 Vac	TA	Ambient air temperature probe	FAN	Fan motor
SCH1	Electronic board (S61)	TG	Generator temperature sensor	C2	Fan condenser
GV	Gas solenoid valve	SRT1	Oil pump rotation sensor	PMP	Oil hydraulic pump motor
LS	Gas flow warning lamp	TF	Flue gas thermostat	PWRTR	Tansformer 230/24 Vac
PSW	Air pressure switch	TL	Generator limit thermostat (manual reset)	CNTBOX	Flame controller
THMF	Outlet water temperature probe	FL	Water flow switch	IGN	Ignition electrodes
THRF	Inlet water temperature probe	BLW	Blower motor	IGNTR	Ignition transformer
TCN	Condenser outlet temperature probe	C	Blower condenser	FLS	Detection electrode

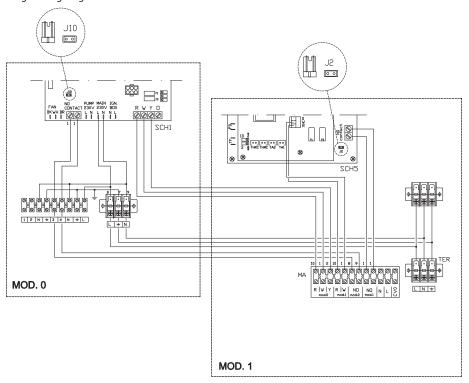


Figure 1.10 Gitié package wiring diagram (unit AY00-120)



SCH5 TA THPC	electronic boards \$70+AY10 room temperature probe delivery water temperature probe	TF PD	exhausted gas thermostat differential water pressure switch (appliance internal circuit)	IGNTR IGN FLS	ignition transformer ignition electrodes flame sensor
	(appliance internal circuit)	A2	differential water pressure switch	CNTBOX	flame control unit
THMC	output water temperature probe		(system circuit)	BLW	blower
	(system circuit)	TL	water limit thermostat	MC	230Vac power supply terminal block
THRC	input water temperature probe	P1	water circulator	PWRTR	board transformer
	(system circuit)		(appliance internal circuit)	TG	antifreeze thermostat for syphon resistance
TH	combustion unit limit thermostat (appliance internal circuit)	LS GV	gas valve ON signal lamp gas solenoid valve	RS	syphon resistance

Figure 1.11 Gitié package wiring diagram - base version

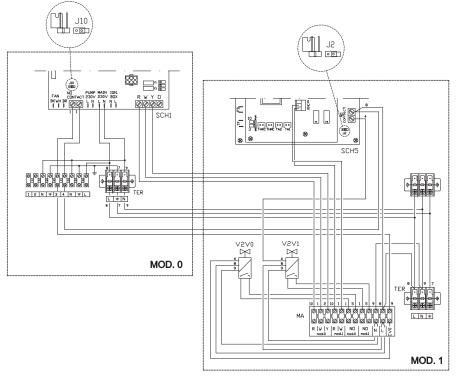


MA Terminal block
MOD.0 GAHP or ACF unit
MOD.1 AY00-120 unit
SCH1 Controller S61

SCH5 S70+AY10 electronic boards
TER Package power supply terminal box

J2-J10 Control jumpers of system water pumps ("closed")

Figure 1.12 Gitié package wiring diagram with KIT/2 CO



MOD.0 GAHP or ACF unit
MOD.1 AY00-120 unit
SCH1 Controller S61
SCH5 S70+AY10 electronic boards

TER Package power supply terminal box

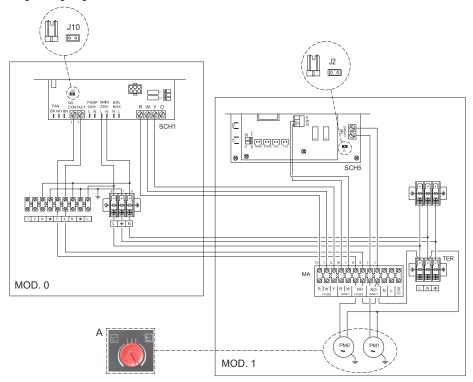
J2-J10 Control jumpers of system water pump ("open")

MA Terminal block

V2V0-V2V1 Motorised valves



Figure 1.13 Gitié package wiring diagram with KIT/2 C1 or with KIT/4 C1



MOD.0 GAHP or ACF unit MOD.1 AY00-120 unit

SCH1 Controller S61 SCH5 S70+AY10 electronic boards

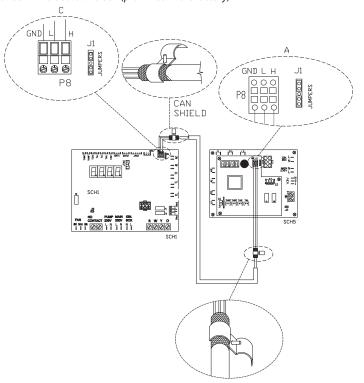
TER Package power supply terminal box

J2-J10 Control jumpers of system water pumps ("closed")

MA Terminal block PM0-PM1System water pumps

A Position of pumps flow rate adjustment screw

**Figure 1.14** *CAN connection between AY10 board and S61 (pre-wired in the factory)* 



SCH5 S70+AY10 electronic boards

SCH1 Controller S61

J1 Jumpers CAN-BUS on AY10 board and S61 board

A Terminal node connection - (3 wires; J1 jumpers = "closed")
C Terminal node connection - (3 wires; J1 jumpers = "closed")

H,L,GND Data signal wires (ref. cables table)

# 1.5 ELECTRONIC BOARDS

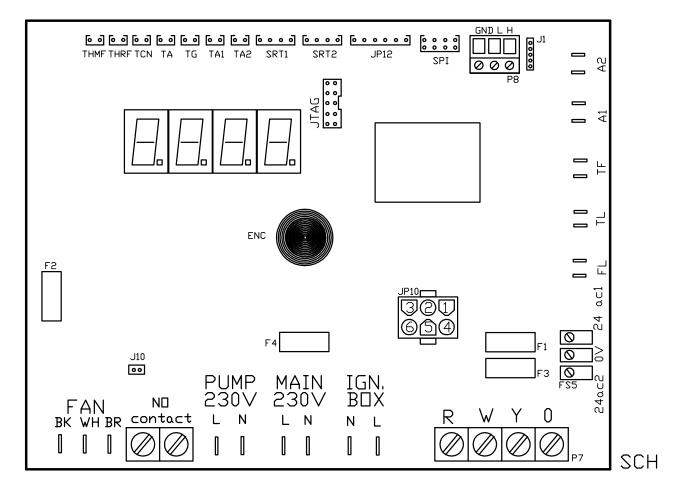
# GA-ACF unit electronic board (S61)

GA ACF unit electrical panel contains:

► Electronic board S61 (Figure 1.15 p. 18), with

microprocessor, it controls the appliance and displays data, messages and operative codes. The appliance is monitored and programmed by interacting with the display and the knob.

**Figure 1.15** *Electronic board S61* 



SCH THMF	S61 controller Water delivery temperature probe input	P8 (GND, L, H) J1 CAN bus	CAN bus connector s Jumper	N.O. Co	ntact Circuit water circulation pump controller terminals
THRF	Water return temperature probe input		tions for actuator's limit switches	J10	Circuit water circulation pump controller
TCN	Condenser outlet temperature probe input	TF Not used			jumper
TA	Ambient air temperature probe input		or limit thermostat input	FAN	(BK, WH, BR) Fan output
TG	Generator temperature probe input		ow switch input	JTAG	S61 board programming connector
TA1	Evaporator output temperature probe input	FS5 Board su	ıpply input 24 Vac	ENC	Knob
TA2	Not used	P7 (R, W, Y, O)	Operation request inputs	JP10	6-pole flame controller connector
SRT1	Oil pump rotation sensor input	IGN.BOX (L, N)	Flame control unit supply input	F1	T 2A fuse
SRT2	Not used		230 Vac	F2	T 10A fuse
JP12	Generator fins temperature probe input	MAIN 230V (L,N)	Board supply input 230 Vac	F3	T 2A fuse
SPI	Not used	PUMP 230V (L, N)	Oil hydraulic pump supply output	F4	T 3,15A fuse

# AY00-120 Unit electronic boards (S70+AY10)

In the electrical panel on the AY00-120 unit there are:

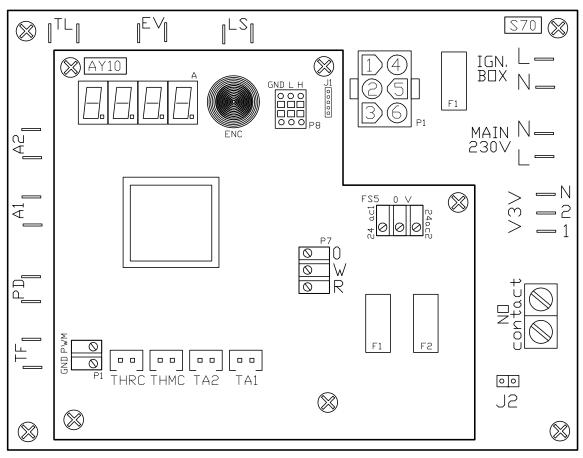
► **AY10 electronic board** (Figure 1.16 *p. 19*), with microprocessor, it controls the appliance and displays data, messages

and operative codes. The appliance is monitored and programmed by interacting with the display and the knob.

► **S70 auxiliary electronic board** (Figure 1.16 *p. 19*).



Figure 1.16 AY10+S70 electronic boards



TL Limit thermostat connector

FNC

EV Gas solenoid valve connector Gas valve ON signal lamp connector LS P1 6 pole flame controller connector TF Exhausted gas thermostat connector System water differential pressure switch PD

Auxiliary inputs A1, A2

System water circulator jumper 12

N.O. CONTACT System water circulating pump control terminals (max 700 W)

V3V (1-2-N) Appliance circulation pump connecting terminals MAIN 230V (L, N) Board power supply 230 Vac

Flame controller power supply 230 Vac IGN.BOX (L, N)

Connector for blower drive

THRC Return hot water temperature connector THMC Delivery hot water temperature connector TA2-TA1 Auxiliary temperature probes connector

11 CAN bus Jumper

P8 (GND, L, H) CAN bus connector P7 (R, W, 0) Enable input

Board supply connector

F1-F2 Fuses

FS5

#### **CONTROLS** 1.6

# **Control device**

The appliance may only work if it is connected to a control device, selected from:

- ► (1) pre-configured DDC control
- ► (2) external enables

# Control system (1) with pre-configured DDC control

The main functions are:

- ► Adjustment and control of the GAHP/GA unit and AY00-120 unit in cascade (ON/OFF mode).
- Data display and parameters setting.
- Hourly programming.
- Climatic curve control.
- Diagnostics.
- Errors reset.
- Possibility to interface with a BMS.

