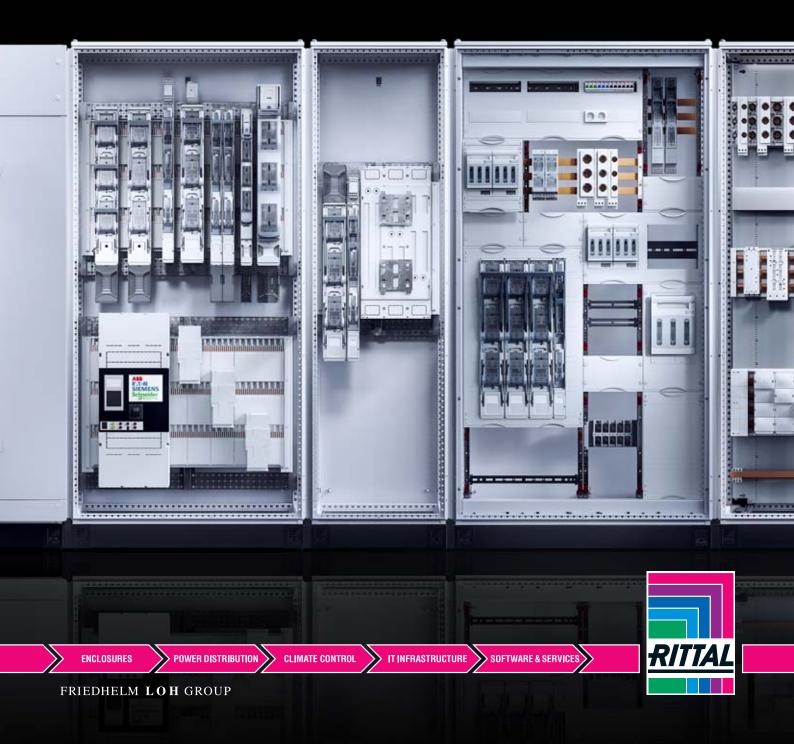
Rittal – The System.

Faster – better – everywhere.

# Technical System Catalogue VX25 Ri4Power



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# VX25 Ri4Power



# The modular system for switchgear and power distributors

VX25 Ri4Power as a system for switchgear and power distributor systems, suitable for rated currents of up to 4000 A. The wide range of standard sections allows it to be customised to your individual requirements. Super-efficient assembly thanks to the small number of components and the use of standard copper bars. The VX25 Ri4Power switchgear system is project-planned using the Rittal Power Engineering configuration software, available as an online tool on the Rittal website. Once project planning is complete, the individual design verification can also be generated with this software.

#### What we offer

- Modular system for switchgear
- Rated voltage up to 690 V
- Rated current up to 4000 A
- Short-circuit protection up to 100 kA
- Simple assembly and fast contact with a comprehensive range of system accessories
- Also suitable for use in DC zones
- Standardised system packages for connection systems
- Design verification to IEC 61 439
- Accidental arc-tested to IEC 61 641

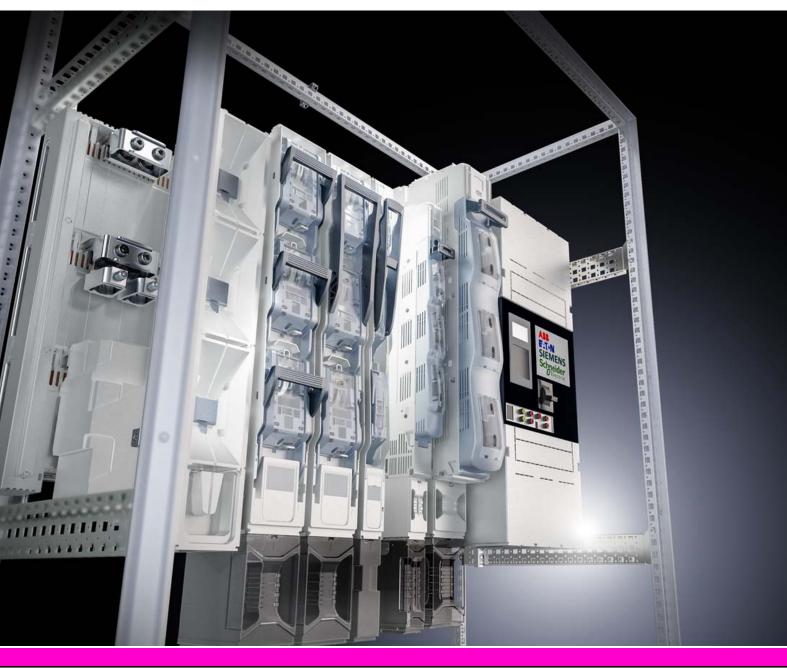
## Your benefits

- Perfect system technology in a compact design
- Consistent use of standard copper bars
- Suitable for all standard protective gear and switchgear currently on the market
- User-friendly project planning and generation of a design verification using configuration software
- Drawings for the customer to manufacture copper connection kits are easily produced using the configuration software

For further information about VX25 Ri4Power, please see page 8

Rittal Technical System Catalogue/Power distribution

# VX25 Ri4Power 185 mm



# The system for more reliable power distribution

The VX25 Ri4Power 185 mm busbar system for rated currents of up to 2100 A is ideal for the compact, secure assembly of power distributors with due regard for financial aspects and the requirements of standard IEC 61 439. The system technology is based on 185 mm bar centre distance and is specially adapted to the enclosure widths in the Rittal VX25 enclosure portfolio. Fast, reliable installation is achieved with standardised components and simple assembly techniques. The VX25 Ri4Power 185 mm busbar system is project blanned using the Rittal Power Engineering configuration software, available as an online tool on the Rittal website

busbar system is project planned using the Rittal Power Engineering configuration software, available as an online tool on the Rittal website. Once project planning is complete, the individual design verification can also be generated with this software.

#### What we offer

- Complete solution for central, compact power distribution
- Rated voltage up to 690 V
- Rated current up to 2100 A
- Short-circuit protection up to 50 kA
- Bar centre distance 185 mm
- Complete contact hazard protection up to IP 2XB (onfor from finance contact) from our quatem portfolio
- (safe from finger-contact) from our system portfolio
   Precise-fit connection and component adaptors for tested connection
- at high currents
- Fuse elements to suit all situations

### Your benefits

- System assembly, installation and extension with no drilling or removal of covers
- Busbar contacting variable, no-drill and contact hazardprotected from the outset
- Suitable for all standard protective gear and switchgear currently on the market
- Busbar shielding integrated into the cover section to prevent accidental arcing
- User-friendly project planning and generation of a design verification using configuration software

For further information about VX25 Ri4Power 185 mm, please see page 60

### **ACB** section

For the infeed and output of large currents into and from the switchgear. Air circuitbreakers are used to protect people and machines.

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### **Cable chamber**

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For distributing cables and lines leading into or out of compartments, to provide cable management for outgoing sections. Cable entry is optionally from above or below.

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## **Outgoing section**

For the installation of circuits with switchgear, power supply outlets, controllers, switchgear units, fused outgoing feeders and much more, allowing circuits and controllers to be combined under one roof. **Fuse-switch disconnector section** For compact, variable distribution of electric power with fused switchgear. Plug-type NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors are used here, supported by vertical distribution busbar systems.



# VX25 Ri4POWER

## Modular section system for switchgear

#### Form 2b

As effective protection against accidental contact with the busbar. Designed as an internal sub-division of the busbar compartment into functional space and adjacent compartment.

### **Coupling section**

For disconnecting or connecting busbar systems within low-voltage equipment. Also for maintaining machine and plant uptime, because individual sub-sections may be disconnected separately.

# **Tested safety**

 The VX25 Ri4Power switchgear system is continuously type-tested to international standard IEC 61 439-1

Sa P

- Tests with ASTA certification
- Protection category up to IP 54
- Tested accidental arcing protection to IEC 61 641
- Additional accidental arcing protection as a preventive measure

# **Ri4POWER GENERAL**

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### **Complete partitioning**

Compartment side panels matching the enclosure height instantly shield all the functional spaces below. This replaces individual vertical partitions from section to section and reduces the number of components and assembly time required.

## Flexibility

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The 25 mm enclosure section pitch pattern and side panel perforations allow fast, height-flexible assembly of the horizontal compartment dividers with minimal parts. They simply slide into position like a baking tray in an oven. Γ

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### Adjustment

The pre-punched knock-outs in the compartment dividers may be removed without burrs, for flexible subdivision of the openings depending on the planned cable routing. This supports a continuous, direct power supply to the control and wiring sections.

### Independence

The main busbars may optionally be routed in the roof section or central rear section for improved planning and space flexibility.

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### Continuity

Power distribution

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Connecting PE or N conductors by directly screw-fastening the bar supports to the frame section ensures an identical, consistent arrangement of bars in the rear or front enclosure area across all section types.



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The pre-punched knock-outs in the compartment side panels allow PE and N conductors to be continued across sections, for straightline routing through all section types.

FLAT-PLS

## **Reduced number of parts**

The 25 mm pitch pattern allows top busbar supports to be mounted directly onto the enclosure section. Just three screws is all you need. No further components are required.

C

# Copper savings

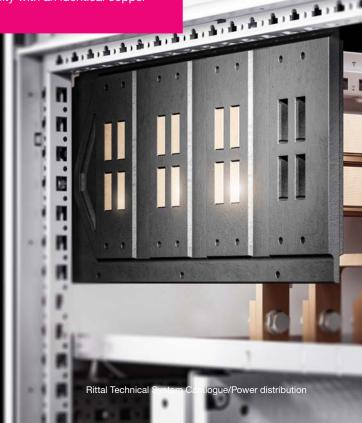
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Standard bars are available in  $30 \times 10$  mm and  $50 \times 10$  mm. The stable enclosure busbar system and the arrangement of the bars support a higher current-carrying capacity with an identical copper bar cross-section.

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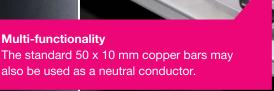
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### Immediate machining

The standard 50 x 10 mm copper bars are already pre-punched and cut to length, to match the enclosure widths. They may be fitted directly without machining.



A.A.A.A.A.A

### Functional

No need to modify the busbar layout, even when using mounting plates. To maintain the rail position, it is sufficient to rotate the functional bar support through 180° around its vertical axis.

### Fast attachment

The open busbar support can additionally accommodate the quickrelease fastener for simple, fast connection to the next section.

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hnical System Catalogue/Power distribution

**Bar termination** The solid bar support is used as a termination.





# THE ACB SECTION

# For protecting machinery and equipment

Air circuit-breakers protect machines, plant and people from damage and injury associated with short-circuits, earth faults and overloads.

- The VX25 Ri4Power is suitable for use with open and compact circuit-breakers from all well-known manufacturers, including ABB, Eaton, General Electric, Mitsubishi, Schneider Electric, Siemens, LSIS and Terasaki.
- Modular continuity and a high manufacturing quality guarantee exceptionally time-saving assembly.
- Up to 6300 A, the busbar systems are dimensioned to your specific requirements with standard copper bars and individually configured.
- All drawings of connector kits and connection brackets for connecting air circuit-breakers may be generated and printed with the Rittal Power Engineering software so that all copper parts can be prepared for installation early in the process.

# Maximum performance

The end position of the rails on the compartment side panel is always identical and is defined by the existing holes. The installation of both 3-pole and 4-pole systems is supported.

### Economical

The Maxi-PLS busbar system minimises the use of copper despite its large dimensions. The underside of the bar was deliberately designed to save material. Maxi-PLS supports connected loads of up to 6300 A.

## Continuity

Connecting PE or N conductors by directly screw-fastening the bar supports to the frame section ensures an identical, consistent arrangement of bars in the rear or front enclosure area across all section types.

e/Power distribution





The stabilisers mounted between the horizontal rails of the air circuit-breaker significantly

improve short-circuit resistance.

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### Fast assembly

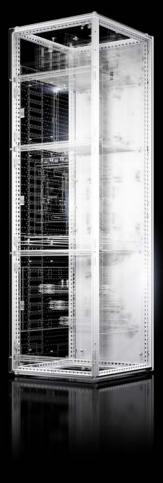
The mounting bracket for the air circuit-breaker support rail is attached directly to the enclosure frame section. A fast, simple and stable solution which is very easy to assemble.

Fast connection

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The connection brackets, which are planned using Rittal software for a precise fit, enable circuit-breakers to be connected to the main busbar system.



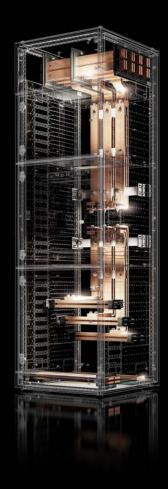
# **Basic framework**

- Modular enclosure, 2000 mm high, from the VX25 baying enclosure system
- Base/plinth, 100 mm or 200 mm high, from the VX base/plinth
- system Base/plinth trim panel, side
- Side panel(s)
- Baying with bracket, block or connector
- Partial doors and front trim panels for modular front design Door lock(s) from the fastener
- system
- Roof plate depending on the protection category and function
- . Cable entries



# Compartment

- Compartment side panel
- Compartment dividers
- Partial mounting plates and accessories (depending on the type of Form separation) Air circuit-breaker mounting
- bracket and support rail



# **Busbar system**

- Flat copper busbars (Flat-PLS) for main busbar system and N/PE conductors
- Busbar supports for busbar system in roof or rear area, for busbar entry or baying End cover Flat-PLS
- Longitudinal connector for Flat-PLS
- Connection system for Flat-PLS Connection components for air circuit-breakers on bar systems
- or infeeds Infeed designed as compact infeed for Maxi-PLS
- Connection system for Maxi-PLS for cable connection on the infeed
- Accessories for busbar system, such as stabiliser, angle bracket, screws
- Busbar support, N conductor PE/PEN angle bracket
- Perforated cover plate with mounting bracket





# VX25 Ri4Power

# **Circuit-breaker section**

The following parameters must be known for dimensioning of the air circuit-breaker sections (ACB):

- The rated current of the circuit Inc which the ABC outlet must be able to carry under the chosen conditions
- The protection category of the enclosure and type of cooling
- The design of the ACB: Rack-mounted or static installation
- The number of poles in the ACB (with switched or
- unswitched neutral conductor)
- The make and model of the ACB
   The maximum position of the ACB
- The mounting position of the ACB
   The roted veltage of the sizevit
- The rated voltage of the circuit
- The required withstand strength for the circuit and ACB

With the rated current of the circuit, the protection category and type of cooling, together with the make and model of the ACB, you can calculate the required unit size from tables 40 - 47.

With the choice of unit and other mechanical parameters, this produces the minimum size of the enclosure for the ACB. This information can likewise be found in tables 40 - 47 in the Appendix. For enclosures with internal Form separation, the minimum compartment height is derived from the rated voltage of the unit.

The mounting position of the ACB is divided into:

- Position VT (in front of door), i.e. the control components are facing outwards from the enclosure door, thus allowing the ACB to be operated without opening the enclosure door.
- Position HT (behind the door) means that the ACB including the control components are completely inside the enclosure.

This means that for some switchgear positioned in front of the door, a version with a 600 mm enclosure depth would be possible, whereas for versions behind the door, only 800 mm deep enclosures are possible. A further restriction arises when using busbar systems in the rear section. Due to the set forward position of the connection kit of the main busbar system in relation to the ACB, some versions might only be possible in 800 mm deep enclosures, whereas with main busbar systems in the roof or rear centre section, a 600 mm deep enclosure would also be possible.



In addition to the ACB, control and measurement equipment with a maximum heat loss of 50 W may be installed in the circuit-breaker section.

Circuit-breaker sections from the modular VX25 Ri4Power system are comprised of VX25 enclosures with Form-separated, variable configuration with partial doors and inner compartmentalisation in a modular design and other required system accessories. Circuit-breaker sections with rear centre section only have an internal form separation in Form 1 (higher form possible by customer). Testing has verified that air circuit-breakers from ABB, Eaton, General Electric, Mitsubishi, Schneider Electric, Siemens, LSIS and Terasaki may be used. The information provided in tables 40 – 47 applies to the choice of connection cross-sections. If Rittal has not made any particular stipulations regarding the required clearance at the sides, above and below the circuit-breakers, the equipment manufacturer's specifications should be observed.

The main busbar system may optionally be installed in the roof or rear centre section. When using partial doors, front trim panels with a protection category as per the technical specifications should be used for the upper and lower termination of the modular equipment. The cable connection system as an incoming or outgoing circuit, 3/4 pole, with compact, square profile is installed in a stepped arrangement above and/or below the ACB.

The detailed configuration of the circuit-breaker sections can be found in the valid VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

## Note:

Table 40 – 47, see page 128 – 143 The equipment manufacturer's specifications must be observed.

# **VX25 Rittal Power Engineering**

The free online tool can be found on the Rittal website at www.rittal.de/planungssoftware

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Formunitationary part. EC:	ē *					
Karschlassledigheit isw	10014					
der Anlage:						
Verorgingsspinning:	400 AC *					
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# THE OUTGOING SECTION

# To combine switching and control functions

In the outgoing section, many different components may be connected under one roof, such as power distributors with control units. To achieve this, individual compartments, shielded from one another, are created within the section.