DDC functionality may be extended with auxiliary Robur devices

RB100 and RB200 (e.g. service requests, DHW production, Third Party generator control, probe control, system valves or circulation pumps, ...).

## **1.6.2** Adjustment system (2) with external enables

The appliance may also be controlled via generic enable devices (e.g. thermostats, timers, buttons, contactors...) fitted with voltage-free NO contacts. This system only provides elementary control (on/off, with fixed setpoint temperature), without the important functions of system (1). Control of the cascade between GAHP/GA and AY00-120 is left to the user.



For connection of the selected device to the appliance's electronic board please refer to Paragraph 4.4 p. 29.

#### 1.7 **TECHNICAL DATA**

# **ACAY Integrated package technical data**

 Table 1.2 Gitié ACAY technical data

			ACAY/4 CO	ACAY/4 C1	ACAY/2 CO	ACAY/2 C1	ACAY/4 COS	ACAY/4 C1 S	ACAY/2 COS	ACAY/2 C1 S	
Heating mode											
Heat input	nominal (1013 mbar - 15 °C) (1)	kW				34	.,9				
Ambient air tempera-	maximum	°C				4	5				
ture (dry bulb)	minimum	°C				-2	.0				
	maximum	l/h				32	00				
Heating water flow	nominal	l/h		2950							
minimum		l/h				15	00				
Pressure loss at nominal	version /4 C0 AY120	bar	0,40		-		0,40		-		
flow rate	version /2 CO	bar		-	0,56		-		0,56	-	
Residual pressure head	version /4 C1 AY120	bar	-	0,60		-		0,60		-	
at nominal flow rate	version /2 C1	bar		-		0,52		-		0,52	
Operation in cooling mod	e										
Heat input	nominal (1013 mbar - 15 °C)	kW				25	,3				
•	real	kW				25	,0				
External air temper-	maximum	°C				4	5				
ature	minimum	°C				(	)				
	maximum	l/h				35	00				
Water flow rate	nominal	l/h	2770								
	minimum	l/h				25	00				
Pressure loss at nominal	version /4 CO ACF	bar	0,29		-		0,29		-		
flow rate	version /2 CO	bar		-	0,56		-		0,56	-	
Residual pressure head	version /4 C1 ACF	bar	-	0,68		-		0,68		-	
at nominal flow rate	version /2 C1	bar		-		0,52		-		0,52	
Electrical specifications											
	voltage	V				23	30				
Power supply	type	-				single-	phase				
	frequency	Hz				5	0				
Electrical power absorption	nominal	kW	1,00 (2)	1,38 (2)	1,00 (2)	1,38 (2)	1,05 (2)	1,43 (2)	1,05 (2)	1,43 (2)	
Degree of protection	IP	-				X5	D .				
Installation data											
	G20 (maximum)	m³/h				6,4	(3)				
Gas consumption	G25 (maximum)	m³/h				7,5	(4)				
das consumption	G30 (maximum)	kg/h				4,7	(5)				
	G30 (maximum)	kg/h				4,70	(5)				
Water fitting	delivery/inlet	"F	1.1	1/4	1 '	1/2	1 1	1/4	1.	1/2	
Gas connection	thread	"M				3/	<b>'</b> 4				
	width	mm				13	56				
Dimensions	depth	mm				12	60				
	height	mm				16	30				
Weight	in operation	kg	440	465	440	465	460	485	460	485	
sound power L <sub>w</sub> (max)		dB(A)		82,	l (6)			76,	1 (6)		
sound pressure L <sub>p</sub> at 5 me	etres (max)	dB(A)		60,	l (7)			54,	1 (7)		
minimum storage tempe		°C	-30								
maximum water pressure		bar	4,0								
later content inside the appliance 6						6	)				



<sup>(1)</sup> Relative to NCV (net calorific value).
(2) ±10% depending on power voltage and absorption tolerance of electric motors.
(3) PCI (G20) 34,02 MJ/m³ (15 °C - 1013 mbar).
(4) PCI (G25) 29,25 MJ/m³ (15 °C - 1013 mbar).
(5) PCI (G30/G31) 46,34 MJ/kg (15 °C - 1013 mbar).
(6) Sound power values detected in compliance with the intensity measurement methodology set forth by standard EN ISO 9614.
(7) Maximum sound pressure levels in free field, with directionality factor 2.

# 1.7.2 GA ACF unit technical data

 Table 1.3 GA ACF unit technical data

			ACF 60-00
Operation in cooling mode			
Onevating point A25W7	cooling output	kW	17,72 (1)
Operating point A35W7	G.U.E. gas usage efficiency	%	71
Heat input	nominal (1013 mbar - 15 °C)	kW	25,3
пеаспірис	real	kW	25,0
Cold water temperature (inlet)	maximum	°C	45
cold water temperature (innet)	minimum	°C	8
Installation data			
NO <sub>x</sub> emission class		-	4
NO <sub>x</sub> emission		ppm	56,0
CO emission		ppm	17,0
General information			
Cooling fluid	ammonia R717	kg	6,8
Cooling Iluiu	water H₂O	kg	10,0
maximum pressure of the cooling cir	rcuit	bar	32
PED data			
	generator	1	18,6
	leveling chamber		11,5
Components under pression	evaporator		3,7
	cooling absorber solution		6,3
	solution pump	I	3,3
test pressure (in air)		bar g	55
filling ratio		kg of NH₃/I	0,157
fluid group		-	1°

<sup>(1)</sup> As per standard EN12309.

# 1.7.3 AY00-120 Unit technical data

Table 1.4 AY00-120 technical data

				AY00-120
Heating mode				
	Nominal heat input	effective power	kW	34,4
Operating point 80/60	Minimal heat input	efficiency	%	97,3
	Nominal heat input	efficiency	%	98,6
	Mean heat input	efficiency	%	98,3
Operating point 70/50	Nominal heat input	efficiency	%	100,6
Operating point 50/30	Nominal heat input	efficiency	%	104,6
Operating point Tr = 30 °C	Heat input 30%	efficiency	%	107,5
Operating point Tr = 47 °C	Heat input 30%	efficiency	%	100,3
	nominal (1013 mbar - 15	°C) (1)	kW	34,9
Heat input	average		kW	21,5
	minimum (1)		kW	8,0
	maximum		°C	80
Hot water delivery temperature	minimum		°C	25
	nominal		°C	60
	maximum		°C	70
Hot water return temperature	minimum		°C	20
	nominal		°C	50
efficiency class		***		
	to casing in operation		kW	0,15
	to casing in operation		%	0,44
Heat losses	to flue in operation		kW	0,86
neat iosses	to flue in operation		%	2,54
	with burner off		kW	0,058
	with burner off		%	0,17
Installation data				
NO <sub>x</sub> emission class			-	5
NO <sub>x</sub> emission			ppm	19,5
CO emission			ppm	8,4
maximum flow flue condensate			l/h	5,5

<sup>(1)</sup> Relative to NCV (net calorific value).

			AY00-120
Flue was substant	diameter (Ø)	mm	80
Flue gas exhaust	residual head	Pa	100
type of installation		-	B32P, B33, B35P, C13, C33, C34, C53, C63, C83

<sup>(1)</sup> Relative to NCV (net calorific value).

# 2 TRANSPORT AND POSITIONING

# 2.1 WARNINGS



# Damage from transport or installation

The manufacturer shall not be liable for any damage during appliance transport and installation.



#### **On-site inspection**

- Upon arrival at the site, ensure there is no transport damage on packing, metal panels or finned coil.
- After removing the packing materials, ensure the appliance is intact and complete.



# **Packing**

- Only remove the packing after placing the appliance on site.
- Do not leave parts of the packing within the reach of children (plastic, polystyrene, nails...) since they are potentially dangerous.



# Weight

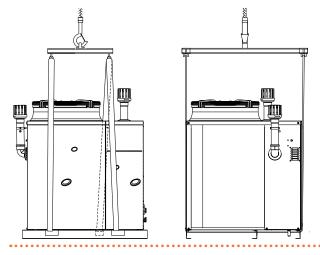
- The crane and lifting equipment must be suitable for the load
- Do not stand under suspended loads.

# 2.2 HANDLING

# Handling and lifting

- Always handle the appliance in its packing, as delivered by the factory.
- ➤ To lift the appliance use straps or slings inserted in the holes of the base (Figure 2.1 *p. 22*).
- ► Use lifting beams to avoid damaging the outer panels and finned coil (Figure 2.1 p. 22).
- ► Comply with safety regulations at the installation site.

Figure 2.1 Instruction for lifting





In the event of handling with forklift or pallet truck, comply with the handling instructions shown on the packing.

# 2.3 APPLIANCE POSITIONING



# Do not install inside a room

The appliance is type-approved for external installation.

- Do not install inside a room, not even if it has openings.
- In no event start the appliance inside a room.



# **ACAY unit ventilation**

- The aerothermic appliance requires a large space, ventilated and free from obstacles, to enable smooth flow of air to the finned coil and free air outlet above the mouth of the fan, with no air recirculation.
- Incorrect ventilation may affect efficiency and cause damage to the appliance.
- The manufacturer shall not be liable for any incorrect choices of the place and setting of installation.

# Where to install the appliance

- ► The appliance may be installed at ground level, on a terrace or on a roof, compatibly with its dimensions and weight.
- It must be installed outside buildings, in an area of natural air circulation, outside the dripping path of drainpipes or similar. It does not require protection from weathering.
- ➤ No obstruction or overhanging structure (e.g. protruding roofs, canopies, balconies, ledges, trees) shall interfere either with the air flowing from the top of the appliance or with the exhaust flue gas.



- ➤ The appliance's flue gas exhaust must not be immediately close to openings or air intakes of buildings, and must comply with environmental regulations.
- Do not install near the exhaust of flues, chimneys or hot polluted air. In order to work correctly, the appliance needs clean air.