- Each compartment is configured to suit your requirements with VX25 Ri4Power system components and then individually populated e.g. with switchgear, power supply outgoing feeders or control units.
- The busbar distribution system may be positioned adjacent to or behind the compartments and is easily and safely connected to the main busbar systems using system components.
- The fully modular busbar system can be used across all sections and compartments and is exceptionally straightforward to plan and install. It also offers extensive individualisation options with uncompromising consistency.

# OUTGOING SECTION

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## Utilisation of the section

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The modular partial door concept is quickly achieved. Compartment side panels matching the enclosure height simultaneously shield multiple compartments. The 25 mm pitch pattern of the frame section supports variable compartment heights to maximise use of the section.



### **Multi-functional**

The compartment divider will fit any section type. Benefits: Fewer components, plus a high level of efficiency. The air-permeable grille supports thermal convection across the entire section, ensuring improved pressure equalisation throughout the compartment.

#### Flexibility

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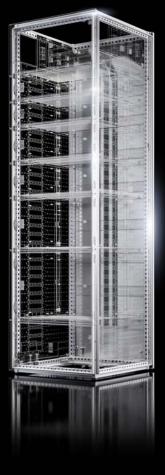
The pre-punched knock-outs in the compartment dividers may be removed without burrs, for flexible division of the openings depending on the planned cable routing and for a consistent, direct power supply to the control and wiring sections.



Connecting PE or N conductors by directly screw-fastening the bar supports to the frame section ensures an identical, consistent arrangement of bars in the rear or front enclosure area across all section types. .

## Fewer parts

The compartment divider is screwfastened directly to the side wall and the enclosure section to save time.



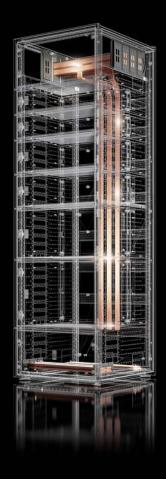
# **Basic framework**

- Modular enclosure, 2000 mm high, from the VX25 baying enclosure system
- Base/plinth, 100 mm or 200 mm high, from the VX base/plinth
- system Base/plinth trim panel, side
- Side panel(s)
- Baying with bracket, block or connector
- Partial doors and front trim panels for modular front design
- Door lock(s) from the fastener system
- Roof plate depending on the protection category and function



# Compartment

- Compartment side panel
- Compartment dividers
- Partial mounting plates and accessories (depending on the type of Form separation)
- Plastic gland plates Terminal box for Form 4b (depend-ing on the type of Form separation)



# Busbar system

- Flat copper busbars (Flat-PLS) for main and distributor busbar
- system and N/PE conductors Busbar supports for busbar system in the roof section, for busbar entry or baying End cover Flat-PLS
- Longitudinal connector for Flat-PLS
- Connection system for Flat-PLS Busbar supports for distribution
- busbar system Connection components for the T-connection
- Accessories for busbar system, such as stabiliser, mounting

- bracket, screws Busbar support, N conductor PE/PEN angle bracket Perforated cover plate with mounting bracket





# VX25 Ri4Power

# Modular outgoing feeder section

Modular outgoing feeder sections are used for the installation of circuits with

- Switchgear
- Power supply outgoing feeders
- Controllers, switchgear units
- Fused outgoing feeders
- etc.
- in different compartments.

The rated currents can be distributed via integrated distribution busbar systems.

The following bar systems are available for selection as distribution busbar systems (see table 1). The rated currents  $I_{nc}$  of the distribution busbar systems are likewise dependent on the protection category and the type of cooling.



# Table 1: Rated current $I_{nc}$ of the distribution busbar system in modular outgoing feeder sections

	Minimum enclosure width		Rated current Inc				Rated short-time
Bar type	3-pole	4-pole	IP 2X ventilation	IP 2X	IP 54 ventilation	IP 54	withstand current In = I <sub>cw</sub>
9340.000 30 x 5 mm	400 mm	-	400 A	400 A	400 A	400 A	46/22 kA
9340.000 30 x 10 mm	400 mm	_	800 A	800 A	800 A	700 A	76/37 kA
9342.004 PLS 1600	600 mm	600 mm	1800 A	1560 A	1800 A	1520 A	105/50 kA
9686.100 30 x 5 mm	600 mm	600 mm	400 A	400 A	400 A	400 A	57/27 kA
9686.100 1 x 30 x 10 mm	600 mm	600 mm	800 A	800 A	800 A	700 A	105/50 kA
9686.100 2 x 30 x 10 mm	600 mm	600 mm	1800 A	1600 A	1800 A	1570 A	151/65 kA

## Table 2: Load figures of partial mounting plates

Model No.	Description	Size W x H mm	Max. permissible static load daN
9683.561	Partial mounting plate with duct	600 x 150	30
9683.562	Partial mounting plate with duct	600 x 200	30
9683.563	Partial mounting plate with duct	600 x 300	50
9683.564	Partial mounting plate with duct	600 x 400	50
9683.642	Partial mounting plate	400 x 200	30
9683.643	Partial mounting plate	400 x 300	50
9683.644	Partial mounting plate	400 x 400	50
9683.646	Partial mounting plate	400 x 600	90
9683.648	Partial mounting plate	400 x 800	90
9683.660	Partial mounting plate	600 x 1000	90
9683.661	Partial mounting plate	600 x 150	30
9683.662	9683.662 Partial mounting plate		30
9683.663	9683.663 Partial mounting plate		50
9683.664	9683.664 Partial mounting plate		50
9683.666	Partial mounting plate		90
9683.668	P683.668 Partial mounting plate		90
9683.680	Partial mounting plate		90
9683.681	Partial mounting plate	800 x 150	30
9683.682	9683.682 Partial mounting plate		30
9683.683	Partial mounting plate		50
9683.684	Partial mounting plate	800 x 400	50
9683.686	Partial mounting plate	800 x 600	90
9683.688	Partial mounting plate	800 x 800	90

The detailed configuration of the modular outgoing feeder sections should be taken from the valid VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

### Note:

The equipment manufacturer's specifications must be observed.

# VX25 Ri4Power

# Modular outgoing feeder section

### Selection and installation of moulded-case circuitbreakers (MCCB)

The following parameters must be known for the selection of MCCBs:

- The rated current of the circuit Inc which the MCCB must carry under the chosen conditions
- The rated diversity factor RDF for this outgoing feeder or the system
- The protection category of the enclosure and type of cooling
- The design of the MCCB: Rack-mounted, plug-in or static installation
- The number of poles in the MCCB (with switched or unswitched neutral conductor)
- The make and model of the MCCB
- The rated voltage of the circuit
- The required breaking capacity of the MCCB.

With the rated current, the protection category and type of cooling, together with the make and model of the circuitbreaker, you can calculate the required unit size from tables 48 - 55. With the choice of unit and other mechanical parameters, this produces the minimum size of the enclosure/compartment for installation of the MCCB. This information can likewise be found in tables 48 – 55. For enclosures with internal Form separation, the minimum compartment size is derived from the rated voltage of the circuit.

Testing has verified that compact circuit-breakers from ABB, Eaton, General Electric, Mitsubishi, Schneider Electric, Siemens, LSIS and Terasaki may be used. The information provided in tables 48 – 55 applies to the choice of connection cross-sections. If Rittal has not made any particular stipulations regarding the required clearance at the sides, above and below the circuit-breakers, the equipment manufacturer's specifications should be observed.

A detailed diagram showing connection options for MCCBs can be found in the valid VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

### Note:

Table 48 – 55, see page 144 – 167 The equipment manufacturer's specifications must be observed.

### Selection and installation of switchgear units

The following parameters must be known for the selection of switchgear units:

- The rated current of the circuit Inc which the switchgear unit must carry under the chosen conditions
- The rated diversity factor RDF for this outgoing feeder or the system
- The protection category of the enclosure and type of cooling
- The design of the switchgear unit (direct starter, star-delta starter, reversing starter)
- The make and model of the switchgear unit
- The rated voltage of the circuit
- The required breaking capacity of the protective device.

Testing has verified that switchgear units from ABB, Eaton, General Electric, LSIS, Mitsubishi, Schneider Electric, Siemens and Terasaki may be used. If Rittal has not made any particular stipulations regarding the required clearance at the sides, above and below the switchgear, the equipment manufacturer's specifications should be observed. The choice of unit is specific to each brand.

### Switchgear units:

The protective device of a switchgear unit should be selected as follows in order to comply with testing requirements: The rated current  $I_{nc}$  of the chosen switchgear enclosure must not exceed 80% of the rated current of the protective device. The breaking capacity of the protective device must be greater than or equal to the possible short-circuit current at the connection point.

The connection cable of the switchgear to the superordinate bar system must be 2 cross-sectional sizes greater than that designed for a purely thermal current load as per Appendix H of IEC 61 439-1. The choice of cables and laying conditions must be designed as short circuit-protected wiring in accordance with IEC 61 439-1 (see also table 27, page 109). Insulation of the connection cables between the protective device and the superordinate busbar system and the other devices in the main circuit must withstand an overtemperature of 70 K. The switchgear must correspond to the connected equipment as per their switching category. The rated current  $I_{nc}$  of the chosen switchgear enclosure must not exceed 80% of the rated current of the switchgear. The switching capacity of the switchgear must be greater than or equal to the on-state values of the corresponding protective device. The connection cable of the switchgear to the terminal connection must be one crosssectional size greater than that designed for a purely thermal current load as per Appendix H of IEC 61 439-1.

The connection clamps must be designed for the inner and outer wiring of the switchgear unit.

A detailed diagram showing connection options for switchgear and protective gear can be found in the valid VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

### Note:

The equipment manufacturer's specifications must be observed.





# FORM 2B

# To ensure optimum contact hazard protection

The Form 2b designed as internal separation shields the busbar compartment from the functional space and the connection space.

- All active parts are safe from finger-contact in line with IP 2X.
- When working in the functional space or connection space, the modular, width-flexible cover provides effective protection from contact with the busbars.
- Shielding to Form 2b also protects the equipment, by preventing the unwanted ingress of foreign bodies into the busbar compartment.
- Convenient plug-in and clip-in technology enables simple assembly of all components with no drilling required.

# FORM 2B





fastening; no drilling required.



# **Modular benefits**

The width of the contact hazard protection cover is easily adjusted thanks to its 50 mm subdivision and is always flush with the compartment side panel, in line with the Rittal system dimensions.

Catalogue/Power distribution

### Components

Form 2b perfectly complements the purpose-designed 185 mm components. Example: NH slimline switch-disconnectors with fuses for operator-independent disconnection and switching.

#### Fast attachment

The busbar support is secured to the enclosure section using just two screws. A pre-punched knock-out is provided so that a matching cut-out can be made quickly in the compartment side panel.

# Immediate machining

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The standard 50 x 10 mm copper bars are already pre-punched and cut to the required length to match the enclosure widths. They may be fitted directly without machining.

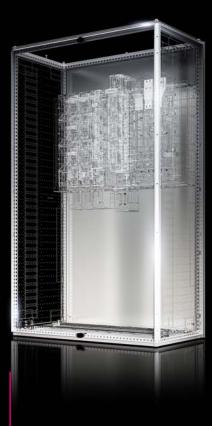
### Continuity

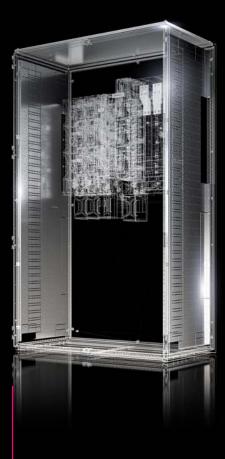
Connecting PE or N conductors by directly screw-fastening the bar supports to the frame section ensures an identical, consistent arrangement of bars in the rear or front enclosure area across all section types.

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1.4.4







# **Basic framework**

- Modular enclosure, 2000 mm high, from the VX25 baying enclosure system
- Base/plinth, 100 mm or 200 mm high, from the VX base/plinth

- system
  Base/plinth trim panel, side
  Side panel(s)
  Baying with bracket, block or connector
- Partial doors and front trim panels for modular front design Door lock(s) from the fastener
- system
- Roof plate depending on the protection category and function

# Compartment

- Compartment side panel
- Contact hazard protection cover for Form 2b Blanking cover for contact hazard
- protection cover

# Busbar system

- Flat copper busbars (Flat-PLS) for main busbar system and N/PE conductors
- Busbar supports for busbar system in the rear section, for busbar entry or baying End cover Flat-PLS
- Longitudinal connector for Flat-PLS
- Accessories for busbar system, such as stabiliser, mounting bracket, screws

- Busbar support, N conductor PE/PEN angle bracket Perforated cover plate with mounting bracket



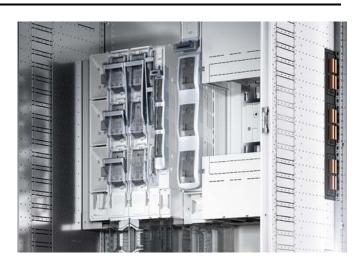
# VX25 Ri4Power

# **Fuse-switch disconnector section**

The fuse-switch disconnector sections for NH slimline fuseswitch disconnectors with 185 mm bar centre distance on horizontal busbar systems in the rear section have only been tested by Rittal with Rittal - NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors and meet the requirements of IEC 61 439-2.

It is possible to use NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors from other manufacturers. However, these have not been tested to the standard by Rittal.

The maximum admissible rated operating current of the NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors with due regard for the NH fuse insert used and the minimum connection cross-section may be taken from table 3 below.



### Table 3: Rating data for NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors

Size	Max. device rated current In	Rated current of fuse In1	Max. rated current I <sub>nc</sub>	Minimum connection cross-section
Size 00	160 A	up to 20 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	25 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	4 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	35 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	6 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	50 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	10 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	63 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	16 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	80 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	25 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	100 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	35 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	125 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	160 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	70 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 1	250 A	160 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	Cf. size 00
Size 1	250 A	224 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	95 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 1	250 A	250 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	120 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 2	400 A	200 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	Cf. size 00 – 1
Size 2	400 A	224 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	120 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 2	400 A	250 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	120 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 2	400 A	315 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	185 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 2	400 A	400 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	240 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 3	630 A	315 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	Cf. size 00 – 2
Size 3	630 A	400 A	$= I_{n1}$	240 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 3	630 A	500 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	2 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 3	630 A	630 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	2 x 240 mm <sup>2</sup>

#### **Fuse-switch disconnector section**

The admissible rated operating current  $I_{\rm nc}$  of the installed devices depends on the type of protection of the system and the number of devices. Details can be taken from the following table.

Table 4: Data table of admissible rated current Inc	
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Model No.	Description	Туре	Device In		IP2X vent. Inc <sup>1)</sup>	IP2X	IP54 vent. I <sub>nc<sup>1)</sup></sub>	IP54	Heat loss device
SV 9677.770	Adaptor ABB	XT5L	630	l <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	530	630	490	-
SV 9677.710	Adaptor ABB	XT7	1600	I <sub>cc</sub> 50 kA	1440	1200	1440	1100	-
SV 9677.770	Adaptor Eaton	NZM3	630	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	580	630	550	-
SV 9677.710	Adaptor Eaton	NZM4	1600	I <sub>cc</sub> 85 kA	1540	1370	1540	1220	-
SV 9677.770	Adaptor Schneider Electric	NSX630	630	l <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	580	630	550	-
SV 9677.700	Adaptor Schneider Electric	NS1000	1000	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	1000	1000	1000	990	-
SV 9677.710	Adaptor Schneider Electric	NS1600	1600	I <sub>cc</sub> 50 kA	1390	1240	1390	1075	-
SV 9677.770	Adaptor Siemens	3VA2463	630	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	550	630	525	-
SV 9677.710	Adaptor Siemens	3VL8	1600	I <sub>cc</sub> 50 kA	1250	1140	1250	1030	-
SV 9677.000/010	Fuse-switch disconnector, single	NH00	160	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	160	160	160	160	28
SV 9677.100/110	Fuse-switch-disconnector, single	NH 1	250	l <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	250	250	250	250	24
SV 9677.200/210	Fuse-switch disconnector, single	NH 2	400	l <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	400	375	400	335	60
SV 9677.300/310	Fuse-switch disconnector, single	NH 3	630	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	555	630	490	118
SV 9677.000/010	Fuse-switch disconnector, group	NH00	160	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	160	160	160	160	28
SV 9677.100/110	Fuse-switch disconnector, group	NH 1	250	l <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	250	250	250	250	24
SV 9677.200/210	Fuse-switch disconnector, group	NH 2	400	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	400	360	400	310	60
SV 9677.300/310	Fuse-switch disconnector, group	NH 3	630	l <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	470	630	420	118
SV 9677.06X/07X	Slimline switch-disconnector, single	NH00	160	l <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	160	160	160	160	55
SV 9677.16X	Slimline switch-disconnector, single	NH 1	250	l <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	250	250	250	250	80
SV 9677.26X	Slimline switch-disconnector, single	NH 2	400	l <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	400	400	400	385	220
SV 9677.36X	Slimline switch-disconnector, single	NH 3	630	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	580	630	550	250
SV 9677.06X/07X	Slimline switch-disconnector, group	NH00	160	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	160	160	160	130	55
SV 9677.16X	Slimline switch-disconnector, group	NH 1	250	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	250	250	250	250	80
SV 9677.26X	Slimline switch-disconnector, group	NH 2	400	l <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	400	365	400	315	220
SV 9677.36X	Slimline switch-disconnector, group	NH 3	630	l <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	510	630	380	250
SV 9677.900	Connection adaptor	800	800	I <sub>peak</sub> 52 kA	800	770	800	710	270
SV 9677.905	Connection adaptor	1400	1400	I <sub>peak</sub> 107 kA I <sub>cw</sub> 40 kA	1400	1130	1400	1070	550

<sup>1)</sup> For Form 1, fan-and-filter unit SK 3244.100 is required (one unit per door) to reach the values indicated in the table. For modular front design, one 300 mm high trim panel (IP 54) is required for the installation of fan-and-filter unit SK 3241.100.

Enclosure depth and enclosure height are irrelevant to the diversity of the section outgoing feeders. Consequently, the section dimensions may be selected independently of the section diversity. Fuse-switch disconnector sections with horizontal busbar system from the VX25 Ri4Power modular system consist of VX25 enclosures and other required system accessories. The main busbar system may only be installed in the rear section. The neutral conductor should always be positioned offset from the main busbar system in the lower enclosure section. The detailed configuration of the fuse-switch disconnector sections can be found in the valid VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

#### Note:

The equipment manufacturer's specifications must be observed.

#### **Fuse-switch disconnector section**

#### Table 5: NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors, size 00 to 3 (185 mm)

Model No.		9677.000 9677.010 9677.025	9677.100 9677.110	9677.200 9677.210	9677.300 9677.310	9677.340
Size (NH fuse inserts to IEC/EN 60 2	00	1	2	3	3	
Rated operating current le		160 A	250 A	400 A	630 A	1250 A
Rated operating voltage Ue		690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC
Rated insulation voltage Ui		1000 V	1000 V	1000 V	1000 V	1000 V
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uim	ıp	8 kV	8 kV	8 kV	8 kV	12 kV
Contamination level		3	3	3	3	3
Overvoltage category at 1000 V		III		III		IV
Overvoltage category at 690 V Star		IV	IV	IV	IV	IV
Rated frequency		50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz
Conditional rated short-circuit cur-	at 500 V AC	100 kA	120 kA	120 kA	100 kA	120 kA
rent (when protected with fuse inserts)	at 690 V AC	100 kA	100 kA	100 kA	80 kA	100 kA
	400 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-20B
Utilisation category	500 V AC	AC-22B	AC-22B	AC-22B	AC-22B	AC-20B
Otilisation category	690 V AC	AC-21B (125 A)	AC-22B	AC-22B	AC-21B1)	AC-20B
	1000 V DC <sup>1)</sup>	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B <sup>2)</sup>
Mechanical life (switching cycles)		1400	1400	800	800	800
Contact hazard protection - operatir	ng area, front	IP 20	IP 20	IP 20	IP 20	IP 20
Siting conditions			Indoor siting: % at 20 °C (without on N 60 947-A, section			
Admissible ambient temperature for and storage			-25 °C+55 °C			
PV max/fuse insert		12 W	23 W	34 W	48 W	48 W

#### Table 6: NH slimline switch-disconnectors, size 00 to 3 (185 mm)

Model No.		9677.060 9677.070	9677.160	9677.260	9677.360		
Size (NH fuse inserts to IEC/EN 60 2	269-2)	00	1	2	3		
Rated operating current le		160 A	250 A	400 A	630 A		
Rated operating voltage Ue		690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC		
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub>		1000 V	1000 V	1000 V	1000 V		
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uim	ıp	8 kV	12 kV	12 kV	12 kV		
Contamination level		3	3	3	3		
Overvoltage category at 1000 V		IV	IV	IV	IV		
Overvoltage category at 690 V Star		III	IV	IV	IV		
Rated frequency		50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz		
Conditional rated short-circuit cur- rent (when protected with fuse inserts)	at 500 V AC	120 kA	120 kA	120 kA	120 kA		
	at 690 V AC	100 kA	100 kA	100 kA	100 kA		
	400 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B		
Utilisation category	500 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B		
Otilisation category	690 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B		
	1000 V DC <sup>1)</sup>	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B		
Mechanical life (switching cycles)		1400	1400	800	800		
Contact hazard protection - operatir	ng area, front	IP 30	IP 30	IP 30	IP 30		
Siting conditions		Indoor siting: Humidity 50% at 40 °C or 90% at 20 °C (without condensation due to temperature fluctuations) to IEC/EN 60 947-A, section 6 and pollution degree 3					
Admissible ambient temperature for and storage	shipping	-25 °C+55 °C					
PV max/fuse insert		12 W	32 W	45 W	48 W		

<sup>1)</sup> With NH fuse size 3 (500 A) <sup>2)</sup> 800 V DC

#### **Fuse-switch disconnector section**

#### Table 7: NH slimline switch-disconnectors size 00 to 3 (185 mm)

Model No.		9677.065 9677.075	9677.165	9677.265	9677.365	
Size (NH fuse inserts to IEC/EN 60 2		00	1	2	3	
Rated operating current le		160 A	250 A	400 A	500 A	
Rated operating voltage Ue		690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	
Rated insulation voltage Ui		1000 V	1000 V	1000 V	1000 V	
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uim	ip	8 kV	12 kV	12 kV	12 kV	
Contamination level		3	3	3	3	
Overvoltage category at 1000 V		IV	IV	IV	IV	
Overvoltage category at 690 V Star		III	IV	IV	IV	
Rated frequency		50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	
Conditional rated short-circuit cur-	at 500 V AC	120 kA	120 kA	120 kA	120 kA	
rent (when protected with fuse inserts)	at 690 V AC	100 kA	100 kA	100 kA	100 kA	
	400 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	
Utilisation category	500 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	
Otilisation category	690 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	
	1000 V DC <sup>1)</sup>	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B	
Mechanical life (switching cycles)		1400	1400	800	800	
Contact hazard protection - operatir	ng area, front	IP 30	IP 30	IP 30	IP 30	
Siting conditions		Indoor siting: Humidity 50% at 40 °C or 90% at 20 °C (without condensation due to temperature fluctuations) to IEC/EN 60 947-A, section 6 and pollution degree 3				
Admissible ambient temperature for and storage	shipping	-25 °C+55 °C				
PV max/fuse insert		12 W	32 W	45 W	48 W	

<sup>1)</sup> With NH fuse size 3 (500 A) <sup>2)</sup> 800 V DC







# THE COUPLING SECTION

#### For maintaining fail-safe operation

The coupling section is a combination of an air circuit-breaker section with a busbar riser positioned optionally on the left or right.

- This allows individual busbar sections to be de-energised without switching off the entire system. This avoids total system failures during malfunctions or maintenance work, and maintains system availability, especially for systems with multiple power supplies.
- With the VX25 Ri4Power, comprehensive, stable partitioning allows busbar sections to be safely disconnected. The high safety standards of the coupling section permit less stringent requirements for overall short-circuit resistance.
- The parts, accessories and required work steps are largely the same as when assembling the circuit-breaker section. The system synergies mean that assembly time is significantly reduced, while also offering major cost-saving potential.

#### **COUPLING SECTION**





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#### Modular benefits

The coupling section power infeed towards the roof section is always based on the same side riser. It is always identical, regardless of whether it is integrated into a coupling section or accommodated in another enclosure as a separate section.

#### Continuity

Connecting PE or N conductors by directly screw-fastening the bar supports to the frame section ensures an identical, consistent arrangement of bars in the rear or front enclosure area across all section types.

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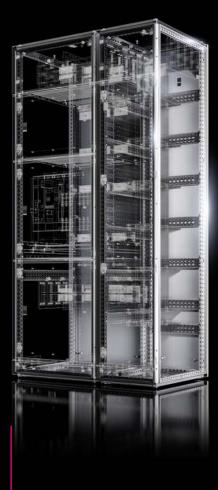
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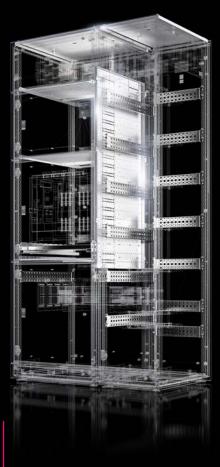
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#### **Basic framework**

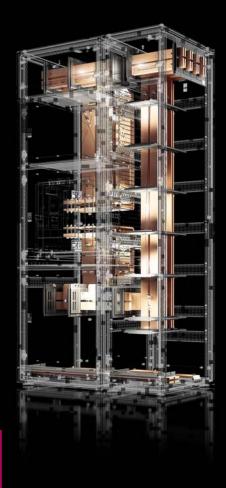
- Basic tramework
  Modular enclosure 2000 mm high, from the VX25 baying enclosure system (for coupling section and additional riser section)
  Base/plinth, 100 or 200 mm high, from the VX base/plinth system
  Base/plinth trim panel, side
  Side panel(s)
  Baying with bracket, block or connector

- connector
- Partial doors and front trim panels for modular front design Door lock(s) from the fastener
- system
- Roof plate depending on the protection category and function
- . Cable entries



#### Compartment

- Compartment side panelCompartment dividers
- Partial mounting plates and accessories (depending on the Form separation type) Air circuit-breaker mounting
- bracket and support rail



#### Busbar system

- Flat copper busbars (Flat-PLS) for main and riser busbar system and N/PE conductors
- Busbar supports for busbar system in roof or rear area, or for busbar extension
- Punched section without mounting flange for busbar supports in the riser section
- End cover Flat-PLS Longitudinal connector for Flat-PLS
- Connection system for Flat-PLS
- Connection components for air circuit-breakers on the busbar system or for T-connection
- Accessories for busbar system, e.g. stabiliser, mounting bracket, screws

- Busbar support, N conductor PE/PEN angle bracket Perforated cover plate with mounting bracket





#### **Coupling section**

Coupling switch sections (also known as busbar couplings with air circuit-breakers ACB) separate or connect different busbar systems in low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies. In the VX25 Ri4Power modular system, these coupling switch sections are comprised of a riser section and a circuitbreaker section for ACBs.

Due to the similarity of the two section types, the following selection criteria are virtually identical to those for a circuit-breaker section.

The following parameters must be known for dimensioning of the coupling switch sections for air circuit-breakers (ACBs):

- The rated current of the circuit Inc which the coupling switch section must carry under the chosen conditions
- The protection category of the enclosure and type of cooling
- The design of the ACB: Rack-mounted or static installation
- The number of poles in the coupling switch (with switched or unswitched neutral conductor)
- The make and model of the ACB
- The mounting position of the ACB
- The rated voltage of the circuit
- The required short-circuit withstand strength for the coupling switch.

With the rated current of the circuit, the protection category and type of cooling, together with the make and model of the ACB, you can calculate the required unit size from tables 40 - 47.

With the choice of unit and other mechanical parameters, this produces the minimum size of the enclosure for the circuitbreaker section. This information can likewise be found in tables 40 - 47. For enclosures with internal Form separation, the minimum compartment height is derived from the rated voltage of the unit.

The mounting position of the ACB is divided into:

- Position VT (in front of door), i.e. the control components are facing outwards from the enclosure door, thus allowing the ACB to be operated without opening the enclosure door.
- Position HT (behind the door) means that the ACB including the control components are completely inside the enclosure.

This means that for some switchgear positioned in front of the door, a version with a 600 mm enclosure depth would be possible, whereas for versions behind the door, only 800 mm deep enclosures are possible. A further restriction arises when using busbar systems in the rear section. Due to the set forward position of the connection kit of the main busbar system in relation to the ACB, some versions might only be possible in 800 mm deep enclosures, whereas with main busbar systems in the roof or rear centre section, a 600 mm deep enclosure would also be possible.



In addition to the ACB, control and measurement equipment with a maximum heat loss of 50 W may be installed in the coupling switch section.

The size of the riser section is derived from the chosen main busbar system.

Coupling switch sections for the roof area from the modular VX25 Ri4Power system are comprised of VX25 enclosures with Form-separated, variable configuration with partial doors and inner compartmentalisation in a modular design and other required system accessories. Testing has verified that air circuit-breakers from ABB, Eaton, General Electric, Mitsubishi, Schneider Electric, Siemens, LSIS and Terasaki may be used. Coupling switch sections with rear centre section only have an internal Form separation in Form 1. The information provided in tables 40 – 47 in the Appendix applies to the choice of connection cross-sections. If Rittal has not made any particular stipulations regarding the required clearance at the sides, above and below the circuit-breakers, the equipment manufacturer's specifications should be observed.

The main busbar system may optionally be installed in the roof or rear centre section. When using partial doors, front trim panels with a protection category as per the technical specifications should be used for the upper and lower termination of the modular equipment.

The detailed configuration of the coupling switch sections can be found in the valid VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

#### Note:

Table 40 – 47, see page 128 – 143 The equipment manufacturer's specifications must be observed.

# Push-in conductor connection clamps

Simple, tool-free cable connection



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# THE FUSE-SWITCH DISCONNECTOR SECTION

#### For a reliable power supply

Distributing electrical energy as compactly as possible with maximum variability using fused switchgear – that is the task of the fuse-switch disconnector section.

- The VX25 Ri4Power modular switchgear system is fully prepared for fast, safe installation of fuse-switch disconnectors, sizes 00 to 3, from Jean Müller or ABB/ Siemens.
- The distribution busbar are economically dimensioned to meet the individual requirements. The main and distribution busbar systems can be configured for a short-circuit rating of up to 100 kA for 1 sec.
- Form 1 to Form 4b internal sub-division in the fuse-switch disconnector section, depending on customer requirements, is achieved via the optional selection of components.

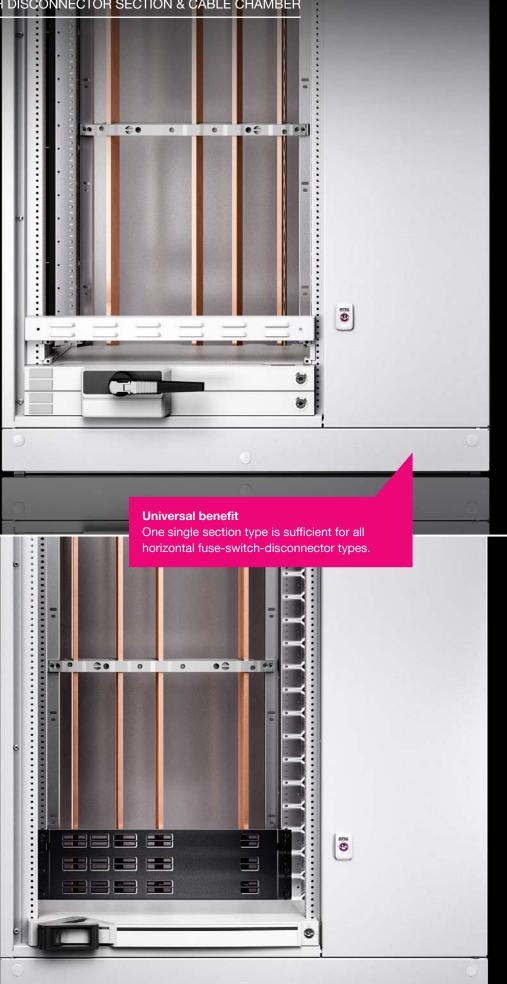
## THE CABLE CHAMBER

#### For distributing cables and lines

The cable chamber is used for routing cables and lines to the compartments.

- The extensive range of VX25 Ri4Power system accessories ensures exceptionally time-saving and flexible configuration.
- Depending on the main busbar system chosen, cable entry may be either from below, above, or below and above.
- Choose from a range of cable entry glands for the roof plate.

#### FUSE-SWITCH DISCONNECTOR SECTION & CABLE CHAMBER





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#### **Planning confidence**

The positioning of the vertical section is identical for all fuse-switch-disconnector types. This means the system is fully planned and implemented independently of the fuse-switch-disconnector manufacturer that is subsequently chosen.

#### **Combination benefits**

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The fuse-switch disconnector section is available with integral cable chamber, fully pre-configured, including partitioning. No additional accessories are required. Benefits: Space-efficient and time-saving.



Connecting PE or N conductors by directly screw-fastening the bar supports to the frame section ensures an identical, consistent arrangement of bars in the rear or front enclosure area across all section types. 0

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#### **Basic framework**

- Fuse-switch-disconnector enclosure, 2000 mm high, from the VX25 baying enclosure system
   Base/plinth, 100 mm or 200 mm high, from the VX base/plinth system

- system
  Base/plinth trim panel, side
  Side panel(s)
  Baying with bracket, block or
- connector Door lock(s) from the fastener system Cable entries

#### Compartment

Supplied already populated

#### Busbar system

- Flat copper busbars (Flat-PLS) for main and distributor busbar system and N/PE conductors Busbar supports for busbar
- system in roof or rear section Busbar support, end bracket and cover for fuse-switch disconnector section
- End cover Flat-PLS
- Longitudinal connector for Flat-PLS
- Flat-PLS Connection components for T-connector Busbar support, N conductor PE/PEN angle bracket Perforated cover plate with

- mounting bracket





#### **Fuse-switch disconnector section**

The fuse-switch disconnector sections with vertical distribution busbar systems are suitable for accommodating plug-type NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors of the following brands:

- ABB, type Slimline XR and XR gold
- Jean Müller, type Sasil plus
- Siemens, type 3NJ
- and
- Device modules from Jean Müller

The distribution busbar system may be configured with the following bar dimensions (see table 8). Resulting from this, the allocated rated currents  $I_{nc}$  with a maximum protection category IP 3X for this section type may be used:

### Table 8: Rated current $I_{nc}$ and short-circuit withstand strength $I_{cw}$ of the vertical distribution busbar in the NH slimline fuse-switch disconnector section

Dimensions of busbars	Max. rated current I <sub>nc</sub>	Rated short-circuit withstand strength I <sub>cw</sub> with support spacing 300 mm	Rated short-circuit withstand strength $I_{cw}$ with support spacing 500 mm
60 x 10 mm	1250 A	75 kA, 1 sec.	50 kA, 1 sec.
80 x 10 mm	1600 A	85 kA, 1 sec.	60 kA, 1 sec.
100 x 10 mm	2100 A	100 kA, 1 sec.	70 kA, 1 sec.