#### **Acoustic issues**

▶ Pre-emptively assess the appliance's sound effect in connection to the site, taking into account that building corners, enclosed courtyards, restricted spaces may amplify the acoustic impact due to the reverberation phenomenon.

# 2.4 MINIMUM CLEARANCE DISTANCES

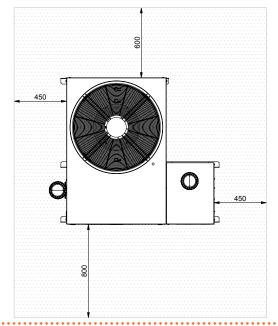
#### Distances from combustible or flammable materials

Keep the appliance away from combustible or flammable materials or components, in compliance with applicable regulations.

# Clearances around the appliance

The minimum clearance distances shown in Figure 2.2 *p. 23* (bar any stricter regulations) are required for safety, operation and maintenance.

Figure 2.2 Clearances



#### 2.5 MOUNTING BASE

#### Mounting base constructive features

► Place the appliance on a level flat surface made of fireproof material and able to withstand its weight.

# (1) - installation at ground level

► Failing a horizontal supporting base, make a flat and level concrete base, at least 100-150 mm larger than the appliance size per side.

# (2) - installation on terrace or roof

- ► The structure of the building must support the total weight of the appliance and the supporting base.
- If necessary, provide a maintenance walkway around the appliance.

#### **Anti vibration mountings**

Although the appliance's vibrations are minimal, resonance phenomena might occur in roof or terrace installations.

- ▶ Use anti-vibration mountings.
- ► Also provide anti-vibration joints between the appliance and water and gas pipes.

# 3 HEATING ENGINEER

## 3.1 WARNINGS



# **General warnings**



Read the warnings in Chapter III.1 p. 4, providing important information on regulations and on safety.



**Compliance with installation standards** 

Installation must comply with applicable regulations in force, based on the installation Country and site, in matters of safety, design, implementation and maintenance of:

- heating systems
- cooling systems
- gas systems
- flue gas exhaust
- flue gas condensate discharge



Installation must also comply with the manufacturer's provisions.

# 3.2 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

## Primary and secondary circuit

► In many cases it is advisable to divide the hydraulic system into two parts, primary and secondary circuit, uncoupled by a hydraulic separator, or possibly by a tank that also acts as inertial tank/buffer.

#### Minimum water content

High thermal inertia is conducive to efficient appliance operation. Very short ON/OFF cycles are to be avoided.

► If necessary, provide for an <u>inertial volume</u>, to be suitably sized (see design manual).

# 3.3 HYDRAULIC CONNECTIONS

#### 4-pipe version hydraulic connections

on the right, at the bottom, connection plate (Figure 1.4 p. 9).

- ► A (= out) 1 1/4"F WATER OUTLET AY00-120 (m = AY00-120 delivery to the system)
- ► B (= in) 1 1/4"F WATER INLET AY00-120 (r = AY00-120 return from the system)
- ► E (= out) 1 1/4"F GAHP/GA WATER OUTLET (m = GAHP/GA delivery to the system)
- ► F (= in) 1 1/4"F GAHP/GA WATER INLET (r = GAHP/GA return from the system)

# 2-pipe version hydraulic connections

on the right, at the bottom, connection plate (Figure 1.3 p. 9).

- ► A (= out) 1 1/2"F WATER OUTLET (m = outlet to the system);
- ► B (= in) 1 1/2"F WATER INLET (r = return from the system)

# Hydraulic pipes, materials and features

► Use pipes for heating/cooling systems, protected from weathering, insulated for thermal dispersion.



#### Pipe cleaning

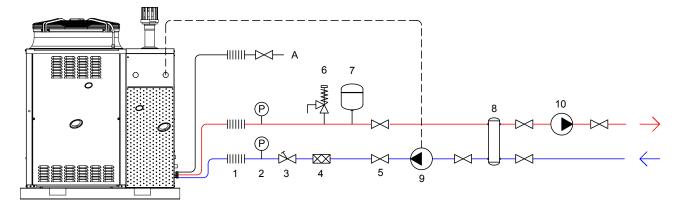
■ Before connecting the appliance, accurately wash the water and gas piping and any other system component, removing any residue.

# Minimum components of the primary hydraulic circuit (2-pipe version or each of the two circuits GAHP-GA/AY00-120 of the 4-pipe versions)

Always provide, near the appliance:

- ▶ on water piping, both output and input
  - 2 antivibration joints on water fittings
  - 2 pressure gauges
  - 2 isolation ball valves
  - on the inlet water piping
    - 1 water circulation pump, towards the appliance (for the C0 version - without circulation pumps)
    - 1 separator filter
    - 1 flow regulation valve (for the C0 version without ciculation pumps, and only if the circulation pump is constant flow)
- on the output water piping
  - 1 safety valve (3 bar)
  - 1 expansion tank of the individual unit

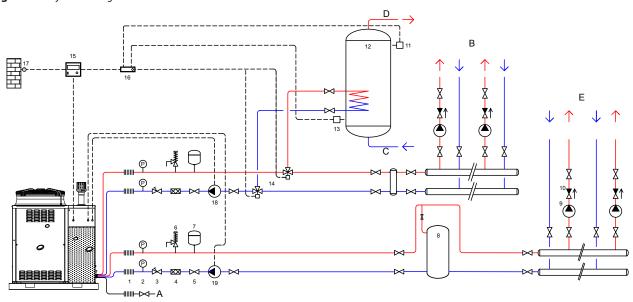
**Figure 3.1** *Hydraulic diagram Gitié ACAY /2 C0* 



- 1 Anti-vibration connection
- 2 Pressure gauge
- 3 Flow regulator valve
- 4 Water filter
- 5 Shut-off valves
- 6 3 bar safety valve

- 7 Expansion tank
- 8 Hydraulic separator / buffer tank
- Outdoor water pump (primary circuit)
- 10 Water pump (secondary circuit)
- A Gas connection

Figure 3.2 Hydraulic diagram Gitié ACAY /4 CO ACS



- 1 Anti-vibration connection
- 2 Pressure gauge
- 3 Flow regulator valve
- 4 Water filter
- 5 Shut-off valves
- 6 3 bar safety valve
- <sup>7</sup> Expansion tank
- 8 Buffer tank (and hydraulic separator)
- Water pump (secondary circuit)

- 10 Check valve
- 11 Thermostat with adjustable differential for DHW
- 12 DHW accumulation tank
- 13 Thermostat with adjustable differential for Legionella function
- 14 3-way diverter valves for DHW
- 15 DDC
- 16 RB100
- 17 Outdoor temperature probe

- 18 Outdoor water pump (boiler primary circuit)
- 19 Outdoor water pump (GAHP/GA primary circuit)
- A Gas connection
- B Space heating system
- C Water mains
- D DHW
- E Conditioning plant

# 3.4 WATER CIRCULATION PUMPS

# **3.4.1** Versions C0

Circulation pumps (flows and heads) must be selected and installed based on pressure losses of hydraulic circuits (piping + components + exchange terminals + appliance).

For the appliance pressure losses refer to Table 1.2 *p. 20* and Design Manual.

Circulation pumps will be controlled at constant flow.



For pump sizing in the version KIT/2 CO also consider the alternate operation case.

For electrical connections of the pumps refer to Paragraph 4.5 p. 31.

# **3.4.2** Versions C1

Water circulation pumps are supplied on the appliance. For available water flow and residual head features refer to Table 1.2 p. 20 and Design Manual.

#### 3.5 ANTIFREEZE FUNCTION

# Active antifreeze self-protection

The appliance is equipped with an active antifreeze self-protection system to prevent freezing. The antifreeze function, if activated, automatically starts primary circulation pumps and, if required, the burner too (ONLY for the AY00-120 unit), when the outside temperature approaches zero.

The active antifreeze self-protection is only effective if the power and gas supplies are assured. Otherwise, antifreeze liquid might be required.

# 3.6 ANTIFREEZE LIQUID



# **Precautions with glycol**

The manufacturer disclaims any liability for any damage caused by improper glycol use.

- Always check product suitability and its expiry date with the glycol supplier. Periodically check the product's preservation state.
- Do not use car-grade antifreeze liquid (without inhibitors), nor zinc-coated piping and fittings (incompatible with glycol).
- Glycol modifies the physical properties of water (density, viscosity, specific heat...). Size the piping, circulation pump and thermal generators accordingly.
- With automatic system water filling, a periodic check of the glycol content is required.



# With high glycol percentage (> 20...30%)

If the glycol percentage is  $\geq$ 30% (for ethylene glycol) or  $\geq$ 20% (for propylene glycol) the TAC must be alerted before first start-up.



When producing DHW by DHW buffer tank, use propylene glycol only.



**Electrical and gas continuity** 

# Type of antifreeze glycol

► **Inhibited type glycol** is recommended to prevent oxidation phenomena.

**Table 3.1** *Technical data for filling the hydraulic circuit* 

# **Glycol effects**

The Table 3.1 *p. 26* shows, indicatively, the effects of using a glycol depending on its %.

Glycol %	Water-glycol mixture freezing temper- ature	Percentage of increase in pressure drops	Loss of efficiency of unit
10	-3 ℃	-	-
15	-5 °C	6,0%	0,5%
20	-8 ℃	8,0%	1,0%
25	-12 °C	10,0%	2,0%
30	-15 ℃	12,0%	2,5%
35	-20 °C	14,0%	3,0%
40	-25 ℃	16,0%	4,0%

# 3.7 SYSTEM WATER QUALITY



# Responsibility of the user/operator/installer

The installer, operator and user must assure system water quality (Table 3.2 *p. 26*). Failure to comply with the manufacturer's guidelines may affect operation, integrity and life of the appliance, voiding the warranty.

#### System water characteristics

Free chlorine or water hardness may damage the appliance. Adhere to the chemical-physical parameters in Table 3.2 p. 26 and the regulations on water treatment for residential and industrial heating systems.