The rated currents  $I_{nc}$  also apply to the protection category IP 2X. The switchgear manufacturer's current specifications determine the maximum packaging density when populated with NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors. The NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors sizes 00 to 3 should be arranged from top to bottom (top = small sizes).

The maximum admissible rated operating current of the NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors depending on the NH fuse insert used and the minimum connection crosssection may be taken from the table below.

Size	Max. device rated current In	Rated current of fuse In1	Max. rated current Inc	Minimum connection cross-section
Size 00	160 A	up to 20 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	25 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	4 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	35 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	6 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	50 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	10 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	63 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	16 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	80 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	25 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	100 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	35 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	125 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 00	160 A	160 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	70 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 1	250 A	160 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	Cf. size 00
Size 1	250 A	224 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	95 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 1	250 A	250 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	120 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 2	400 A	200 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	Cf. size 00 – 1
Size 2	400 A	224 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	120 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 2	400 A	250 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	120 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 2	400 A	315 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	185 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 2	400 A	400 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	240 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 3	630 A	315 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	Cf. size 00 – 2
Size 3	630 A	400 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	240 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 3	630 A	500 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	2x 150 mm <sup>2</sup>
Size 3	630 A	630 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	2x 185 mm <sup>2</sup>

#### Table 9: Rating data for NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors from ABB/Jean Müller

#### **Fuse-switch disconnector section**

The rated diversity factors are calculated according to the number of outgoing feeders used per section (in accordance with IEC 61 439-2, Table 101).

#### Table 10: Rated diversity factor RDF of NH slimline fuseswitch disconnectors from ABB/Jean Müller depending on the number of NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors per section

No. of NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors	Rated diversity factor RDF
2 and 3	0.9
4 and 5	0.8
6 to 9	0.7
10 or more	0.6

The enclosure depth and enclosure height are irrelevant to the diversity of the section outgoing feeders. The section dimensions and the width of the cable chamber may therefore be selected independently of the section diversity. Depending on the main busbar system chosen, it may be necessary to use enclosures with a depth of 800 mm.

Fuse-switch disconnector sections with a vertical distribution busbar system from the modular VX25 Ri4Power range are comprised of VX25 enclosures with Form-separated, variable configuration and inner compartmentalisation in a modular design and other required system accessories.

In line with testing to the valid standard, only the aforementioned brands may be used.

The main busbar system may optionally be installed in the roof or rear centre section.

The detailed configuration of the fuse-switch disconnector sections with vertical distribution busbar system may be found in the valid VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

#### Note:

The equipment manufacturer's specifications must be observed.

#### Cable chamber

The cable chamber is designed for the cable management of outgoing feeder sections. Bayed to the side of the modular enclosure, it is used to route the cables and also for insertion into the individual compartments. The cable chamber may also be used independently of the modular enclosure inside VX25 Ri4Power systems for general cable management.

The use of Form 4b connection spaces is mandatory for compliance with Form 4b. Form 4b connection spaces are fitted onto the side panel modules of the compartments of modular outgoing feeder sections. For this reason, when planning a combination of a modular outgoing feeder section and a cable chamber, we recommend treating them as one transport unit.

For inner compartmentalisation with Form 2b, 3b, 4a and 4b, the main busbar system routed through the cable chamber should be separated by covers. Depending on the configuration of the entire system, the main busbar system of the cable chamber may be routed in the roof section. If an enclosure variant with forced ventilation is chosen, with a cable chamber bayed to the side of a modular enclosure, a vented roof plate must not be used, as this would prevent ventilation of the modular enclosure compartment.

A detailed configuration of the cable chambers can be found in the valid VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

#### Note:

The equipment manufacturer's specifications must be observed.

#### **Distribution busbar section**

The distribution busbar section is used for the vertical routing of busbars within a section, e.g. for supplying power to adjacent modular panels.

- With its extensive range of connection parts, the VX25 Ri4Power System supports the quick and easy connection of many different conductor materials
- A very narrow construction width of just 400 mm is supported
- The busbar positions of the main and distribution busbars are maintained.

The distribution busbar section with a vertically routed busbar system should only be fitted with a distribution busbar system with an identical design to the main busbar system. Furthermore, this section type is only possible for low-voltage systems with a main busbar system in the roof section.

For dimensioning the distribution busbar section with a vertically routed busbar system, the following parameters must be known:

- Model and configuration of the main busbar system
- The required rated current Inc for the vertical distribution busbar system under the selected conditions
- The protection category of the enclosure and type of cooling
- The required short-circuit resistance of the distribution busbar system

When designing the short-circuit withstand strength for the distribution busbar system, the standard states it is admissible to reduce the short-circuit withstand strength compared with the main busbar system, so that it is still greater than the on-state values of the protective devices connected downstream.

For the rated current  $I_{\rm nc}$  of the distribution busbar system, the specified rated values should be applied for use as a main busbar system, with due regard for the enclosure protection category and cooling.

A detailed configuration can be found in the valid VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

#### Note:

The equipment manufacturer's specifications must be observed.



#### **Riser section**

The riser section is used to relocate the position of the main busbar busbar system from the roof to the rear, and vice versa.

- Simple, fast assembly with functional bar supports
- The use of standard copper busbars helps to significantly reduce costs
- The full range of VX25 Ri4Power system accessories is also available

The following parameters must be known:

- Model and configuration of the main busbar system
   Enclosure protection category and type of cooling

Busbar risers from the modular VX25 Ri4Power system are comprised of VX25 enclosures with inner separation in a modular design and other required system accessories. With this section type, the main busbar system can link the busbar positions in the roof section or rear section together.

A detailed configuration can be found in the valid VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

#### Note:

The equipment manufacturer's specifications must be observed.



#### **Corner section**

The corner section allows you to create a right-angled VX25 Ri4Power switchgear assembly.

- Ideal for maximising the existing switchgear installation space Consistent continuation of the system benefits associated with the VX25 Ri4Power system translates into significant
- time and material savings ■ May be designed as an internal or external corner section

The corner section is designed for right-angled deflection of the main busbar system. The main busbar system may optionally be arranged in the central roof or rear section, depending on the system configuration.

A detailed configuration can be found in the valid VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

#### Note:

The equipment manufacturer's specifications must be observed.





#### **Blank section**

To accommodate reserves

The empty panel only contains the main busbar system for the central roof or rear section and is used for retro-fitting components.

- Supports enclosure widths from 400 mm to 1200 mm
   The full range of VX25 Ri4Power system benefits are available to use



## **Rittal – The System.**

Faster – better – everywhere.

**ENCLOSURES** 

POWER DISTRIBUTION

**CLIMATE CONTROL** 

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# VX25 Ri4Power 185 mm – for more reliable power distribution

The VX25 Ri4Power 185 mm busbar system for rated currents of up to 2100 A provides ideal requirements for the compact, secure assembly of power distributors with due regard for financial aspects and the requirements of standard IEC 61 439.

The system technology is based on 185 mm bar centre distance and facilitates fast, reliable installation using standardised components and simple assembly techniques. Many items are available in sets to suit any enclosure width, and include all the necessary components for configuring the system in the enclosure, including the contact hazard protection cover plate. The busbar support is positioned using the system attachments to avoid any loss of configuration space. The entire enclosure width is available to use. Other user-friendly features include no-drill assembly and simple adaptation to various bar cross-sections. Allowance is also made for the arrangement of the busbars, with full integration into the contact hazard protection system.

The VX25 Ri4Power 185 mm busbar system is project planned using the Rittal Power Engineering configuration software, available as an online tool on the Rittal website. Once project planning is complete, an individual design verification is easily generated with this software.



**IT INFRASTRUCTURE** 

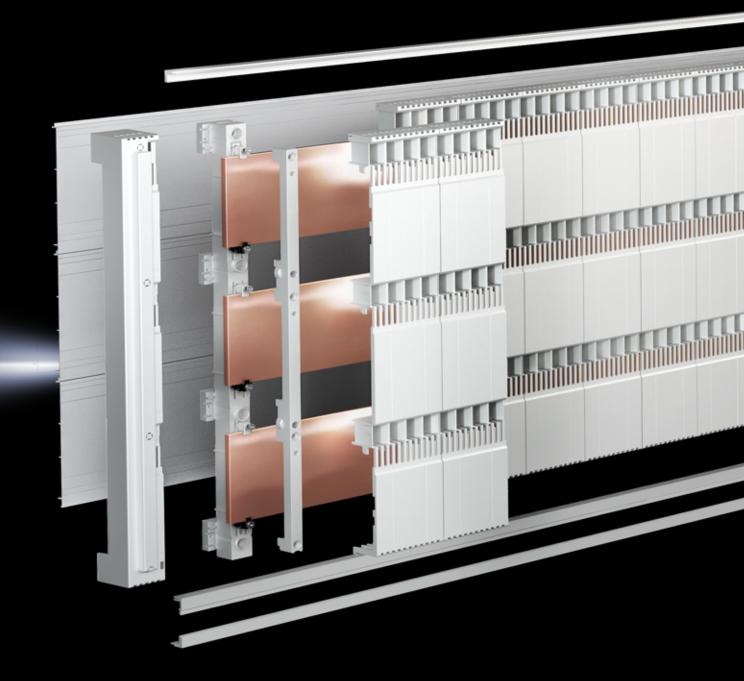
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ALC: NO.

# System assembly – No drilling required

The busbar system is quickly and conveniently installed in the enclosure in just three steps:

- Position the system attachment in the enclosure
- Secure the busbar assembly
- Clip the cover system into place



#### **Busbar support**

- For busbar dimensions ranging from 40 x 10 to 120 x 10 mm
- The support may be top-mounted with components using the pitch pattern of the cover system
- Rated short-time withstand current I<sub>cw</sub> up to 50 kA
- Rated busbar currents of up to 2100 A
- Mounting via system attachment in the VX25 baying enclosure system, no drilling required



#### Cover section

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- Contact hazard protection up to IP 2XB (safe from finger-contact)
- Integral busbar shielding to prevent accidental arcing
- Secure positioning of the top-mounting components, thanks to centring device
- New contact system allows components to be top-mounted on the cover section
- Components are easily retrofitted without removing the cover section



#### **Base tray**

- For rear contact hazard protection of the busbar assembly
- For optimum all-round contact hazard protection in conjunction with the cover section
- Prepared ready to install, fits VX25 baying enclosure system widths from 600 mm to 1200 mm

# The perfect-fit adaptor system

#### Connection and component adaptors for tested, safe connection at high currents

- For air circuit-breakers up to 630 A and 1600 A
- Direct connection of various conductor types
- No-drill connection system to the busbar



## Busbar connection adaptors and connection blocks

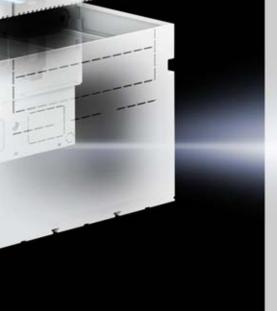
- Compact, fast connection of cables and lines
- Suitable for various types of conductor
- With standardised contact hazard protection cover plates



#### Component adaptors for compact circuit-breakers

- Two sizes up to 630 A and 1600 A
- Variants for clamping or screw attachment
- Make contact without drilling
- Ideal for incoming and outgoing circuits





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#### **Connector kit and transformer**

- Form-fit, prepared for switch brands ABB, Eaton, Schneider Electric, Siemens
- Preassembled connector kits from the adaptor to the circuit-breaker
- Optional integration of a current transformer
- Complete contact hazard protection in the inlet and outlet zones



# Disconnect and switch with one device

The NH slimline switch-disconnectors for operator-independent disconnection and switching with fuses

- Integral quick-break contact with double-break ensures safe operation
- User-friendly cable connection from above or below
- May be combined with component adaptors and NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors



## NH slimline switch-disconnectors

- Suitable for fuse sizes 00 to 3
- No-drill contacting with clamping screw attachment
- Optionally with electronic fuse monitoring

## Operator-independent switch element

- Fast switching operation with quick-break contact
- Double-break allows fuse replacement with the system de-energised
- Lid lock can only be released with a tool
- Integral switch position display

#### **Cable connection space**

- User-friendly cable connection optionally from above or below
- Connection of various conductor types
- Extended contact hazard protection for the connection space

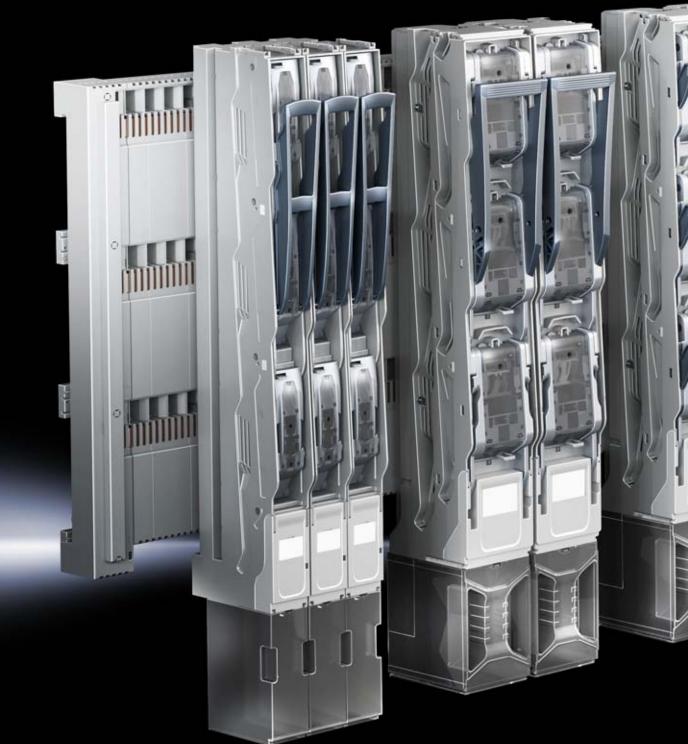




# Fuse elements to suit all situations

The system of NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors is based on separate air routing for heat dissipation, and targeted removal of switching gases.

- Simple device assembly
- Single-pole or 3-pole, switchable
- Optimum contact hazard protection



## NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors, sizes 00 to 3

- Single-pole and 3-pole switchable variants
- Symmetrical layout for cable outlet at the top and bottom
- Optional integration of current transformers
- Versions with and without fuse monitoring
- Self-closing voltage testing holes
- Prepared for multiple lead seals
- Hinged terminal cover
- Cascadable connection space extension
- Simple conversion of the bolt or screw connections
- Contact hazard-proof fuse contacts with the top section dismantled
- Optional micro-switch monitoring of the cover switch position







## VX25 Ri4Power 185 mm

The admissible rated operating current  $I_{nc}$  of the devices installed on the VX25 Ri4Power 185 mm busbar system depends on the type of protection of the switchgear and the number of devices.

Details can be taken from the following table.