**Table 3.2** Chemical and physical parameters of water

Chemical and physical parameters of water in heating/cooling systems						
Parameter	Measurement unit	Required value				
рН	/	> 7 (1)				
Chlorides	mg/l	< 125 (2)				
Total banda ass (CaCO )	°f	< 15				
Total hardness (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	°d	< 8,4				
Iron	mg/kg	< 0,5 (3)				
Copper	mg/kg	< 0,1 (3)				
Aluminium	mg/l	< 1				
Langelier's index	/	0-0,4				
Harmful substances						
Free chlorine	mg/l	< 0,2 (3)				
Fluorides	mg/l	< 1				
Sulphides		ABSENT				

- With aluminium or light alloys radiators, pH must also be lower than 8 (in compliance with applicable rules)
   Value referred to the maximum water temperature of 80 °C
- 3 In compliance with applicable rules

#### Water topping up

The chemical-physical properties of the system's water may alter over time, resulting in poor operation or excessive topping up.

- ► Ensure there are no leaks in the installation.
- Periodically check the chemical-physical parameters of the water, particularly in case of automatic topping up.



# Chemical conditioning and washing

Water treatment/conditioning or system washing carried out carelessly may result in risks for the appliance, the system, the environment and health.

- Contact specialised firms or professionals for water treatment or system washing.
- Check compatibility of treatment or washing products

with operating conditions.

- Do not use aggressive substances for stainless steel or copper.
- Do not leave washing residues.

# 3.8 SYSTEM FILLING



#### How to fill up the system

After completing all water, electrical and gas connections:

- 1. Pressurise (at least 1,5 bar) and vent the hydraulic circuit.
- **2.** Let water flow (with appliance off).
- 3. Check and clean the filter on the inlet pipe.
- Repeat items 1, 2 and 3 until the pressure has stabilised (at least 1,5 bar).

# 3.9 FUEL GAS SUPPLY

#### **Gas connection**

➤ 3/4 "M

on the right, at the bottom, connection plate (Figure 1.5 p. 10).

 Install an anti-vibration connection between the appliance and the gas piping.

# Mandatory shut-off valve

- Provide a gas shut-off valve (manual) on the gas supply line, next to the appliance, to isolate it when required.
- Perform connection in compliance with applicable regulations.

# Gas pipes sizing

The gas pipes must not cause excessive pressure drops and, consequently, insufficient gas pressure for the appliance.

#### Supply gas pressure



This appliance is equipped for a maximum gas supply pressure of 50 mbar.

The appliance's gas supply pressure, both static and dynamic, must comply with Table 3.3  $p.\,27$ , with tolerance  $\pm$  15%.



Non compliant gas pressure (Table 3.3 *p. 27*) may damage the appliance and be hazardous.



Heating engineer

**Table 3.3** Network gas pressure

		Gas supply pressure							
Product category	Countries of destination	<b>G20</b> [mbar]	<b>G25</b> [mbar]	<b>G30</b> [mbar]	<b>G31</b> [mbar]	<b>G25.1</b> [mbar]	<b>G25.3</b> [mbar]	<b>G27</b> [mbar]	<b>G2,350</b> [mbar]
II <sub>2H3B/P</sub>	AL, BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FI, GR, HR, IT, LT, MK, NO, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR	20		30	30				
	AT, CH	20		50	50				
	BG, CH, CZ, ES, GB, HR, IE, IT, LT, MK, PT, SI, SK, TR	20			37				
II <sub>2H3P</sub>	RO	20			30				
	AT	20			50				
II <sub>2ELL3B/P</sub>	DE	20	20	50	50				
II <sub>2Esi3P</sub> ; II <sub>2Er3P</sub>	FR	20	25		37				
II <sub>2HS3B/P</sub>	HU	25		30	30	25 (1) (2)			
II <sub>2E3P</sub>	LU	20			50				
II <sub>2L3B/P</sub>	NL		25	30	30				
II <sub>2EK3B/P</sub>	NL	20		30	30		25 (1) (2)		
II <sub>2E3B/P</sub>		20		37	37				
II <sub>2ELwLs3B/P</sub>	PL	20		37	37			20 (2)	13 (2)
II <sub>2ELwLs3P</sub>		20			37			20 (2)	13 (2)
I <sub>2E(S)</sub> ; I <sub>3P</sub>	BE	20	25		37				
I <sub>3P</sub>	IS				30				
I <sub>2H</sub>	LV	20							
I <sub>3B/P</sub>	MT			30	30				
I <sub>3B</sub>	IVII			30					

- (1) GAHP-AR not approved for G25.1, G25.3 gases.
- (2) GA ACF not approved for G25.1, G27, G2.350, G25.3 gases.

# Vertical pipes and condensate

- ► Vertical gas pipes must be fitted with siphon and discharge of the condensate that may form inside the pipe.
- ► If necessary, insulate the piping.

# LPG pressure reducers

With LPG the following must be installed:

- ► A first stage pressure reducer, close to the liquid gas tank.
- ► A second stage pressure reducer, close to the appliance.

# 3.10 AY00-120 UNIT COMBUSTION PRODUCTS EXHAUST



# **Compliance with standards**

The appliance is approved for connection to a combustion products exhaust duct for the types shown in Table 1.4 p. 21.

# Flue gas exhaust connection

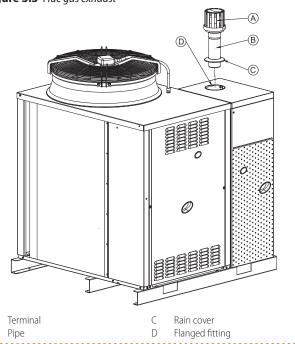
▶ Ø 80 mm (with gasket), at the top (Figure 3.3 p. 27).

# Flue gas exhaust kit

The appliance is supplied with flue gas exhaust kit, to be fitted by the installer, including (Figure 3.3 p. 27):

- 1 terminal
- ▶ 1 extension pipe Ø 80 mm, length 209 mm
- ► 1 rain cover

Figure 3.3 Flue gas exhaust





# How to install the flue gas kit

Figure 3.3 *p. 27*:

- **1.** Fit the terminal (A) onto the pipe (B).
- **2.** Fit the rain cover (C) onto the pipe (B).
- $\textbf{3.} \ \ \text{Remove the protection cover located on the upper panel}.$
- **4.** Fit the rain cover/pipe/terminal assembly onto the flanged fitting (D) and place the rain cover.



The cap prevents water and foreign bodies entering the appliance before the fumes kit is installed. The cap should thus be removed only when the kit itself has been fully assembled and installed.

#### 3.10.1 Possible flue

If necessary, the appliance may be connected to a flue.

- ► To size the flue refer to Table 1.4 p. 21 and design manual.
- ► If several appliances are connected to a single flue, it is obligatory to install a check valve on the exhaust of each.
- ► The flue must be designed, sized, tested and constructed by a skilled firm, with materials and components complying with the regulations in force in the country of installation.
- Always provide a socket for flue gas analysis, in an accessible position.

# 3.11 AY00-120 UNIT FLUE GAS CONDENSATE DISCHARGE

The AY00-120 unit is a condensing boiler which therefore produces condensation water from combustion fumes.



#### Condensate acidity and exhaust regulations

The flue gas condensate contains aggressive acid substances. Refer to applicable regulations in force for condensate exhaust and disposal.

 If required, install an acidity neutraliser of adequate capacity.



Do not use gutters to discharge the condensate.

Do not discharge the fume condensate in gutters, due to the risk of materials corrosion and ice formation.

# AY00-120 Unit flue gas condensate fitting

The connection for flue gas condensate discharge is located on the right side of the appliance at the connection plate (Figure 1.3 *p. 9* and Figure 1.4 *p. 9*).

- ► The condensate discharge pipe must be connected to a suitable discharge manifold.
- The junction between the pipe and the manifold must remain visible.
- ► The connection of the discharge to the sewerage system must be made at atmospheric pressure, i.e. by dripping into a siphoned container connected to the sewerage system.

# Flue gas condensate discharge manifold

To make the condensate discharge manifold:

- ➤ Size the ducts for maximum condensation capacity (Table 1.4 p. 21).
- ▶ Use plastic materials resistant to acidity pH 3-5.
- ► Provide for min. 1% slope, i.e. 1 cm for each m of the length (otherwise a booster pump is required).
- ► Prevent freezing.
- Dilute, if possible, with domestic waste water (e.g. bathrooms, washing machines, dish washers...), basic and neutralising.

# 4 ELECTRICAL INSTALLER

# 4.1 WARNINGS



#### **General warnings**

Read the warnings in Chapter III.1 p. 4, providing important information on regulations and on safety.



# Compliance with installation standards

Installation must comply with applicable regulations in force, based on the installation Country and site, in matters of safety, design, implementation and maintenance of electrical systems.



Installation must also comply with the manufacturer's provisions.



#### Live components

 After placing the appliance in the final position, and prior to making electrical connections, ensure not to work on live components.



#### **Earthing**

- The appliance must be connected to an effective earthing system, installed in compliance with regulations in force.
- It is forbidden to use gas pipes as earthing.



# Cable segregation

Keep power cables physically separate from signal ones.



# Do not use the power supply switch to turn the appliance on/off

- Never use the external isolation switch (GS) to turn the appliance on and off, since it may be damaged in the long run (occasional blackouts are tolerated).
- To turn the appliance on and off, exclusively use the suitably provided control device (DDC or external request).



# Control of water circulation pump

The water circulation pumps of the hydraulic circuit must mandatorily be controlled by the unit's electronic boards. It is not admissible to start/stop circulating pumps with no enable from the appliance.

# 4.2 ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Electrical connections must provide:

- ▶ power supply (Paragraph 4.3 p. 29)
- control system (Paragraph 4.4 p. 29)



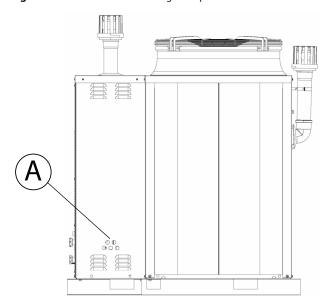
#### How to make connections

All electrical connections must be made in the appliance's electrical panel (Figure 1.7 p. 12):

- 1. Ensure the appliance's electrical panel is not live.
- 2. Remove the front panel of the appliance and the cover of the electrical panel.
- Run the cables through the suitable holes in the connection plate (Figure 4.1 p. 29).
- Run the cables through the suitable cable glands in the electrical panel.
- 5. Identify the appropriate connection terminals.
- **6.** Make the connections.
- 7. Close the electrical panel and fit the front panel back on.