Table 11: Data table of admissible rated current Inc
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Model No.	Designation	Туре	Devices In		IP2X vent. I <sub>nc</sub> 1)	IP2X	IP54 vent. I <sub>nc</sub> 1)	IP54	Heat loss at I <sub>n</sub>
SV 9677.500	Busbar support	40 x 10	-	l <sub>cw</sub> 50 kA	1100	980	1100	920	-
SV 9677.500	Busbar support	60 x 10	_	l <sub>cw</sub> 50 kA	1390	1220	1390	1130	-
SV 9677.500	Busbar support	80 x 10	_	l <sub>cw</sub> 50 kA	1660	1420	1660	1320	-
SV 9677.500	Busbar support	100 x 10	_	l <sub>cw</sub> 50 kA	1930	1570	1930	1490	-
SV 9677.500	Busbar support	120 x 10	_	I <sub>cw</sub> 50 kA	2180	1680	2180	1600	-
SV 9677.770	Adaptor ABB	XT5L	630	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	530	630	490	-
SV 9677.710	Adaptor ABB	XT7	1600	I <sub>cc</sub> 50 kA	1440	1200	1440	1100	231
SV 9677.770	Adaptor Eaton	NZM3	630	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	580	630	550	-
SV 9677.710	Adaptor Eaton	NZM4	1600	I <sub>cc</sub> 50 kA	1540	1370	1540	1220	291
SV 9677.770	Adaptor Schneider Electric	NSX630	630	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	580	630	550	-
SV 9677.700	Adaptor Schneider Electric	NS1000	1000	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	1000	1000	1000	990	-
SV 9677.710	Adaptor Schneider Electric	NS1600	1600	I <sub>cc</sub> 50 kA	1390	1240	1390	1075	222
SV 9677.770	Adaptor Siemens	3VA2463	630	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	550	630	525	-
SV 9677.710	Adaptor Siemens	3VL8	1600	l <sub>cc</sub> 50 kA	1250	1140	1250	1030	-
SV 9677.000/.010	Fuse-switch-disconnector, single	NH 00	160	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	160	160	160	160	28
SV 9677.100/.110	Fuse-switch-disconnector, single	NH 1	250	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	250	250	250	250	24
SV 9677.200/.210	Fuse-switch-disconnector, single	NH 2	400	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	400	375	400	335	60
SV 9677.300/.310	Fuse-switch-disconnector, single	NH 3	630	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	555	630	490	118
SV 9677.000/.010	Fuse-switch disconnector, group	NH 00	160	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	160	160	160	160	28
SV 9677.100/.110	Fuse-switch disconnector, group	NH 1	250	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	250	250	250	250	24
SV 9677.200/.210	Fuse-switch disconnector, group	NH 2	400	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	400	360	400	310	60
SV 9677.300/.310	Fuse-switch disconnector, group	NH 3	630	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	470	630	420	118
SV 9677.06X/.07X	Slimline switch-disconnector, single	NH 00	160	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	160	160	160	160	55
SV 9677.16X	Slimline switch-disconnector, single	NH 1	250	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	250	250	250	250	80
SV 9677.26X	Slimline switch-disconnector, single	NH 2	400	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	400	400	400	385	220
SV 9677.36X	Slimline switch-disconnector, single	NH 3	630	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	580	630	550	250
SV 9677.06X/.07X	Slimline switch-disconnector, group	NH 00	160	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	160	160	160	130	55
SV 9677.16X	Slimline switch-disconnector, group	NH 1	250	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	250	250	250	250	80
SV 9677.26X	Slimline switch-disconnector, group	NH 2	400	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	400	365	400	315	220
SV 9677.36X	Slimline switch-disconnector, group	NH 3	630	I <sub>cc</sub> 100 kA	630	510	630	380	250
SV 9677.900	Connection adaptor	800	800	I <sub>peak</sub> 52 kA	800	770	800	710	270
SV 9677.905	Connection adaptor	1400	1400	I <sub>peak</sub> 107 kA I <sub>cw</sub> 40 kA	1400	1130	1400	1070	550
SV 9677.910	Connection block	1600	1600	I <sub>peak</sub> 109 kA I <sub>cw</sub> 51 kA	1600	1600	1600	1520	_
SV 9677.915	Connection block	1000	1000	I <sub>peak</sub> 107 kA I <sub>cw</sub> 50 kA	1000	1000	1000	1000	_
SV 9677.920	Connection block	1600	1600	l <sub>peak</sub> 107 kA I <sub>cw</sub> 50 kA	1600	1500	1600	1350	_

<sup>1)</sup> A fan-and-filter unit SK 3244.100 must be used to achieve the values (1 per door).

## VX25 Ri4Power 185 mm

Model No.		9677.000 9677.010 9677.025	9677.100 9677.110	9677.200 9677.210	9677.300 9677.310	9677.340	
Size (NH fuse inserts to IEC/EN 60 2	00	1	2	3	3		
Rated operating current le		160 A	250 A	400 A	630 A	1250 A	
Rated operating voltage Ue		690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	
Rated insulation voltage Ui		1000 V	1000 V	1000 V	1000 V	1000 V	
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uin	qr	8 kV	8 kV	8 kV	8 kV	12 kV	
Contamination level		3	3	3	3	3	
Overvoltage category at 1000 V		III	III		III	IV	
Overvoltage category at 690 V Star		IV	IV	IV	IV	IV	
Rated frequency		50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	
Conditional rated short-circuit	at 500 V AC	100 kA	120 kA	120 kA	100 kA	120 kA	
current (when protected with fuse inserts)	at 690 V AC	100 kA	100 kA	100 kA	80 kA	100 kA	
	400 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-20B	
Utilisation category	500 V AC	AC-22B	AC-22B	AC-22B	AC-22B	AC-20B	
Othisation category	690 V AC	AC-21B (125 A)	AC-22B	AC-22B	AC-21B1)	AC-20B	
	1000 V DC <sup>1)</sup>	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B <sup>2)</sup>	
Mechanical life (switching cycles)		1400	1400	800	800	800	
Contact hazard protection - operatin	ng area, front	IP 20	IP 20	IP 20	IP 20	IP 20	
Siting conditions		Indoor siting: Humidity 50% at 40 °C or 90% at 20 °C (without condensation due to temperature fluctuations) to IEC/EN 60 947-A, section 6 and pollution degree 3					
Admissible ambient temperature for and storage			-25 °C+55 °C				
PV max/fuse insert		12 W	23 W	34 W	48 W	48 W	

#### Table 12: NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors, size 00 to 3 (185 mm)

<sup>2)</sup> 800 V DC

#### Table 13: NH slimline switch-disconnectors, size 00 to 3 (185 mm)

Model No.	9677.060 9677.070	9677.160	9677.260	9677.360		
Size (NH fuse inserts to IEC/EN 60 2	269-2)	00	1	2	3	
Rated operating current le		160 A	250 A	400 A	630 A	
Rated operating voltage Ue		690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub>		1000 V	1000 V	1000 V	1000 V	
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uir	np	8 kV	12 kV	12 kV	12 kV	
Contamination level		3	3	3	3	
Overvoltage category at 1000 V		IV	IV	IV	IV	
Overvoltage category at 690 V Star		III	IV	IV	IV	
Rated frequency		50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	
Conditional rated short-circuit current (when protected with fuse inserts)	at 500 V AC	120 kA	120 kA	120 kA	120 kA	
	at 690 V AC	100 kA	100 kA	100 kA	100 kA	
	400 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	
Utilisation category	500 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	
Ounsation category	690 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	
	1000 V DC <sup>1)</sup>	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B	
Mechanical life (switching cycles)		1400	1400	800	800	
Contact hazard protection - operati	ng area, front	IP 30	IP 30	IP 30	IP 30	
Siting conditions		Indoor siting: Humidity 50% at 40 °C or 90% at 20 °C (without condensation due to temperature fluctuations) to IEC/EN 60 947-A, section 6 and pollution degree 3				
Admissible ambient temperature for and storage	shipping	-25 °C+55 °C				
PV max/fuse insert		12 W	32 W	45 W	48 W	

<sup>1)</sup> With NH fuse size 3 (500 A) <sup>2)</sup> 800 V DC

# VX25 Ri4Power 185 mm

### Table 14: NH slimline switch-disconnectors, size 00 to 3 (185 mm)

Model No.		9677.065 9677.075	9677.165	9677.265	9677.365		
Size (NH fuse inserts to IEC/EN 60 2		00	1	2	3		
Rated operating current le		160 A	250 A	400 A	500 A		
Rated operating voltage Ue		690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC		
Rated insulation voltage Ui		1000 V	1000 V	1000 V	1000 V		
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uim	ip	8 kV	12 kV	12 kV	12 kV		
Contamination level		3	3	3	3		
Overvoltage category at 1000 V		IV	IV	IV	IV		
Overvoltage category at 690 V Star		III	IV	IV	IV		
Rated frequency		50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz	50 – 60 Hz		
Conditional rated short-circuit current (when protected with fuse inserts)	at 500 V AC	120 kA	120 kA	120 kA	120 kA		
	at 690 V AC	100 kA	100 kA	100 kA	100 kA		
	400 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B		
Litilization actagon	500 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B		
Utilisation category	690 V AC	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B	AC-23B		
	1000 V DC <sup>1)</sup>	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B	DC-20B		
Mechanical life (switching cycles)		1400	1400	800	800		
Contact hazard protection – operatir at the front	ng area	IP 30	IP 30	IP 30	IP 30		
Siting conditions		Indoor siting: Humidity 50% at 40 °C or 90% at 20 °C (without condensation due to temperature fluctuations) to IEC/EN 60 947-A, section 6 and pollution degree 3					
Admissible ambient temperature for and storage	shipping		-25 °(	C+55 ℃			
PV max/fuse insert		12 W	32 W	45 W	48 W		

<sup>1)</sup> With NH fuse size 3 (500 A) <sup>2)</sup> 800 V DC

# **VX25 POWER ENGINEERING**

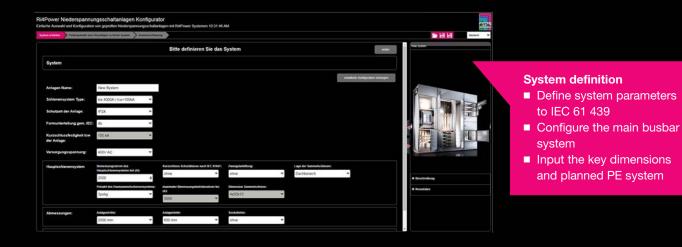
### The ultimate in user-friendly planning

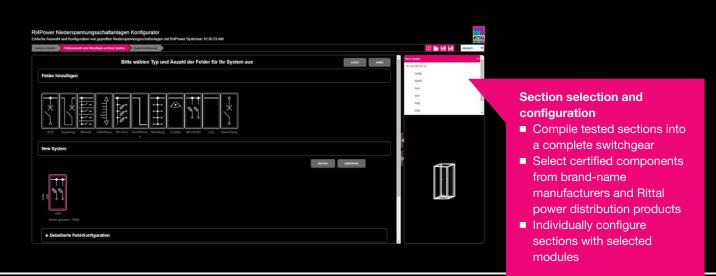
Our Power Engineering planning tool heralds a new era. Just like the underlying VX25, our VX25 Power Engineering planning software sets new standards when planning lowvoltage switchgear. The Web-based tool guides users quickly and efficiently through the entire planning process in simple, logical steps. The free online tool can be found on the Rittal website at www.rittal.de/planungssoftware

### The benefits to you:

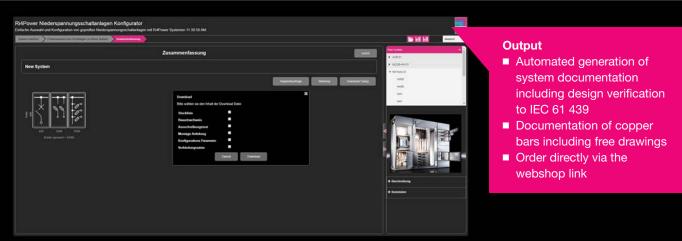
- The Web-based application ensures up-to-the-minute planning data
- System configuration in either a simplified or detailed version
- Parts list and assembly based on a specific set of rules
- Automatic calculation and documentation of the copper busbars
- Generation of a design verification to IEC 61 439
- System documentation including assembly instructions
- Order immediately via a direct link to the online webshop
- Technical service support, including free assistance with project planning and quote preparation
- All planning data stored locally on your computer











#### Rittal Technical System Catalogue/Power distribution

### Explanation of the design code

The VX25 Power Engineering planning tool generates an individual design code for the planned switchgear. The code defines the design of the following connections:

- Connection of the switches to the infeed and main busbar system (Model No. 9686.912)
- Connection of the distribution busbar system to the main busbar system (Model No. 9686.924)

The Model Number and design code are then combined to form the version code for the relevant connection.

Example of a switch connection

Model number	9686.912
Design code	A8068A0S3A3VV661N41111
Version code	9686.912 + A8068A0S3A3VV661N41111

### Meaning of the design code

The design code for the switch connection (SV 9686.912) is comprised of 22 digits with the following meanings and selection options:

Meaning	Code	Value			A80	68A0S3A3VV661N41111		
Section type					A	ACB section – Roof section		
	А	ACB section – Roof section						
	В	ACB section – Rear section						
	G	CB generator section						
	Н	ACB section – Roof section coupling						
	I	ACB section – Rear section coupling						
Section width					8	800		
	4	400						
	6	600						
	8	800						
	0	1000						
	2	1200						
Section height					0	2000		
	0	2000						
	2	2200						
Section depth					6	600		
	6	600						
	8	800						
Busbar location, bottom					8	Cable connection		
	0	None						
	8	Cable connection						
	9	Directly beneath the switch						
Busbar system, bottom					A	Maxi-PLS 45 S	1600 A	3-pole
	А	Maxi-PLS 45 S	1600 A	3-pole				
	В	Maxi-PLS 45 S	1600 A	4-pole				
	С	Maxi-PLS 45	2000 A	3-pole				
	D	Maxi-PLS 45	2000 A	4-pole				
	E	Maxi-PLS 60	3200 A	3-pole				
	F	Maxi-PLS 60	3200 A	4-pole				
		30 x 10		3-pole				
	J	30 x 10		4-pole				
	K	40 x 10		3-pole				
	L	40 x 10		4-pole				
	М	50 x 10		3-pole				
	N	50 x 10		4-pole				1
	0	60 x 10		3-pole				
	Р	60 x 10		4-pole				
	Z	Other or no busbar system						

### Explanation of the design code

Meaning	Code	Value	A80	68A0S3A3VV661N41111	
No. of supports and bars			0	None	
at the bottom					
	0	None			
	2	One support with 2 bars	 		
	4	One support with 4 bars	 		
	9	Two supports with 4 bars			
Switch brand			 S	Siemens	
	A	ABB			
	J	Mitsubishi			
	М	Schneider			
	S	Siemens			
	Т	Terasaki			
	E	Eaton			
	G	GE			
	L	LSIS			
Switch size (according to manufacturer information)			3	BG3	
· · · · · ·	0	BG0			
	1	BG1/none			1
	2	BG2			1
	3	BG3			1
	4	BG4			
Switch rated current In			A	630 A	
	А	630 A			
	B	800 A			
	C	1000 A			-
	D	1250 A			
	E	1600 A			-
			 		-
	F	2000 A			
	G	2500 A			_
	H	3200 A	 		_
	I	4000 A			
	J	5000 A	 		_
	K	6300 A	 		
Switch version			3	Fixed 3-pole	
	3	Fixed 3-pole			
	4	Fixed 4-pole			
	5	Fixed 3-pole with unswitched N			
	6	Slide-in, 3-pole			
	8	Slide-in, 4-pole			
	9	Slide-in,			
		3-pole with unswitched N	 		<u> </u>
Switch connection contacts			 V	Vertical	
	Н	Horizontal	 		
	V	Vertical			
Switch installation			 V	In front of door	
	V	In front of door	 		
	Н	Behind door			
Compartment height below switch			6	600	
	4	400			
	6	600			1
Compartment height for switch			6	600	1
	6	600			+
	8	800			+
	0	1000	 		 +

### Explanation of the design code

Meaning	Code	Value			A806	68A0S3A3VV661N41111		
Busbar location, top					1	Roof section		
	0	None						
	1	Roof section						
	3	Rear centre section, 2100 A						
	5	Rear centre section, 4000 A						
	8	Cable connection						
Busbar system, top					Ν	50 x 10	0	4-pole
	А	Maxi-PLS 45S	1600 A	3-pole				
	В	Maxi-PLS 45S	1600 A	4-pole				
	С	Maxi-PLS 45	2000 A	3-pole				
	D	Maxi-PLS 45	2000 A	4-pole				
	E	Maxi-PLS 60	3200 A	3-pole				-
	F	Maxi-PLS 60	3200 A	4-pole				-
	I	30 x 10		3-pole				1
	J	30 x 10		4-pole				
	К	40 x 10		3-pole				
	L	40 x 10		4-pole				
	М	50 x 10		3-pole				
	N	50 x 10		4-pole				
	0	60 x 10		3-pole				
	Р	60 x 10		4-pole				
	Z	Other or no busbar system						
No. of supports and bars at the top					4	One support with 4 bars		
	0	None						
	2	One support with 2 bars						-
	4	One support with 4 bars						-
	9	Two supports with 4 bars						-
Supply includes connection bracket, top					1	yes		
	0	no						-
	1	yes						
Supply includes connector kit, top					1	yes		
1	0	no						
	1	yes						-
Supply includes connector kit, bottom					1	yes		1
	0	no						1
	1	yes						1
Supply includes connection bracket, bottom					1	yes		1
	0	no						
	1	yes						1

### Explanation of the design code

The design code for the distribution busbar connection (SV 9686.924) is comprised of 15 digits with the following meaning and selection options:

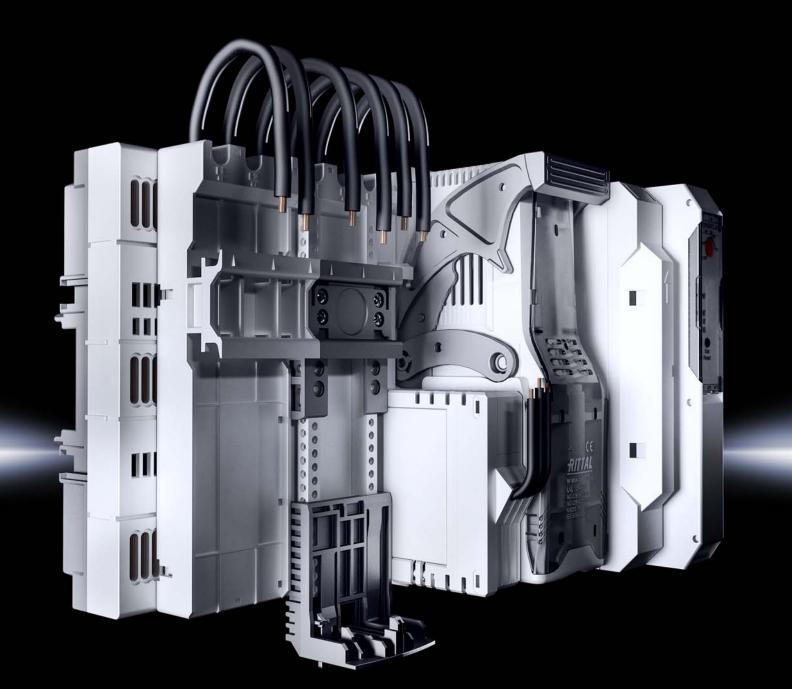
Meaning	Code	Value		N	<b>M82</b> 6	64I6J411HM4Q	
Section type				Ν	M	Module section	
	М	Module section					
	N	NH section ABB JM					
	0	Riser section					
	Р	Distribution busbar section					
	Q	Corner section					
	R	Design 2					
	S	External connection HSS roof					
Section width				8	3	800	
	4	400					
	6	600					
	8	800					
	0	1000					
	2	1200					
Section height				2	2	2200	
	0	2000					
	2	2200					
Section depth				6	5	600	
· · ·	6	600					
	8	800					
Busbar location, HSS				1	1	Roof section	
	1	Roof section					
	5	Rear centre section					
Busbar system, HSS				1		30 x 10	3-pole
- <u> </u>	1	30 x 10	3-ро	ole			
	J	30 x 10	4-pc				
	М	50 x 10	3-ро				
	N	50 x 10	4-pc				
	Z	Other					
Busbar strands HSS				6	6	6	<u> </u>
	1	1					1
	2	2					
	3	3					1
	4	4					1
	5	5					1
	6	6					1
	7	7					1
	8	8					1

### Explanation of the design code

Meaning	Code	Value			M82	64I6J411HM4Q	
Busbar system VSS					J	30 x 10	4-pole
5	Α	PLS 1600		3-pole			
	В	PLS 1600		4-pole			
	G	30 x 05		3-pole			
	Н	30 x 05		4-pole			
	I	30 x 10		3-pole			
	J	30 x 10		4-pole			
	М	50 x 10		3-pole			
	Ν	50 x 10		4-pole			
	0	60 x 10		3-pole			
	Р	60 x 10		4-pole			
	Q	80 x 10		3-pole			
	R	80 x 10		4-pole			
	S	100 x 10		3-pole			
	Т	100 x 10		4-pole			
	Z	Other or no busbar system					
Busbar strands VSS	<u> </u>				4	4	
	0	0					
	1	1					
	2	2					
	4	4					
Busbar location incoming left					1	Roof section	
	1	Roof section			•		
	5	Rear centre section					
Busbar location outgoing right	0				1	Roof section	
	1	Roof section			•		
	5	Rear centre section					
External connection	0				Н	1600 A 2 x 60 x 10 Z	4-pole
	Z	without busbar system					
	A	30 x 10 Z	630 A	3-pole			
	B	30 x 10 Z	630 A	4-pole			
	C	50 x 10 Z	1000 A				
	D	50 x 10 Z	1000 A				
	E	60 x 10 Z	1250 A				
	F	60 x 10 Z	1250 A				
	G	2 x 60 x 10 Z	1600 A				
	Н	2 x 60 x 10 Z	1600 A		-		
N/PEN busbar dimenions			1000 A	+ 000	M	50 x 10	
	М	50 x 10					
	Z	Other or no busbar system					
No. of strands N	۷	State of the busbal system			4	4	
	0	0			-		
	1	1					
	2	2					
	3	3					
	4	4					
PE dimension	4	4			Q	80 x 10	
	Z	Other or pe bueber system			Q		
		Other or no busbar system					
	G	30 x 5					
	I	30 x 10					
		40 x 10		-	1		
	K	40 X 10					

# **RiLine Compact**

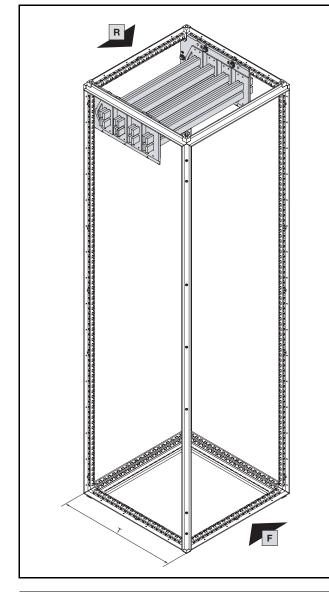
The smart power distribution system



### System overview of the main busbar

### Busbar routing in the roof section

Installation variants in the roof section



Busbar dimensions mm	Baying	Model No.
30 x 10		9686.000
30 x 10	-	9686.010
50 x 10		9686.030
50 x 10	_	9686.040

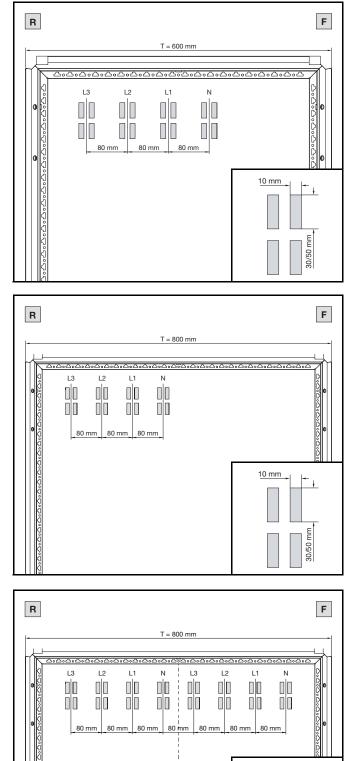
front view

rear view



R

 $\mathsf{T} = \mathsf{D}$ 



10 mm

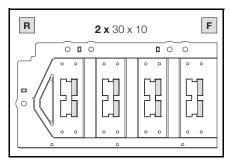
|<u>+</u>

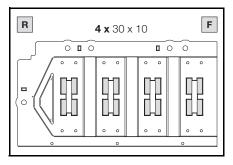
30/50 mm

### System overview of the main busbar

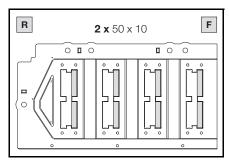
### Busbar routing in the roof section

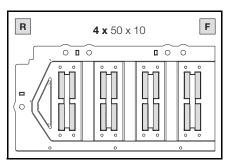
Population of busbar support 30 x 10



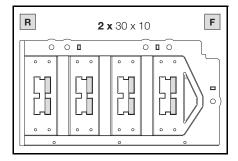


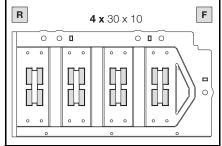
Population of busbar support 50 x 10



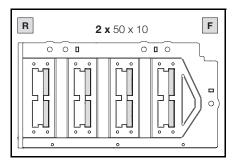


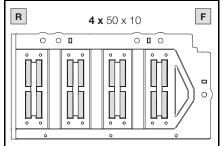
### Population of busbar support 30 x 10 with mounting plate





Population of busbar support 50 x 10 with mounting plate

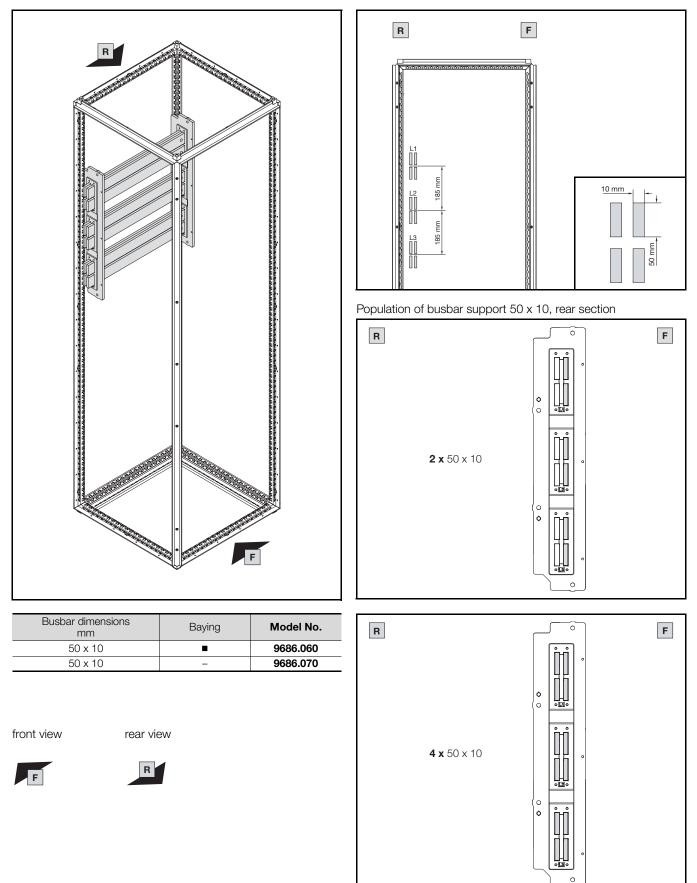




### System overview of the main busbar

### Busbar routing in the rear centre section

Installation variants in the rear section



### System overview of the main busbar

### **Busbar rated currents**

The admissible rated operating currents Inc of the usable busbar systems have been tested with the following values, with due regard for the enclosure, the installation situation inside the enclosure, the protection category and cooling. Based on the extended test conditions compared with the test conditions in DIN 43 671 (busbars laid in free air), this produces rated values that deviate from standard DIN 43 671.

#### Table 15: Inc of main busbar (roof section)4)

	IP 54				IP 2X			IP 54 vent./IP 2X vent.			
Busbar	30 K	70 K	95 K	30 K	70 K	95 K	30 K	70 K	85 K	l <sub>cw</sub>	
		[A]			[A]			[A]			
4 x 50 x 10	1525	2410	2860	1625	2585	3010	2350	3520	3840	100 kA <sup>5)</sup>	
2 x 50 x 10	1160	1780	2040	1200	1800	2250	1660	2500	2700	65 kA <sup>5)</sup>	
4 x 30 x 10	1220	1920	2250	1320	2150	2480	1820	2740	3000	70 kA <sup>5)</sup>	
2 x 30 x 10	840	1320	1530	900	1440	1680	1250	1840	2000	50 kA <sup>6)</sup>	

<sup>4)</sup> Module fields up to 800 mm wide and 70 kA without a third support in the main busbar

<sup>5)</sup> From an enclosure width of 800 mm, a third support must be installed floating in the centre of the field

<sup>6)</sup> From an enclosure width of 1000 mm, a third support must be installed floating in the centre of the field

#### Table 16: Inc of main busbar (rear centre section)

	IP 54				IP 2X			IP 54 vent./IP 2X vent.			
Busbar	30 K	70 K	95 K	30 K	70 K	95 K	30 K	70 K	85 K	Icw	
		I <sub>nc</sub> [A]			I <sub>nc</sub> [A]			I <sub>nc</sub> [A]			
4 x 50 x 10	1290	2060	2430	1420	2260	2710	2040	3120	3480	100 kA <sup>1)</sup>	
4 x 50 x 10	1290	2060	2430	1420	2260	2710	2040	3120	3480	65 kA <sup>2)</sup>	
2 x 50 x 10	960	1510	1750	1020	1610	1900	1500	2240	2470	65 kA <sup>3)</sup>	

<sup>1)</sup> From an enclosure width of 800 mm, a third support must be installed floating in the centre of the field <sup>2)</sup> From an enclosure width of 800 mm, Model No. SV 9686.820 must be used

<sup>3)</sup> From an enclosure width of 800 mm, Model No. 9686.810 must be used

#### Table 17: Rated busbar currents RiLine

	Rated AC	currents of	RiLine busb	ar systems	up to 60 Hz	for uncoate	d copper ba	rs in A		
	VX25			Pro	tection categ	ory of enclos	ure			
Busbar system	Ri4Power DIN 43 671 in free air	IP 2X	vent.	ent. IP 2X		IP 54 vent.		IP 54		I <sub>cw</sub>
	ΔT = 30 °K	$\Delta T = 30 \ ^{\circ}K$	$\Delta T = 70 \ ^{\circ}K$	$\Delta T = 30 \ ^{\circ}K$	ΔT = 70 °K	$\Delta T = 30 \ ^{\circ}K$	ΔT = 70 °K	$\Delta T = 30 \ ^{\circ}K$	ΔT = 70 °K	
SV 9340.000/ SV 9686.100 (30 x 5)	379	415	650	370	580	370	580	325	510	25 kA
SV 9340.000/ SV 9686.100 (30 x 10)	573	635	1000	575	900	575	900	510	800	37/50 kA
SV 9342.004/ SV 9686.100 (2 x 30 x 10)	1368 <sup>3)</sup>	1020	1600	895	1400	895	1400	735	1150	50/65 kA

### System overview of the main busbar

### **Busbar short-circuit withstand**

#### Table 18: $I_{cw}$ and $I_{pk}$ of main busbars

Busbar	Current	Test report no.
2 x 30 x 10	$I_{cw} = 50 \text{ kA}/I_{pk} = 105 \text{ kA}$	2018-0141702
4 x 30 x 10	$I_{cw} = 70 \text{ kA}/I_{pk} = 154 \text{ kA}$	2018-0141702
2 x 50 x 10	$I_{cw} = 65 \text{ kA}/I_{pk} = 143 \text{ kA}$	2018-0141802
4 x 50 x 10	$I_{cw} = 100 \text{ kA}/I_{pk} = 220 \text{ kA}$	09750-19-0064 and 08735-18-550

Note to table 18 regarding the number of busbar supports

For enclosure width mm	Number of supports
400, 600	2
800, 1000, 1200	3

### Stabilisation of the switch connection

Design with connector kit SV 9660.205

Support for connector kit SV 9660.205

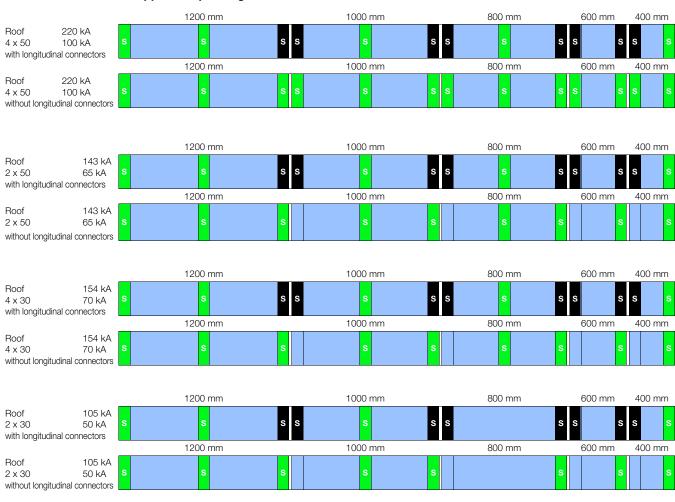
IFirst support spacing (clamping point) according to ACB<br/>manufacturersI $I_{cw}$  50 kA  $\leq$  400 mmI $I_{cw}$  50 kA  $\leq$  375 mm<br/>100 kA  $\leq$  300 mm

## Table 19: Cable - connection in stepped form with Maxi-PLS

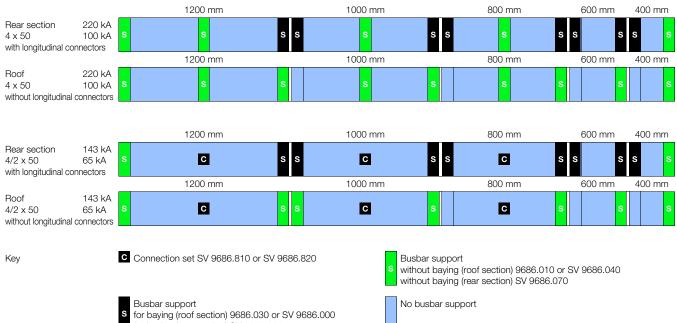
		I <sub>cw</sub> kA		Max. Inc Ampere				
Width mm	Maxi- PLS PLS 45 S 45		Maxi- PLS 60	Maxi- PLS 45 S	Maxi- PLS 45	Maxi- PLS 60		
400	50	100	100	1900	2500	5400		
600	50	100	100	1900	2500	5400		
800	50	100	100	1900	2500	5400		
1000	50	100	100	1900	2500	5400		
1200	50	100	100	1900	2500	_		

The VX25 Ri4Power mounting instructions must be taken into account.

### System overview of the main busbar



#### Position of the busbar supports depending on the enclosure width



for baying (rear section) SV 9686.060

For fields up to 70 kA and width  $\,\leq$  800 mm and longitudinal connection, the third support in the centre of the field may be omitted

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{Note:}}$  In the Power Engineering software, two supports are always listed for a field baying

### Application, definitions and basic principles

### Application

This Technical System Catalogue is intended to provide information for the planning, configuration and manufacture of low-voltage switchgear with the products from the VX25 Ri4Power modular system. All references made in this document to standards refer edition 2 of IEC 61 439-1/-2 2011 and DIN EN 61 439-1/-2 2012.