Figure 4.1 Electrical cables routing holes position



A Electrical cables routing holes

# 4.3 ELECTRICAL POWER SUPPLY

# Power supply line

Provide (by the installer) a protected single phase line (230 V 1-N 50 Hz) with:

- ► 1 three-pole cable type FG7(O)R 3Gx1,5
- 1 two-pole switch with 2 T fuses (8 A type), (GS) or 1 10 A magnetothermic breaker.



The switches must also provide disconnector capability, with min contact opening 4 mm.

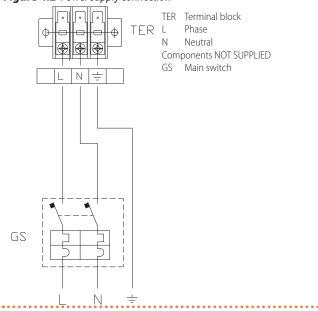


# How to connect the power supply

To connect the three-pole power supply cable (Figure 4.2 p. 29):

- 1. Access the electrical board of the appliance according to the Procedure 4.2 p. 28.
- **2.** Connect the three lead-in wires to the terminal block (TER) in the electrical panel on the machine.
- **3.** Provide the earth lead-in wire longer than live ones (last to be torn in the event of accidental pulling).

**Figure 4.2** Power supply connection



# 4.4 ADJUSTMENT AND CONTROL

# Control systems, options (1) (2)

Two separate adjustment systems are provided, each with specific features, components and diagrams (see Paragraph 1.6 *p. 19*):

- ► System (1), with **DDC control** (with CAN bus connection).
- System (2), with external enables.

# 4.4.1 Control with DDC

# **CAN bus communication network**

The CAN bus communication network, implemented with the cable of the same name, makes it possible to connect and remotely control one or more Robur appliances with the DDC control device.

It entails a certain number of serial nodes, distinguished in:

- ► Intermediate nodes, in variable number.
- ► Terminal nodes, always and only two (beginning and end). Each component of the Robur system, appliance (GAHP, GA, AY, ...) or control device (DDC, RB100, RB200, CCI, ...), corresponds to a node, connected to two more elements (if it is an intermediate node) or to just one other element (if it is a terminal node) through two/one CAN bus cable section/s, forming an open linear communication network (never star or loop-shaped).

## CAN bus signal cable

The DDC or CCP/CCI controllers are connected to the appliance through the CAN bus signal cable, shielded, compliant to Table 4.1 p. 30 (admissible types and maximum distances).

For lengths ≤200 m and max 4 nodes (e.g. 1 DDC + 1 Gitié), a simple 3x0,75 mm<sup>2</sup> shielded cable may even be used.

Table 4.1 CAN bus cables type

CABLE NAME	SIGNALS / COLOR			MAX LENGTH	Note
Robur		Ordania a Cada OCVO000			
ROBUR NETBUS	H= BLACK	L= WHITE	GND= BROWN	450 m	Ordering Code OCVO008
Honeywell SDS 1620					
BELDEN 3086A	H= BLACK	L= WHITE GND= BROWN	450 00		
TURCK type 530	H= BLACK		GIND= BROWN	450 m	locall acceptable formation and development and beautiful as the
DeviceNet Mid Cable		In all cases the fourth conductor should not be			
TURCK type 5711	H= BLUE	L= WHITE	GND= BLACK	450 m	used
Honeywell SDS 2022					
TURCK type 531	H= BLACK	L= WHITE	GND= BROWN	200 m	

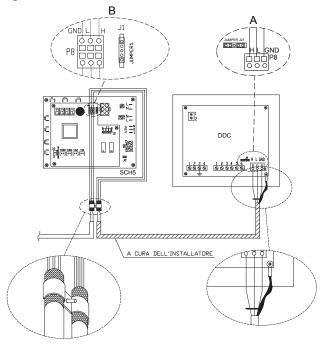


# How to connect the CAN bus cable to the appliance

To connect the CAN bus cable to the AY10 electronic board (Paragraph 1.5 *p. 18*, located in the electrical panel inside the AY00-120 unit, Figure 4.3 *p. 30*, Details A and B:

- 1. Access the electrical board of the appliance according to the Procedure 4.2 p. 28.
- 2. Connect the CAN bus cable to terminals GND, L and H (shield-ing/earthing + two signal conductors) of the AY10 board.
- 3. Place the Jumper J1, of the AY10 board, OPEN.
- Connect the DDC to the CAN bus cable to terminals GND, L and H (shielding/earthing + two signal conductors) of the DDC.
- **5.** The CAN bus connection between the AY10 board and the S61 board is pre-wired (Figure 1.14 *p. 17*).

Figure 4.3 CAN-BUS connection between Gitié and DDC



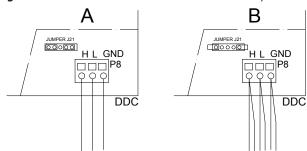
DDC Direct Digital Control
SCH5 S70+AY10 electronic boards
J1 Jumpers CAN-BUS on AY10 board
J21 Jumper CAN-BUS in board DDC

A Terminal node connection - (3 wires; J21 jumpers = "closed")
B Intermediate node connection - (3 wires; J1 jumpers = "open")

H,L,GND Data signal wires (ref. cables table)

Place the CLOSED J21 Jumpers (Detail A) if the node is terminal (one connected CAN bus cable section only), or OPEN (Detail B) if the node is intermediate (two connected CAN bus cable sections).

**Figure 4.4** Connection of the CAN bus cable to the control panel



DDC Direct Digital Control
GND Common data
L Data signal LOW
H Data signal HIGH

J21 Jumpers CAN bus on DDC board
A Detail of "terminal node" case (3 wires; J21 = jumper "closed")

B Detail of "intermediate node" case (3 wires; J21 = jumper "closed")

P8 CAN port/connector

# 4.4.2 Control with external enables



# How to connect external enables

Connection of external requests is effected on the terminal block located in the electrical panel inside the AY00-120 unit.

It is required to arrange:

► Request devices (e.g. thermostats, timers, buttons, ...) fitted with voltage-free NO contacts.

#### 4-pipe versions

In the case of a 4-pipe unit, the consents of the two units can be independent or alternate.

Should you wish the enables of the two units to be independent follow the connection diagram shown in Picture 4.5 p. 31.

Should you wish the enables of the two units to be alternative follow the connection diagram shown in Figure 4.6 p. 31.

# 2-pipe versions

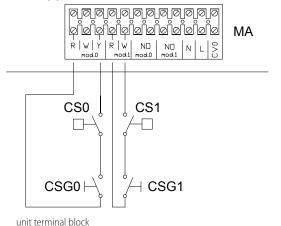
In the case of a 2-pipe unit, the consents of the two units can only be alternate.

Should you wish the enables of the two units to be alternative follow the connection diagram shown in Figure 4.6 *p. 31*.



4 Electrical installer

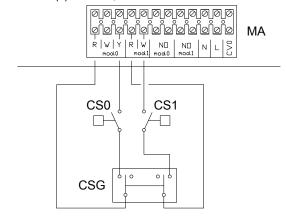
**Figure 4.5** Diagram of independent external enables connection (4-pipe versions)



# Components NOT SUPPLIED

CSG0 Cooling general request
CSG1 Heating general request
CSO GA ACF cooling request
CS1 AY00-120 heating request

**Figure 4.6** Diagram of alternated external enables connection (2 and 4-pipe versions)



MA unit terminal block

#### Components NOT SUPPLIED

CSG General request CS0 GA ACF cooling request CS1 AY00-120 heating request

# **4.5** WATER CIRCULATION PUMPS (VERSIONS C0)

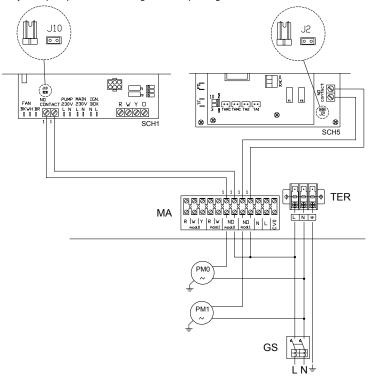


MA

System water pumps will be controlled at constant flow.

# 4-pipe versions

**Figure 4.7** System pump connection diagram Gitié package BASE version (P < 700 W)



SCH1 Controller S61

SCH5 S70+AY10 electronic boards

MA unit terminal block

J2-J10 Control jumpers of system water

pumps ("closed")

# Components NOT SUPPLIED

PM0 Water pump (P < 700 W) of GAHP or

ACF unit

PM1 Water pump (P < 700 W) of AY00-

120 unit

GS Main switch

#### Note

 Jumpers J10 and J2 must be closed if the installed pump is not a Wilo electronic pump.

Jumpers J10 and J2 must be opened if the installed pump is a Wilo electronic pump.

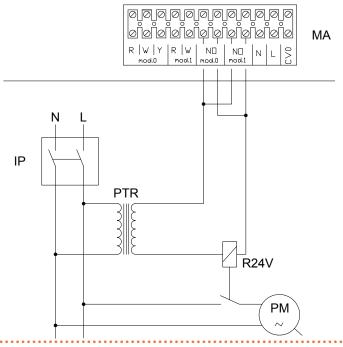
The diagram in Figure 4.7 *p. 31* is for pumps < 700 W. For pumps > 700 W it is necessary to add a control relay and arrange Jumpers J10 and J2 OPEN.

Jumpers J10 and J2 must be open if the pump is > 700 W or it is a

Wilo electronic pump, otherwise they must be closed.

#### 2-pipe versions

Figure 4.8 System pump connection diagram Gitié package 2 pipe version (KIT/2 CO)



MA unit terminal block

#### Components NOT SUPPLIED

PM water pump IP two-pole switch PTR safety transformer SELV R24V pump control relay

# **5 FIRST START-UP**



First start-up entails checking/setting up the combustion parameters and <u>may exclusively be carried out by a Robur TAC</u>. <u>NEITHER the user NOR the installation technician is authorised to perform such operations, under penalty of voiding the warranty.</u>

# **5.1** PRELIMINARY CHECKS

# Preliminary checks for First start-up

Upon completing installation, before contacting the TAC the installer must check:

- Water, electrical and gas systems suitable for the required capacities and equipped with all safety and control devices required by the regulations in force.
- ► Absence of leaks in the water and gas systems.
- ➤ Type of gas for which the appliance is designed (natural gas or LPG).
- ► Supply gas pressure complying with the values of Table 3.3 *p. 27*, with max tolerance ±15%.
- ► Correct operation of the flue exhaust duct.
- Power supply mains complying with the appliance's rating plate data.
- Appliance correctly installed, according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- System installed in a workmanlike manner, according to national and local regulations.

#### Abnormal or hazardous installation situations

Should any abnormal or hazardous installation situations be found, the TAC shall not perform first start-up and the appliance shall not be commissioned.

These situations may be:

- ► Appliance installed inside a room.
- ► Failed compliance with minimum clearances.
- ► Insufficient distance from combustible or flammable materials.
- Conditions that do not warrant access and maintenance in safety.
- ► Appliance switched on/off with the main switch, instead of the control device provided (DDC, or external request).
- Appliance defects or faults caused during transport or installation.
- ► Gas smell.
- Non-compliant mains gas pressure.
- ► Non-compliant flue gas exhaust.
- All situations that may involve operation abnormalities or are potentially hazardous.

#### Non-compliant system and corrective actions

Should the TAC find any non conformities, the user/installer is bound to perform any corrective procedures required by the TAC.

After performing the remedial actions (the installer's responsibility), if the TAC deems that safety and conformity conditions are in place, first start-up may be effected.

# 5.2 ELECTRONIC ADJUSTMENT ON THE MACHINE - MENUS AND PARAMETERS OF THE S61 BOARD AND OF THE AY10 BOARD



#### **Firmware**

The instructions on the use of the S61 electronic board concern the **firmware version 3.036**.



5

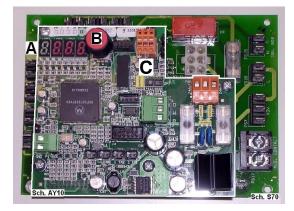
The instructions on the use of the AY10 electronic board concern the **firmware version 3.108**.

Figure 5.1 S61 electronic board on GAHP/GA unit



- A 4 digit display
- B Knob
- C CAN port

**Figure 5.2** *AY00-120 unit electronic board (AY10+S70)* 



- A 4 digit display
- B Knob
- C CAN port

#### Display

The 4-digit displays of the boards (Detail A in Figure 5.1 *p. 33* and in Figure 5.2 *p. 33*) are as follows:

- ► The **first digit** (on the left, green) indicates the menu number (e.g. "0.", "1.", "2.", ... "8.").
- ➤ The **last three digits** (on the right, red) indicate a **code** or a **value** for a parameter, among those included in the selected menu (e.g. "\_\_6" "\_20", "161").

(e.g. menu+parameter "1.\_\_6", "2.\_20", "3.161").

#### Knob

One of the following actions may be done with the board knob (Detail B in Figure 5.1 *p. 33* and in Figure 5.2 *p. 33*):

- ► Enter the menu list (by pressing the first time).
- Scroll the menu list, or a series of parameters in a menu (by turning).
- Select a menu or a parameter (by pressing).
- Modify and confirm the setting of a parameter (turning and pressing).
- Execute a command (by pressing).
- ► Exit a menu and go back to the higher level by selecting the letter "E" which is displayed at the end of the menu list or of

a series of parameters in a menu.

The letter "E" is displayed at the end of the menu list or of a series of parameters in a menu, and indicates the exit to go back to the higher level by pressing the knob.

# **Menus and Parameters**

The menus may be display only (functional data or parameters), display and setting (parameters) or control (reset).

Menu for the user (but for the installer and TAC as well)

- ► The menu "0.", display only, for functional data detected in real time.
- ► The menu "1.", display only, for current values of appliance parameters.
- Menu "2.", control, to execute flame control unit reset operations, reset errors (Paragraph 7.5 p. 36).
- Menu "3.", display and setting, to set the value of some system parameters (e.g. water setpoint temperature); the values are initialised by the TAC at first start-up.

It is accessed without password.

#### Menu for the installer or TAC (not accessible to the user)

- Menu "4.", "5.", "6." and "9." are password-protected. These are specific sections, exclusively intended for qualified personnel (installer or TAC). For information see the Service manual.
- ► Menu "7." is display only and intended for the manufacturer.
- ► Menu "8." is empty, it may be selected but not used.



#### Special key for the knob

- To access the menus and parameters of the boards, use the special standard supplied key, fastened on the gas pipe above the electrical panel. The key allows the knob to be operated through the suitable hole in the electrical panel cover, operating safely away from live components
- Always keep the key for future uses.



# How to access the menus and parameters

**Before Starting:** 

- (1) Power supply switch on.
- (2) Display of the board showing in sequence the detected water temperature data (if the appliance is in normal operation), or the flashing malfunction and failure codes (if the appliance is in failure).

To access the menus and parameters of the board, proceed as follows (see also Figure 5.1 p.~33 and Figure 5.2 p.~33).

- 1. Remove the front panel by removing the fixing screws.
- Remove the cover of the electrical panel to access the board knob.
- **3.** Act on the knob by means of the special key through the suitable hole.
- **4.** Press the knob once to display the menus: the first menu is displayed, "0." (= menu 0).
- **5.** Turn the knob clockwise to scroll down and display the other/subsequent menus; the menu numbers will be displayed in order, "1," "2,", ..., "6." ... or "E" (= exit).
- **6.** Select the menu of interest (e.g. display "2.\_\_\_" = menu 2) by pressing the knob; the first parameter code will be displayed, in menu order (e.g. display "2.\_20" = parameter 20 in menu 2).
- 7. Turn the knob clockwise to scroll down the other parameters in the menu; the codes will be displayed in order (e.g. display "2.\_20", "2.\_21", ... "2.\_25" = parameters 20, 21, ... 25 in menu 2), or letter "E" (= exit) at the end of the list
- 8. Select the parameter of interest (e.g. with code 161 in

menu 3) by pressing the knob; the figure previously assigned to the parameter will be displayed, read-only or to be set (e.g. the figure "45" for parameter 161 in menu 3 = water temperature setpoint at 45 °C); if instead of a figure/setting it is a command, a flashing code is displayed (e.g. "reS1" for the flame lock-out reset command).

- 9. Press the knob to reconfirm the figure; or rotate the knob to modify the figure, and press at the end to confirm or set the new figure; if however, it is a matter of controlling an appliance operation, press the knob to execute it.
- 10. To exit a parameter menu or the menu list and go back to the higher level, turn the knob to display the letter "E" for exit, then press the knob again.
- **11.** Place the cover back on the electrical panel opening and fit the appliance's front panel back on.

#### 5.3 MODIFYING SETTINGS



#### Modify settings via the DDC

If the device is connected to the DDC control, refer to the relevant manual to modify settings.

# How to raise/lower the water temperature setpoint

The water temperature set-point establishes the outlet temperature to the system (water output from the appliance), or inlet

from the system (water input in the appliance). The temperature is pre-set by the TAC upon first start-up.



If the appliance is not connected to a DDC control, to raise/lower the water temperature setpoint with the S61 or AY10 board, proceed as follows:

- 1. Access menu 3 under parameter "water temperature setpoint" (for heating parameter 161, for conditioning parameter 75) by rotating and pressing the knob; the display must show "3.161" or "3.\_75" (procedure Paragraph 5.2 *p. 32*).
- 2. Display the parameter value by pressing the knob; the previously set value is displayed (from 10 to 65 °C for parameter 161, from 4,5 to 25 °C for parameter 75); to reconfirm the pre-existing value press the knob again, otherwise go to step 3.
- **3.** Turn the knob to modify the value, increasing or decreasing it, and press it to set the new value.
- 4. Exit menu 3, and from the menu list, by selecting and pressing letter "E" twice, and go back to the normal display of detected temperature data.



# Do not modify complex settings

Specific technical and system knowledge is required for complex settings. Contact a TAC.

# **6 NORMAL OPERATION**



This section is for the end user.

# 6.1 WARNINGS



# **General warnings**

Prior to using the appliance <u>carefully read</u> the warnings in Chapter III.1 *p. 4*, providing important information on regulations and on safety.



# First startup by TAC

First start-up may exclusively be carried out by a Robur TAC (Chapter 5 p. 32).



# Never power the appliance off while it is running

NEVER power the appliance off while it is running (except in the event of danger, Chapter III.1 *p. 4*), since the appliance or system might be damaged.

## 6.2 SWITCH ON AND OFF



#### Routine switching on/off

The appliance may exclusively be switched on/off by means of the suitably provided control device (DDC or external enable).



# Do not switch on/off with the power supply switch

Do not switch the appliance on/off with the power

supply switch. This may be harmful and dangerous for the appliance and for the system.



# Checks before switching on

Before switching on the appliance, ensue that:

- gas valve open
- appliance electrical power supply (main switch (GS) ON)
- DDC power supply (if any)
- water circuit ready

#### How to switch on/off

- ► If the appliance is controlled by a DDC (system (1) see Paragraph 1.6 p. 19), refer to the relevant manual.
- ► If the appliance is controlled by external enables (e.g. thermostat, timer, switch, ... with clean contact NO), (system (2) see Paragraph 1.6 p. 19), the appliance is switched on/off by the ON/OFF positions of the external control devices.

After switching on with the control, in normal operating conditions, the appliance starts/stops automatically according to the user's heating/cooling needs, supplying hot or chilled water at the programmed temperature.



Although the external request is in the "ON" position, this does not mean the appliance will start immediately, but it will only start when there are actual service demands.

## **6.3** MODIFYING SETTINGS



# Modify settings via the DDC

If the device is connected to the DDC control, refer to the relevant manual to modify settings.



**7** Maintenance



#### Do not modify complex settings

Specific technical and system knowledge is required for complex settings. Contact a TAC.

# **6.4** EFFICIENCY

For increased appliance efficiency:

- ► Keep the finned coil clean.
- ► Set water temperature to the actual system requirement.
- ► Reduce repeated switch-ons to the minimum (low loads).
- ► Program appliance activation for actual periods of use.
- Keep water and air filters on plumbing and ventilation systems clean.

# 7 MAINTENANCE

# 7.1 WARNINGS



Correct maintenance prevents problems, assures efficiency and keeps running costs low.



nance operation" (see Tables 7.1 p. 35 and 7.2 p. 36) must be performed with a frequency according to current regulations or, if more restrictive, according to the provisions set forth by the manufacturer, installer or TAC.