### Definitions and basic principles

Before starting to plan a low-voltage switchgear assembly, the following parameters should be agreed with the subsequent user of the low-voltage switchgear:

Rated data	Standard IEC 61 439 Sub-point	see page
Rated voltage Un	5.2.1	88
Rated operating voltage Ue (of a circuit in a switchgear assembly)	5.2.2	88
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub>	5.2.3	89
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp	5.2.4	89
Rated current of switchgear assembly InA	5.3.1	89
Rated current of a main circuit Inc	5.3.2	89
Rated peak withstand current Ipk	5.3.3	89
Rated short-time withstand current Icw	5.3.4	90
Conditional rated short-circuit current Icc	5.3.5	90
Rated diversity factor RDF	5.4	90
Rated frequency fn	5.5	90

Other technical features	Standard IEC 61 439 Chapter	see page
Additional requirements depending on special operating conditions	5.6.a	90
Pollution degree	5.6.b	91
Material group	Table 2	91
Type of system earthing	5.6.c	91
Indoor/outdoor installation	5.6.d	91
Stationary/mobile installation	5.6.e	91
Degree of protection	5.6.f	92
Use by skilled or ordinary persons	5.6.g	92
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) classification	5.6.h	92
Special service conditions	5.6.i	93
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### Rated voltage Un

Reference chapter 5.2.1 [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

This is the highest rated AC voltage (root-mean-square value) or DC voltage for which the main circuits of the switchgear assembly are designed [pursuant to IEC 61 439-1, section 3.8.9.1].

The maximum possible rated value with the VX25 Ri4Power system is 690 V AC.

The rated voltage may be dimensioned to a lower rated value of the planned switchgear assembly. In such cases, it is important to ensure that all operating equipment connected to the main circuit is suitable for this rated value.

### Rated operating voltage Ue (of a circuit in a switchgear assembly)

Reference chapter 5.2.2 [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

If the rated voltage of an outgoing circuit deviates from the specified rated voltage  $U_n$ , a separate rated operating voltage must be given for that circuit.

This value must not exceed the maximum rated voltage of the VX25 Ri4Power system of 690 V AC.

### Application, definitions and basic principles

### Rated insulation voltage U<sub>i</sub>

Reference chapter 5.2.3 [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

Withstand voltage (root-mean-square value) specified for a piece of operating equipment or part of the low-voltage switch-gear indicating the specified withstand capacity of the affected insulation [to IEC 61 439-1, section 3.8.9.3].

The maximum possible rated value with the VX25 Ri4Power system is 1000 V AC.

A smaller rated value may be specified for the low-voltage switchgear or part thereof. It is important to ensure that all operating equipment connected to the circuit meets this rated value, and that this value is greater than or equal to the rated voltage  $U_n$  and the rated operating voltage  $U_e$  of the affected circuit.

### Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp

Reference chapter 5.2.4 [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

Withstand surge voltage indicating the isolator's ability to withstand a transient overvoltage [to IEC 61 439-1 section 3.8.9.4].

The maximum possible rated value with the VX25 Ri4Power system is 12 kV.

A smaller rated value may be specified. Measures must be taken to ensure that the surge voltage resistance of all operating equipment connected to the circuit is greater than or equal to the transient overvoltage that may arise in this system.

### Rated current of switchgear assembly InA

Reference chapter 5.3.1 [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The rated current of a switchgear assembly is the current that is fed into a low-voltage switchgear via one infeed or multiple parallel infeeds and distributed via the main busbar system.

There is no specified maximum value for the VX25 Ri4Power system, since the breakdown into multiple busbar sections and the associated addition of busbar currents means that the system current can be a multiple of the admissible currents.

Dimensioning to a lower rated voltage is possible by selecting smaller busbar systems.

#### Note:

The rated current of a busbar system in a switchgear may be smaller than the rated current of a switchgear, provided measures are taken to ensure that the admissible rated current is not exceeded at any point in the busbar. For example, this is possible with a centre infeed or multiple infeeds distributed over the low-voltage switchgear.

### Rated current of a main circuit Inc

Reference chapter 5.3.2 [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The rated current of a main circuit is the value which may be routed via this circuit, while adhering to all overtemperatures. The rated currents of the individual devices used in this circuit may well have higher values. The user must determine the rated currents for each circuit. The switchgear manufacturer must select suitable devices and ensure that these are capable of carrying the requisite rated current  $I_{nc}$  under the conditions in the switchgear.

The maximum admissible rated currents for a circuit, with due regard for the device types and sizes of the different switchgear brands and the protection category achieved, are shown in the tables from page 129.

### Rated peak withstand current Ipk

Reference chapter 5.3.3 [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The rated peak withstand current is the maximum instantaneous value of the short-circuit current a switchgear assembly can withstand.

The rated peak withstand current of the low-voltage switchgear must be greater than or equal to the specified peak value of the prospective peak current that may flow through the low-voltage switchgear. With VX25 Ri4Power, this rated value may be adjusted by selecting various busbar systems according to requirements. In this connection, please also refer to page 99, design of the busbar systems.

### Application, definitions and basic principles

### Rated short-time withstand current Icw

Reference chapter 5.3.4 [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The rated short-time withstand current  $I_{\rm cw}$  is a root-meansquare value of the short-circuit current, described by the current and duration a switchgear assembly can withstand under the specified conditions.

The rated short-time withstand current of the low-voltage switchgear must be greater than or equal to the prospective rms value of the short-circuit current of the supply system to which the circuit is designed to be connected. When defining the rated short-time withstand current  $I_{cw}$  a period of time must always be specified. The rated short-time withstand current lcw is generally stated for a period of 1 second.

With VX25 Ri4Power, this value may be adjusted by selecting the various busbar systems according to requirements. The short-circuit withstand strength can additionally be increased by means of various measures, such as the use of busbar claws or stabilisers. In this connection, please also refer to page 99, design of the busbar systems.

### Conditional rated short-circuit current Icc

Reference chapter 5.3.5 [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The conditional rated short-circuit current is the root-meansquare value of the prospective short-circuit current of a power supply which a switchgear assembly protected by a shortcircuit protection device or a circuit can withstand for the entire break time of the short-circuit protection device. This shortcircuit protection device can be positioned within a switchgear assembly or fitted outside of the protected switchgear assembly in the outgoing feeder circuit of the supplying switchgear assembly. The conditional rated short-circuit current of the low-voltage switchgear must be greater than or equal to the prospective root-mean-square value of the short-circuit current that may be supplied to the low-voltage system, the duration of which is limited by a short-circuit protection device (fuse, circuit-breaker, etc.).

### **Rated diversity factor RDF**

Reference chapter 5.4 [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The rated diversity factor is the factor with which the outgoing feeders of a low-voltage switchgear may be continuously and simultaneously operated, with due regard for reciprocal thermal influences. This factor may be given for individual circuits, groups of circuits as well as for the entire low-voltage switch-gear system.

The rated diversity factor refers to the rated currents of the circuits, and not to the rated currents of the switchgear and protective gear.

In VX25 Ri4Power, this rated diversity factor depends on the system design. Further details may be found in the descriptions of the switchgear field types.

### Rated frequency fn

Reference chapter 5.5 [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The rated frequency of a circuit is given for the specific operating condition. If circuits with different frequencies are used in a low-voltage switchgear, separate values must be given for each circuit.

All VX25 Ri4Power components are designed for a nominal value of 50 Hz. Any uses that deviate from this should be agreed with the Rittal Technical Support team.

### Additional requirements / features depending on the specific operating conditions

Reference chapter 5.6.a [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

This point is used to specify any additional requirements which must be observed if a functional unit is operating in special conditions, such as special altitudes (> 2000 m above mean sea level), type of selectivity or overload characteristics.

### Application, definitions and basic principles

### **Pollution degree**

Reference chapter 5.6.b [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The pollution degree is a ratio indicating the influence of dust, gas, dirt, salt, etc. on reducing dielectric strength and/or surface resistance. The admissible creepage distances and minimum gap widths of the operating equipment are dependent on this value.

The VX25 Ri4Power system, including all busbar and connection components, is designed for pollution degree 3. In other words, the requirements of pollution degrees 1 and 2 are also met. Pollution degree 4 is not designed for switchgear assemblies.

If there is no pollution degree prescribed for a switchgear assembly, pollution degree 3 should always be assumed for industrial applications. Pollution degree table (to DIN EN 60 664-1): Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution. Pollution has no effect on the operational performance of the switchgear assembly.

Pollution degree 2: Only non-conductive pollution, although temporary conductivity caused by condensation is to be expected.

Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution or dry, non-conductive pollution which may become conductive due to condensation.

Pollution degree 4: Persistent conductivity caused by conductive dust, rain or moisture.

### **Material group**

Reference to table 2 [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

To define the creepage distances on insulating components, it is necessary to specify the material group of the insulating materials used, as well as the pollution degree.

As a minimum, the insulating materials of the busbar supports used in VX25 Ri4Power meet the requirements of material group Illa with a CTI of between 175 and 400 (CTI = comparative tracking index). All VX25 Ri4Power components, provided they are used correctly, meet the minimum creepage distance of 16 mm required in conjunction with pollution degree 3 and a rated insulation voltage  $U_i$  of 1000 V.

### Type of earthing

Reference chapter 5.6.c [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The internal configuration of the main conductors, particularly the neutral conductors and PE conductors, is defined by specifying the type of earthing for which the switchgear assembly is designed. VX25 Ri4Power supports various systems. Using the Rittal Power Engineering software allows the operator to configure the conductors to match the type of earthing with a simple selection process.

### Indoor/outdoor installation

Reference chapter 5.6.d [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

For system installation, we distinguish between indoor and outdoor installation.

VX25 Ri4Power low-voltage systems are designed for interior installation, and all tightening torques and corrosion resistance have been calculated accordingly.

For installation conditions that deviate from this, where applicable, the torques will need to be adjusted. However, the maximum admissible torques for the connection components must not be exceeded.

### Stationary/movable installation of low-voltage switchgear

Reference chapter 5.6.e [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

A low-voltage switchgear is described as movable if it is easily moved from one installation site to another.

If a low-voltage switchgear is permanently installed and operated, it is described as stationary.

VX25 Ri4Power low-voltage switchgear may be used for both types of operation. However, for mobile use, special measures must be taken by the manufacturer of the switchgear assembly, such as stable, torsionally stiff transport plinths, defined servicing intervals for screw connections etc.

### Application, definitions and basic principles

### **Degree of protection**

Reference chapter 5.6.f [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

An enclosure's degree of protection describes the requirements for protection from solid and liquid media coming into contact with the low-voltage switchgear. The different requirements and test methods are described in IEC 60 529.

VX25 Ri4Power offers different degrees of protection as standard: IP 54, IP 4X, IP 41 and IP 2X.

The higher the chosen degree of protection, the higher the factors for reducing the rated currents of the operating equipment used. Furthermore, at high degrees of protection, high interior temperatures arise in the low-voltage switchgear, which may adversely affect the service life of the operating equipment.

For this reason, wherever the usage options allow, low-voltage systems should be designed with a low degree of protection in order to ensure the best possible heat dissipation.

If a low-voltage system is placed in an electrical operating room, IP 54 protection is not necessarily required, and greater attention should be devoted to the leak-tightness of the cable entry into this operating room.

### Use by skilled or ordinary persons

Reference chapter 5.6.g [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

A qualified electrician is an individual whose training and experience enables them to identify the risks and potential dangers associated with electricity [pursuant to IEC 61 439-1, section 3.7.12].

A person trained in electrical engineering has been adequately informed or monitored by a qualified electrician and is therefore able to identify the risks and dangers associated with electricity [pursuant to IEC 61 439-1, section 3.7.13].

An ordinary person is a person who is not a qualified electrician and does not have any training in electrical engineering [pursuant to IEC 61 439-1, section 3.7.14]. The suitability of low-voltage switchgear for use by ordinary persons ends at a rated current of 250 A and is limited to a maximum rated short-time withstand current  $I_{cw}$  of 10 kA and to operating equipment with a rated current of max. 125 A.

### Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) classification

Reference chapter 5.6.h [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

Electromagnetic compatibility refers to freedom from emitted interference and immunity to interference of electrical and electronic devices in relation to their environment. With EMC, we distinguish between 2 different environments: Environment A refers to non-public or industrial low-voltage networks/areas/ equipment that contain powerful sources of interference. Environment B refers to public low-voltage networks to supply residential buildings, commercial premises or small industrial operations. The required operating environment should be specified by the user.

The VX25 Ri4Power system is suitable for both environments. When using equipment that may cause electromagnetic interference, always follow the equipment manufacturer's instructions regarding installation and connection of the device.

When implementing devices or assemblies with EMC relevance, Annex J of IEC 61 439-1 must be observed.

### Application, definitions and basic principles

### **Special service conditions**

Reference chapter 5.6.i [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

Under special service conditions, the parameters for ambient temperature, relative humidity and/or altitude should be separately defined if these deviate from the relevant provisions in the product standard (IEC 61 439-2).

This also includes information such as:

- Values for ambient temperature, relative humidity and/or altitude which deviate from the standard values in IEC 61 439, section 7.1
- Rapid changes in temperature or air pressure
- Special atmospheres (smoke, corrosive gases, special dust)
- Effect of powerful electrical or magnetic fields
- Effect of extreme climatic conditions
- Effect of fungi or small animals (rodent protection)
- Installation in areas at risk of fire or explosion
- Occurrence of heavy vibrations and impacts
- Special siting locations (wall niches) that may influence current-carrying capacity, for example
- Operational interference from external EMC influences
- Exceptional occurrence of overvoltage
- Excessive harmonics in the supply voltage or load current

The VX25 Ri4Power system has been designed for the temperatures and atmospheric conditions outlined in standard IEC 61 439-1.

Service condition	Admissible value range				
Max. ambient temperature	< = +40 °C, whereby the mean over 24 h must not exceed 35 °C				
Min. ambient temperature	> = -5 °C				
Relative humidity	< = 50% (at max. +40 °C)				
Relative humidity	< = 90% (at max. +20 °C)				
Altitude	< = 2000 m asl				

Any requirements deviating from this can be met with additional special measures or deratings.

### External design

Reference chapter 5.6.j [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The VX25 Ri4Power system has been extensively tested on a single or multiple enclosure design in solid form.

#### Mechanical impact protection

Reference chapter 5.6.k [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

Testing the enclosure for mechanical impact protection specifies the IK protection category. This value defines the enclosure cover's resistance to mechanical impact and damage. For VX25 Ri4Power enclosures, a protection category of IK10 has been verified, and therefore all lower IK protection categories IK00 – IK09 are likewise covered.

### Type of construction

Reference chapter 5.6.I [of chapter IEC 61 439-1]

This parameter defines the design of active operating equipment. A distinction is made between "fixed parts" and "removable parts".

A fixed part is an assembly of operating equipment that is assembled/wired onto a shared supporting structure (e.g. mounting plate) and may only be installed/connected to the low-voltage switchgear in a de-energised state with the use of tools. A removable part is distinguished by the fact that the assembly may be installed and removed with the low-voltage switchgear live. This is possible, for example, with switchgear designed as rack-mounted equipment, or slide-in modules.

The VX25 Ri4Power system supports both options with different field types.

### Type of short-circuit protection devices

Reference chapter 5.6.m [of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The type of protection devices to be used must be agreed between the manufacturer of the low-voltage switchgear assembly and the user.

The protective devices upstream of the low-voltage switchgear assembly, as well as the selectivity and backup protection specifications, must also be taken into account.

Depending on the design of the short-circuit protection device, the rated short-time withstand current  $I_{cw}$  and the rated peak withstand current  $I_{pk}$  or alternatively the rated conditional short-circuit current  $I_{cc}$  should be specified as the rated values.

### Application, definitions and basic principles

### Measures for protection against electric shock

Reference chapter 5.6 . n[of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The protective measures to be taken must be agreed and must be implemented by the manufacturer of the low-voltage switchgear assembly. IEC 61 439 provides further information and clarification of this area in section 8.4.

### **Overall dimensions**

Reference chapter 5.6 /O[of standard IEC 61 439-1]

The overall dimensions of the low-voltage switchgear assembly must be specified by the user and manufacturer. The manufacturer must take account of protruding components such as handles, panels, doors and fitted elements. When specifying the dimensions of the transport units, the transportation methods for delivery, integration and installation must also be borne in mind.

### Mass

Reference chapter 5.6 . p[of standard IEC 61 439-1]

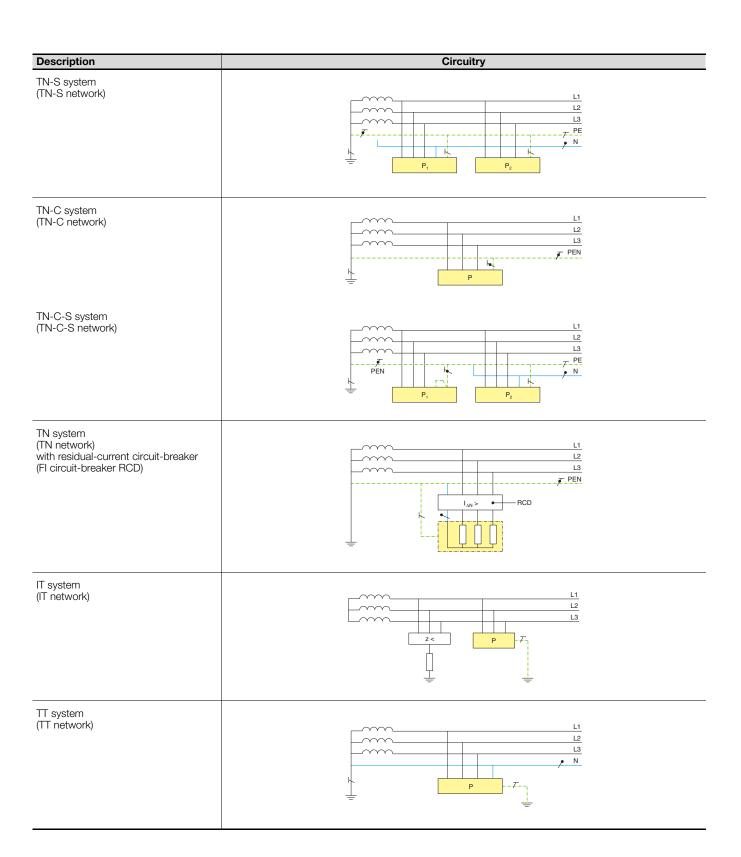
The weights of the transport units or of the complete lowvoltage switchgear assembly should be specified, particularly when max. permissible weights must be observed for the delivery and transportation of low-voltage switchgear assemblies. Where necessary, this information must also be borne in mind by the user during building and room planning.