The efficiency checks and every other "check and mainte-



Maintenance operations described herein may exclusively be performed by the TAC or skilled maintenance technician.



Responsibility for efficiency checks, to be carried out for the aims of restricting energy consumption, <u>lies with the system manager</u>.



Any operation on internal components may exclusively be performed by the TAC.



# **Environmental or operational heavy conditions**



Before performing any operation, switch off the appliance by means of the control device (DDC or external request) and wait for the end of the shutdown cycle, then disconnect power and gas supply, by acting on the electrical disconnector and gas valve.

In environmental or operational conditions particularly heavy (for example: heavy-duty use of the appliance, salty environment, etc.), maintenance and cleaning operations must be more frequent.

# 7.2 PRE-EMPTIVE MAINTENANCE

For pre-emptive maintenance, comply with the recommendations in Table 7.1 p. 35.

Table 7.1

		GAHP A	GAHP GS/WS	AY00-120	GA ACF	GAHP-AR
Guidelines for the p	preventive maintenance operations					
	visually check of the general condition of the unit and of its finned coil	√ (1)	-	-	√(1)	√(1)
	check the correct operation of the device used for monitoring the water flow	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	√
	check the % value of CO <sub>2</sub>	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
	check gas pressure to the burners	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	√
el 1 eu 1:	check that the condensate discharge is clean (If necessary, frequency of the maintenace operation must be increased)	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
Check of the unit	replace the belts after 6 years or 12000 hours of operation	√	√	-	√	√
	check/restore the pressure of the primary hydronic circuit	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
	check/restore the air pressure inside of the expansion vessel of the primary hydronic circuit	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
	replace the oil pump motor condenser every 3 years or every 10000 operating hours or whenever the condenser capacity is less than 95% of the nominal value	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	-	V	V
Check for every	check that the plant is able to achieve the setpoint temperature	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	√
DDC or CCI	download the event history	√	√	√	√	√

<sup>(1)</sup> It is suggested to clean the finned coil once every 4 years (optimal frequency of the cleaning operation is in any case strongly affected by the installation site). Avoid excessively aggressive cleaning of the finned coil (e.g. high-pressure washer).

# 7.3 SCHEDULED ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

For scheduled routine maintenance, perform the operations in Table 7.2 p. 36, at least once every 2 years.

Maintenance 7

Table 7.2

		GAHP A	GAHP GS/WS	AY00-120	GA ACF	GAHP-AR
Ordinary scheduled	maintenance					
	clean the combustion chamber	√(1)	√(1)	$\sqrt{}$	√	√(1)
	clean the burner	√(1)	√(1)	$\sqrt{}$	√	√(1)
Check of the unit	clean the ignition and flame sensor electrodes	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\checkmark$
	check that the condensate discharge is clean	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
	replace the silicone gasket between the front plate and the exchanger	-	-	V	-	-

(1) Only in case the analysis of combustion products is non-compliant.

# 7.4 MESSAGES ON THE DISPLAY

#### 4 digit display

The S61 board and the AY10 board (Figures 5.1 p. 33 and 5.2 p. 33) are fitted with a 4-digit display, visible through the sight glass of the respective front panels.

- When the appliance is powered on, all the LEDs switch on for 3 sec, then the board name is displayed.
- ► After another 15 sec, the appliance is ready to operate.

# Signals in normal operation

During normal operation, water temperature values alternate on the display: output, input and the difference between the two.

# Signals in the event of fault

In the event of fault the display blinks indicating an operational code (first letter on the display: "E" = error, or "U" = warning).

The display rotates after the values of the outlet water temperature, the inlet and the difference between them.

If multiple events are active, they are shown in sequence, ordered by increasing code number.

If warning or error events are active, the left green symbol, shown together with water temperature data, blinks.

If it is a permanent error or warning the appliance stops. (Table 8.1 p. 37 and Table 8.2 p. 39).

# 7.5 RESTARTING A LOCKED-OUT UNIT

# Fault signals on the display

In the event of locked-out appliance, an operational code flashes on the display (first green figure on the left, letter "U" = warning or "E" = error).

- ➤ To restart the appliance you must know and perform the procedure concerning the issue signalled and identified by the code (Paragraph 8.1 p. 37).
- Only act if you are familiar with the issue and with the procedure (technical expertise and professional qualifications might be required).
- If you do not know the code, the problem, or the procedure, or you do not have sufficient skills, and in any case of doubt, contact the TAC.

#### Locked-out appliance

An external intervention (reset or repair) is required due to an appliance fault or problem with the system.

- ► A reset may be enough for a temporary and provisional fault.
- For a fault or breakdown, alert the maintenance technician or TAC.

#### Reset

There are two options for resetting a fault:

(1) If the appliance is connected to a DDC you may act through

the control device, as described in the relevant manual.

(2) You may act directly from the board as described below (if the appliance is controlled with external request, this is the only option).



# How to perform reset from the S61 and AY10 boards

To perform the reset directly from the board:

- 1. Access Menu 2 under Parameter "\_20", (for AY00-120 units) or Parameter "\_\_0" (for GA ACF units) to reset flame lock-out (Error E\_12), or Parameter "\_21" (for AY00-120 units) or "\_\_1" (for GA ACF units) for any other generic reset, turning and pressing the knob; "2.\_20"/"2.\_\_21" or "2.\_\_0"/"2.\_\_1" must be displayed (procedure Paragraph 5.2 p. 32).
- Press the knob to display the flashing reset request (e.g. "reS1" to reset flame block).
- Press the knob again (the second time) to perform the reset; the reset request stops flashing, then "2.\_XX" is displayed again (e.g. "2.\_20"). The reset operation has been performed.
- **4.** Exit menu 2 and the menu list, by selecting and pressing letter "E" twice, and go back to the normal display of detected temperature data.

# 7.6 PERIODS OF INACTIVITY



# Avoid emptying the installation

Emptying the system may cause damage due to corrosion of the water pipes.



#### Deactivate the system in winter

Should you intend to stop the appliance in the winter season, ensure at least one of the following conditions:

- 1. antifreeze function active (Paragraph 3.5 p. 25)
- 2. sufficient antifreeze glycol (Paragraph 3.6 p. 25)

# Prolonged periods of inactivity

Should you foresee to leave the appliance inactive for a long period of time, disconnect it from the electrical and gas mains. These operations must be performed by qualified personnel.



# How to deactivate the appliance for long periods of time

- 1. Switch the appliance off (Paragraph 6.2 p. 34).
- **2.** Only when the appliance is completely off, power it off with the main switch/disconnector switch (Detail GS in Figure 4.2 *p. 29*).
- 3. Close the gas valve.
- 4. If necessary, add water with glycol (if the appliance is



disconnected from the power and gas mains, the active antifreeze protection is missing, Paragraph 3.5 p. 25).



# How to reactivate the appliance after long periods of inactivity

Before reactivating the appliance, the operator/maintenance technician of the system must first of all:

- Check whether any maintenance operations are required (contact the TAC; see Paragraphs 7.2 p. 35 and 7.3 p. 35).
- Check content and quality of the water in the system, and if necessary top it up (Paragraphs 3.8 p. 26, 3.7 p. 26

- and 3.6 p. 25).
- Ensure the flue gas exhaust duct is not obstructed, and that the condensate drain is clean.
   After completing the above checks:
- 1. Open the gas valve and ensure there are no leaks; should gas smell be noticed, close the gas valve again, do not switch any electrical devices on and request intervention by qualified personnel.
- **2.** Power on with the main power supply switch (GS, Figure 4.2 *p. 29*).
- **3.** Switch on the appliance by means of the provided control device (DDC or external request, Paragraph 4.4 *p. 29*).

# 8 DIAGNOSTICS

# **8.1** OPERATIVE CODES

Table 8.1 Operative codes

Code	Description	Warning (u)	Error (E)
0	Flame controller reset circuit fault	NA	Power cycle the appliance. If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
1	Limit thermostat trip	Contact the TAC.	
2	Flue gas thermostat trip	Contact the TAC.	
3	Chilled water antifreeze thermostat trip	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	NA
4	Insufficient ventilation in cooling mode	Reset occurs automatically 20 minutes after the code is generated.	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the S61 board (menu 2, parameter 1).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
5	Outdoor temperature exceeding operational limits	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	NA
6	Outdoor temperature below operational limits	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	NA
7	High generator temperature	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the S61 board (menu 2, parameter 1).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
8	Flame controller error	NA	Contact authorised Technical Assistance
10	Low chilled water flow	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	Check and clean water filters on the system. Check for air in the system. Check water flow pump. Power cycle the appliance. Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the S61 board (menu 2, parameter 1). If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
11	Insufficient rotation of oil pump	Reset occurs automatically 20 minutes after the code is generated.	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the S61 board (menu 2, parameter 1).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
12	Flame controller lockout	Reset is automatic up to 4 attempts (in about 5 minutes).	Check gas supply.  Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the S61 board (menu 2, parameter 0).  If the code persists or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
16	Chilled water delivery temperature probe fault	NA	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the S61 board (menu 2, parameter 1).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
17	Chilled water inlet temperature probe fault	NA	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the S61 board (menu 2, parameter 1).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
18	Condenser temperature probe fault	NA	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the S61 board (menu 2, parameter 1).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.

Generator temperature probe fault	NA	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the S61 board (menu 2, parameter 1).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
Flame controller error	NA	Power off the appliance. Contact the TAC.
Gas solenoid valve without electrical power	Reset occurs automatically if the gas solenoid valve switches on again within 10 minutes (with central flame control unit on).	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the S61 board (menu 2, parameter 1).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
Chilled water temperature exceeding operational limits	Check configuration of other chillers on the system. Check water flow. Check system's chilling load. Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	NA
Cooling antifreeze function activated	Non-blocking Warning (informative code). The code clears automatically when antifreeze function execution ends.	NA
Oil pump priming cycle activated	The priming cycle lasts 30' if activated manually or 10 minutes if activated automatically. Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	NA
Water flow while system in heating mode	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	NA
Incomplete functional parameters	Contact the TAC.	
Invalid bank 1 parameters	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	Contact the TAC.
Invalid bank 2 parameters	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	Contact the TAC.
Transformer or 24 Vac fuse fault	NA	Contact the TAC.
Invalid module type configuration parameters	NA	Contact the TAC.
ROM board fault	NA	Contact the TAC.
pRAM board fault	NA	Contact the TAC.
xRAM board fault	NA	Contact the TAC.
Registers board fault	NA	Contact the TAC.
Outdoor temperature probe fault	NA	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the S61 board (menu 2, parameter 1).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
Electronic board fault	NA	Contact the TAC.
	Flame controller error  Gas solenoid valve without electrical power  Chilled water temperature exceeding operational limits  Cooling antifreeze function activated  Oil pump priming cycle activated  Water flow while system in heating mode Incomplete functional parameters Invalid bank 1 parameters  Invalid bank 2 parameters  Transformer or 24 Vac fuse fault Invalid module type configuration parameters  ROM board fault pRAM board fault xRAM board fault Registers board fault Outdoor temperature probe fault	Flame controller error  Reset occurs automatically if the gas solenoid valve switches on again within 10 minutes (with central flame control unit on).  Check configuration of other chillers on the system.  Check water flow. Check system's chilling load. Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.  Cooling antifreeze function activated  Oil pump priming cycle activated  Water flow while system in heating mode  Incomplete functional parameters  Invalid bank 1 parameters  Invalid bank 2 parameters  Invalid bank 2 parameters  Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.  Invalid module type configuration parameters  ROM board fault  NA  Registers board fault  NA  Outdoor temperature probe fault  NA  Outdoor temperature probe fault  NA  PRAM board fault  NA  Outdoor temperature probe fault  NA  Outdoor temperature probe fault  NA  NA  PRAM board fault  NA  Outdoor temperature probe fault  NA

NA: Not Applicable



 Table 8.2 Operative Codes AY00-120

101 L 102 F 103 M 105 C 106 C 107 H 112 F	Flame controller reset circuit fault  Limit thermostat trip  Flue gas thermostat trip  Missing S70 board  Outdoor temperature exceeding operational limits  Outdoor temperature below operational limits  Hot water flow while system in cooling mode  Flame controller lockout	NA  Contact authorised Technical Assistance Contact authorised Technical Assistance NA  NA  Non-blocking Warning (informative code). The code is reset automatically when the triggering condition ceases.  Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.  Reset is automatic up to 4 attempts (in about 5	Power cycle the appliance. If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.  Contact authorised Technical Assistance  Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.  NA  NA
101 L 102 F 103 M 105 C 106 C 107 H 112 F	Limit thermostat trip Flue gas thermostat trip Missing S70 board Outdoor temperature exceeding operational limits Outdoor temperature below operational limits Hot water flow while system in cooling mode	Contact authorised Technical Assistance Contact authorised Technical Assistance NA NA Non-blocking Warning (informative code). The code is reset automatically when the triggering condition ceases. Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	Contact authorised Technical Assistance Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.  NA
102 F 103 N 105 C 106 C 107 H 107 H 112 F	Flue gas thermostat trip Missing S70 board Outdoor temperature exceeding operational limits Outdoor temperature below operational limits Hot water flow while system in cooling mode	Contact authorised Technical Assistance NA NA Non-blocking Warning (informative code). The code is reset automatically when the triggering condition ceases. Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.  NA
103 M 105 C 106 C 107 H 107 H 112 F	Missing S70 board Outdoor temperature exceeding operational limits Outdoor temperature below operational limits Hot water flow while system in cooling mode	NA  Non-blocking Warning (informative code). The code is reset automatically when the triggering condition ceases.  Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.  NA
105 C c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	Outdoor temperature exceeding operational limits  Outdoor temperature below operational limits  Hot water flow while system in cooling mode	NA  Non-blocking Warning (informative code). The code is reset automatically when the triggering condition ceases.  Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.  NA
105 c 106 t 107 F 112 F	operational limits  Outdoor temperature below operational limits  Hot water flow while system in cooling mode	Non-blocking Warning (informative code). The code is reset automatically when the triggering condition ceases. Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	NA
107 f c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	tional limits  Hot water flow while system in cooling mode	The code is reset automatically when the triggering condition ceases.  Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	
112 F 127   II	cooling mode	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	NA
127 li	Flame controller lockout	Reset is automatic up to 4 attempts (in about 5	1
127 f		minutes).	Check gas supply.  Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the AY10 board (menu 2, parameter 20).  If the code persists or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
128 F	Internal appliance circuit low water flow	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the AY10 board (menu 2, parameter 21).  If the code persists or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
	Flame controller error	NA	Power off the appliance. Contact the TAC.
179	Gas solenoid valve without electrical power	Reset occurs automatically if the gas solenoid valve switches on again within 10 minutes (with central flame control unit on).	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the AY10 board (menu 2, parameter 21).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
	Internal appliance circuit delivery water temperature probe fault	NA	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the AY10 board (menu 2, parameter 21).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
136 E	Blower fault	Reset occurs automatically 20 minutes after the code is generated.	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the AY10 board (menu 2, parameter 21).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
175 L	Low hot water flow	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	Check and clean water filters on the system. Check for air in the system. Check water flow pump. Power cycle the appliance. Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the AY10 board (menu 2, parameter 21). If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
	Hot water delivery temperature probe fault	NA	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the AY10 board (menu 2, parameter 21). If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
	Hot water inlet temperature probe fault	NA	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the AY10 board (menu 2, parameter 21). If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
178 H	High hot water delivery temperature	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	NA
179 F	Heating antifreeze function activated	Non-blocking Warning (informative code). The code clears automatically when antifreeze function execution ends.	NA
80 lı	Incomplete functional parameters	Contact the TAC.	
	Invalid bank 1 parameters	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	Contact the TAC.
02	Invalid bank 2 parameters	Reset is automatic when the triggering condition ceases.	Contact the TAC.
82 lı	Transformer or 24 Vac fuse fault	NA	Contact the TAC.
	Invalid module type configuration parameters	NA	Contact the TAC.
84 T			
84 T 85 F		NΔ	Contact the TAC
84 T 85 F 86 F	ROM board fault	NA NA	Contact the TAC.
84 T 85 F 86 F 87 F		NA NA NA	Contact the TAC. Contact the TAC. Contact the TAC.

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90	Outdoor temperature probe fault	NA	Reset may be performed from the DDC or from the AY10 board (menu 2, parameter 21).  If the code persists, shows up again or in case of doubt, contact the TAC.
91	Electronic board fault	NA	Contact the TAC.

NA: Not Applicable



# **APPENDICES**

#### 9.1 **PRODUCT FICHE**

Figure 9.1

Table 7 COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) No 811/2013

Technical parameters for boiler space heaters, boiler combination heaters and cogeneration space heaters Model(s): ACAY STD Condensing boiler: yes Low-temperature (\*\*) boiler: no B11 boiler: no If yes, equipped with a supplementary heater: Cogeneration space heater: no no Combination heater: Item Item Symbol Value Unit Symbol Value Unit Seasonal space heating energy 34.9 kW Rated heat output Prated 90.7 %  $\eta_s$ efficiency For boiler space heaters and boiler combination heaters: Useful For boiler space heaters and boiler combination heaters: Useful heat output efficiency At rated heat output and high-At rated heat output and high-34,4 kW 98,6 %  $\eta_4$ temperature regime (\*) temperature regime (\*) At 30 % of rated heat output and At 30 % of rated heat output and 8,6 kW 107.5 %  $\eta_1$ low-temperature regime (\*\*) low-temperature regime (\*\*) Auxiliary electricity consumption Other items At full load 0,185 kW Standby heat loss  $P_{stbv}$ 0,058 kW elmax 0,080 kW 0 kW At part load elminIgnition burner power consumption  $P_{ign}$  $P_{SB}$ In standby mode kWAnnual energy consumption  $Q_{HE}$ 286,2 GJ 0,005 Sound power level,  $L_{WA}$ - / 57,0 dΒ indoors/outdoors

Contact details	Robur SPA, Via Parigi 4/6, I-24040 Zingonia (BG)
Additional information required by	COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 813/2013, Table 1:

 $NO_{r}$ 31 mg/kWh Emissions of nitrogen oxides:

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<sup>(\*)</sup> High-temperature regime means 60 °C return temperature at heater inlet and 80 °C feed temperature at heater outlet.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Low temperature means for condensing boilers 30 °C, for low-temperature boilers 37 °C and for other heaters 50 °C return temperature (at heater inlet).

Figure 9.2

Table 7
COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) No 811/2013

Technical parameters for boiler space heaters, boiler combination heaters and cogeneration space heaters Model(s): ACAY S Condensing boiler: ves Low-temperature (\*\*) boiler: no B11 boiler: Cogeneration space heater: no If yes, equipped with a supplementary heater: no Combination heater: Symbol Value Unit Symbol Value Item Item Unit Seasonal space heating energy 34,9 kW 90,7 % Rated heat output Prated efficiency For boiler space heaters and boiler combination heaters: Useful For boiler space heaters and boiler combination heaters: Useful heat output efficiency At rated heat output and high-At rated heat output and high- $P_4$ 34,4 kW  $\eta_4$ 98,6 % temperature regime (\*) temperature regime (\*) At 30 % of rated heat output and At 30 % of rated heat output and  $P_{1}$ 8,6 kW 107,5 %  $\eta_{1}$ low-temperature regime (\*\*) low-temperature regime (\*\*) Auxiliary electricity consumption Other items At full load elmax 0,185 kW Standby heat loss  $P_{stby}$ 0,058 kW0,080 kW0 kW At part load elmin Ignition burner power consumption  $P_{ign}$ In standby mode  $P_{SB}$ kW Annual energy consumption 286,2 GJ  $Q_{HE}$ 0,005 Sound power level,  $L_{WA}$ - / 57,0 dB indoors/outdoors

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Contact details	Robur SPA, Via Parigi 4/6, I-24040 Zingonia (BG)					
Additional information require	thy COMMISSION DECLII ATION (ELI) No 812/2012 Toble 1					
Additional information require	Additional information required by COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 813/2013, Table 1:					

Emissions of nitrogen oxides:

 $NO_x$ 

mg/kWl

<sup>(\*)</sup> High-temperature regime means 60 °C return temperature at heater inlet and 80 °C feed temperature at heater outlet.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Low temperature means for condensing boilers 30 °C, for low-temperature boilers 37 °C and for other heaters 50 °C return temperature (at heater inlet).

# **Robur mission**

Robur is dedicated to dynamic progression in research, development and promotion of safe, environmentally-friendly, energy-efficiency products, through the commitment and caring of its employees and partners.



caring for the environment

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