### Application, definitions and basic principles

### TN, IT, TT network configuration

According to the wording of the standard, network configurations are also referred to as "earthing type systems".

The VX25 Ri4Power system is suitable for different network configurations. The different designs of the PE conductor system and the system assembly support a range of network configurations.



### Application, definitions and basic principles

### **Selection parameters**

#### Table 20: Determination to standard IEC/DIN EN 61 439-1, Annex C

Functions and features to be determined by the user in accordance with IEC/DIN EN 61 439-1	Reference to chapter	Recommended value <sup>1)</sup>	User require- ments <sup>2)</sup>
Electrical system			
System according to type of earth connection	5.6, 8.4.3.1, 8.4.3.2.3, 8.6.2, 10.5, 11.4	Manufacturer's standard version, selected to meet local requirements	
Rated voltage (V)	3.8.9.1, 5.2.1, 8.5.3	According to local installation conditions	
Transient overvoltages	5.2.4, 8.5.3, 9.1 Annex G	Determined by the electrical system	
Temporary overvoltages	9.1	Rated system voltage + 1200 V	
Rated frequency fn (Hz)	3.8.11, 5.4, 8.5.3, 10.10.2.3, 10.11.5.4	According to local installation conditions	
Additional requirements for on-site testing: Wiring, operating response and function	11.10	Manufacturer's standard version, according to application	
Short-circuit withstand strength			
Prospective short-circuit current at supply terminals Icp (kA)	3.8.7	Determined by the electrical system	
Prospective short-circuit current in the neutral conductor	10.11.5.3.5	Max. 60% of the phase conductor value	
Prospective short-circuit current in the protective circuit	10.11.5.6	Max. 60% of the phase conductor value	
Requirement, if SCPD in the incoming functional unit	9.3.2	According to local installation conditions	
Co-ordination of short-circuit protective devices including external short-circuit protective device details	9.3.4	According to local installation conditions	
Data relating to loads likely to contribute to the short-circuit current	9.3.2	No loads permissible which are likely to contribute to the short-circuit current	
Protection of persons against electric shock in accordance with IEC 60 3 Type of protection against electric shock – Basic protection (protection against direct contact)	8.4.2	Basic protection	
Type of protection against electric shock – Fault protection (protection against ndirect contact)	8.4.3	According to local installation conditions	
	·	· · ·	
Installation environment		Manufacturer's standard version	
Location type	3.5, 8.1.4, 8.2	Manufacturer's standard version, according to application	
Protection against ingress of solid foreign bodies and ingress of water	8.2.2, 8.2.3	Indoors (solid): IP 2X Open-air installation (min.): IP 23	
External mechanical impact (IK)	8.2.1, 10.2.6	None	
Resistance to UV radiation only applies to open-air installation unless otherwise specified)	10.2.4	Indoors: not applicable Open-air installation: moderate climate	
Corrosion resistance	10.2.2	Normal Indoors/open-air installation	
Ambient temperature – Lower limit	7.1.1	Indoors: –5 °C Open-air: –25 °C	
Ambient temperature – Upper limit	7.1.1	40 °C	
Ambient temperature – Maximum daily mean	7.1.1, 9.2	35 °C	
Maximum humidity	7.1.2	Indoors: 50% at 40 °C Open-air: 100% at 25 °C	
Pollution degree	7.1.3	Industrial: 3	
Height	7.1.4	< 2000 m	
EMC environment (A or B)	9.4, 10.12 Annex J	A/B	
Special operating conditions (e.g. vibrations, exceptional moisture condensation, neavy contamination, corrosive atmosphere, powerful electrical or magnetic fields fungi, small animals, risk of explosion, heavy vibrations and impacts, earthquakes	, 7.2, 8.3.4, 9.3.3, table 7	No special operating conditions	

<sup>1)</sup> In certain cases, data from the manufacturer of the switchgear assembly may be used instead of an agreement of this nature. <sup>2)</sup> With exceptionally difficult applications, it may be necessary for the user to specify more stringent requirements than those set out in this standard.

### Application, definitions and basic principles

unctions and features to be determined by the user in accordance vith IEC/DIN EN 61 439-1	Reference to chapter	Recommended value <sup>1)</sup>	User require ments <sup>2)</sup>
nstallation method			
	3.3, 5.6	Manufacturer's standard version	
Avable or stationary	3.5	Stationary	
		Manufacturer's standard version,	
flaximum overall dimensions and mass	5.6, 6.2.1	according to application	
ype(s) of conductor inserted from outside	8.8	Manufacturer's standard version	
ocation of conductors inserted from outside	8.8	Manufacturer's standard version	
Aaterial of conductors inserted from outside	8.8	Copper	
xternal phase conductor, cross sections, and terminations	8.8	As specified in the standard	
xternal PE, N, PEN conductors, cross sections, and terminations	8.8	As specified in the standard	
special terminal identification requirements	8.8	Manufacturer's standard version	
itorage and handling			
faximum dimensions and mass of transport units	6.2.2, 10.2.5	Manufacturer's standard version	
ype of transport (e.g. crane, forklift)	6.2.2, 8.1.6	Manufacturer's standard version	
mbient conditions that deviate from the operating conditions	7.3	Such as conditions during operation	
Packaging details	6.2.2	Manufacturer's standard version	
Operating arrangements			
Access to manually operated devices	8.4		
rrangement of manually operated devices	8.5.5	Easy access	
solation of load installation equipment items	8.4.2, 8.4.3.3, 8.4.6.2	Manufacturer's standard version	
Aaintenance and upgrade capabilities			
Requirement concerning accessibility during operation for untrained persons,			
equirement to operate devices or replace components whilst the switchgear nclosure is live	8.4.6.1	Basic protection	
Requirements related to accessibility for inspection and similar operations	8.4.6.2.2	No accessibility requirements	
Requirements related to accessibility for maintenance in service by authorised ersons	8.4.6.2.3	No accessibility requirements	
Requirements related to accessibility during operation for extension by authorised ersons	8.4.6.2.4	No accessibility requirements	
ype of electrical connection of functional units	8.5.1, 8.5.2	Manufacturer's standard version	
Protection against electric shock from direct contact with dangerous active interior larts during servicing or extension (e.g. functional units, main busbars, distribution lusbars)	8.4	No protection requirements during maintenance or extension	
Current-carrying capability			
	3.8.9.1, 5.3, 8.4.3.2.3,		
Rated current of switchgear assembly InA (A)	8.5.3, 8.8, 10.10.2, 10.10.3, 10.11.5, Annex E	Manufacturer's standard version, according to application	
Rated current of circuits Inc (A)	5.3.2	Manufacturer's standard version, according to application	
Rated diversity factor	5.4, 10.10.2.3, Annex E	In accordance with the standard	
Ratio of the neutral conductor cross-section to the phase conductor ross-section: Phase conductors up to and including 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	8.6.1	100%	
Ratio of the neutral conductor cross-section to the phase conductor		50%	

<sup>1)</sup> In certain cases, data from the manufacturer of the switchgear assembly may be used instead of an agreement of this nature. <sup>2)</sup> With exceptionally difficult applications, it may be necessary for the user to specify more stringent requirements than those set out in this standard.

Taken from standard EN 61 439-1.

### Selection and dimensioning of the main busbar system

### Parameters for selection of the main busbar system

The core element for the distribution of electrical power in a low-voltage switchgear is generally the main busbar system. Several points must be taken into account when selecting the busbar system.

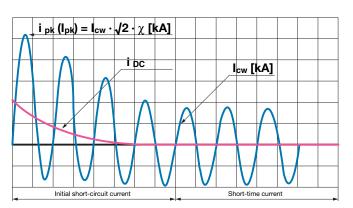
- The decisive criteria for selection of a main busbar system are: ■ The rated current of the switchgear assembly I<sub>nA</sub>, see page 89
- The rated peak withstand current I<sub>pk</sub>, see page 89
- The rated short-time withstand current I<sub>cw</sub>, see page 90
- The protection category, see page 92.

In most cases, the external dimensions of the low-voltage switchgear are decisive. Due to the model-based design of the main busbar system, in some main busbar system variants, a restricted range of dimensions is available.

After selecting a busbar system, it is necessary to check that the other criteria for the busbar system are also met, such as rated voltage etc.

### Rated peak withstand current $I_{pk}$ and rated short-time withstand current $I_{cw}$

#### Short-circuit response

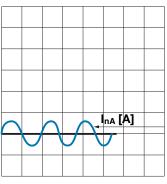


The rated peak withstand current  $I_{\rm pk}$  and the rated short-time withstand current  $I_{\rm cw}$  are the principal values for making a statement on the mechanical stability of a busbar system during an electrical short-circuit.

The forces arising during a short-circuit are generally several times higher than the actual weight force of the busbar system. For one thing, different force effects occur during the short-circuit which may act between the individual strands, conductors and the enclosure. The above diagram shows the development of a short-circuit current and indicates the various current values.

At the start of the short-circuit, the peak short-circuit current  $I_{pk}$  generates the greatest force effect acting between the components of the busbar system. Once the initial short-circuit current has receded, only the root-mean-square value of the short-circuit current can be measured. The ratio between the peak short-circuit current and the continuous short-circuit current depends inter alia on the level of short-circuit current. Table 21 indicates the ratio pursuant to IEC 61 439-1, table 3. This ratio between the surge current and the short-time current applies to most application cases.

#### Rated current InA



Compared with shortcircuit currents, the rated current  $I_{nA}$  shown on the left is several times smaller.

Table 21: Root-mean-square value of the short-circuit
current (to IEC 61 439-1, table 7)

	n-square valu prt-circuit cur	<b>cos</b> φ	n	
-	/ <=	5 kA	0.7	1.5
5 kA	< / <=	10 kA	0.5	1.7
10 kA	< / <=	20 kA	0.3	2
20 kA	< / <=	50 kA	0.25	2.1
50 kA	< /	-	0.2	2.2

The short-time current stresses the busbar system by causing a large temperature rise in the busbars, as well as via the interaction between the magnetic field and the associated interaction between the attracting and repelling forces resulting from this. The rated short-time withstand current I<sub>cw</sub> is generally given as a value relating to a short-circuit period of 1 second. In some cases or countries, the data may also need to be given for 3 or 5 seconds. In such cases, a 3-second value may be calculated from the available data using the formula  $I_1^2 \cdot t_1 = I_2^2 \cdot t_2$ .

Using the values rated peak withstand current  $I_{\rm pk}$  and rated short-time withstand current  $I_{\rm cw}$  it is possible to define the mechanical and thermal stability of a busbar system subjected to the short-circuit.

### Selection and dimensioning of the main busbar system

# Design of the busbar systems with regard to infeed and rated current $I_{nA}$ and rated short-time withstand current $I_{cw}$

There are various options for feeding the rated current  $I_{nA}$  into a low-voltage switchgear assembly.

With many applications, the switchgear may only be adequately supplied with one infeed, and the infeed point is on the left or right of the switchgear enclosure. This means that the main busbar and the main switch of the switchgear enclosure must carry the entire current. Alternatively, a switchgear may infeed into the central area and distribute the currents evenly to the left and right via the busbar system. With this arrangement, the heat loss arising in the busbar system can be reduced compared with a single-side infeed, and the cross-section of the main busbar systems may be reduced to the maximum current flowing to the left or right on the main busbar.

#### Multiple infeed points:

If two or more parallel infeeds are required, care should be taken to ensure that the chosen transformers are suitable in terms of their technical specifications.

The infeeds should be arranged inside the low-voltage switchgear assembly in such a way that the distances between the largest pieces of equipment and the infeed points are as short as possible. This is the only way of achieving a low-loss, optimum design in terms of the busbar cross-sections.

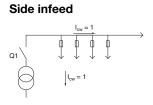
With a parallel infeed from several transformers, however, it should be noted that the short-circuit output that can be supplied per transformer must be added together, provided the upstream medium-voltage network can supply this energy.

This can be avoided by dividing the switchgear into various busbar sections, if the various busbar sections are separated via coupling switches in normal operation and only need to be connected for servicing purposes. Since an increase in the required short-circuit withstand strength may entail huge additional costs for the main busbar system and the connected equipment, under some circumstances it may be more costeffective to sub-divide the busbar into separate sections and use coupling switches. This additionally increases the system's operational reliability in the event of a malfunction.

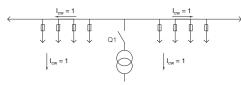
In the case of ring-shaped systems, the infeeds of the shortcircuit currents and the rated currents are added together.

Selection and dimensioning of the main busbar system

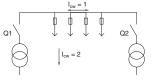
### Short-circuit current distribution with various infeed variants (disregarding impedance)



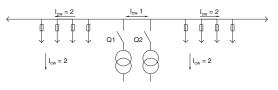
#### **Central infeed**



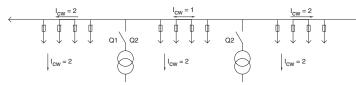
### Double infeed left/right

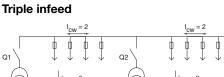


#### **Double central infeed**



#### Double infeed





Note:  $I_{nc}$  behaves like  $I_{cw}$  $I_{cw} \ge I_{k''}$ 

### Rated current of switchgear assembly InA

The rated current  $I_{nA}$  of the low-voltage switchgear describes the admissible continuous current with which a low-voltage switchgear is operated. This rated current is not necessarily the rated current of a busbar system; instead, this value describes the sum total of currents fed into and distributed in this lowvoltage switchgear system. Consequently, it is also possible that the rated currents of the main busbar may be less than the rated current of the low-voltage switchgear, for example with a central infeed or several small, distributed infeeds.

### Selection and dimensioning of the main busbar system

### Rated current of the busbar system Inc

In accordance with IEC 61 439, the busbar system is referred to as a circuit  $I_{nc}$  in the low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assembly. As described under "Rated current of switchgear assemblies" on page 100, particularly with low-voltage switchgear with a high rated current  $I_{nA}$ , the rated current of the busbar system may be lower. However, for such a design to be admissible, it is necessary to prove by means of a load flow calculation that the admissible rated current of the busbar system is not exceeded in any operating scenario. If a busbar system is designed on the basis of the maximum possible current load, measures must be taken to ensure that the chosen busbar system also meets the required short-circuit withstand capability.

When calculating the requisite busbar cross-sections for a lowvoltage switchgear with design verification, it is not sufficient to merely design to DIN 43 671.

According to DIN 43 671, a rated current is calculated for various copper sections and cross-sections with reference to a busbar system and measured in the open air. The admissible current of a busbar was calculated at an ambient temperature of 35 °C and a busbar temperature of 65 °C. Using the correction factor diagram mentioned in this DIN standard, these rated values can also be converted to different ambient and busbar temperatures.

Within a switchgear housing, however, other factors may occur that influence the admissible busbar current. For example, if a busbar system with a high current passes close to a steel strut, this will cause the steel strut to heat up, which in turn will cause additional warming of the busbar at this point. This effect is generated in the sheet steel by induced circulating currents and ring currents and can actually only be minimised by the use of non-ferro-magnetic materials in the immediate vicinity of the busbars. As a result of these additional heating effects, the admissible busbar current compared with a busbar system measured in the open air may be reduced.

If a busbar system with a higher rated current is fitted in an enclosure with a protection category of IP 54 without the possibility for air convection, the interior temperature inside the enclosure will be significantly increased. The ambient temperature around the enclosure may still correspond to the normal conditions, but the interior temperature of the switchgear is likely to increase significantly depending on the current. If the heating effects from induction are disregarded, a comparable figure can be achieved, as demonstrated by a calculation using a correction factor diagram. The direct ambient temperature around the busbar inside the switchgear is used instead of the ambient temperature around the switchgear. As an effect in the opposite direction, it is possible to improve the admissible rated busbar current by means of forced convection. In contrast to a busbar system in the open air, a higher airflow can be achieved in a switchgear with the same fan output, which cools the individual busbars and therefore supports a higher current-carrying capacity.

In order to incorporate all the aforementioned effects within a low-voltage switchgear mathematically, major calculations are needed. The additional temperature rise caused by eddy currents or ring currents are particularly difficult to determine.

In accordance with IEC 61 439-1, the admissible values for all busbar systems for the VX25 Ri4Power System have been determined by testing with different busbar cross-sections inside the enclosure and different protection categories and cooling. The protection categories were selected in accordance with the possible protection categories with VX25 Ri4Power. In these tests, the admissible rated busbar currents were calculated for two different temperature increases (30 K, 70 K). They included a maximum busbar temperature of 65 °C at 35 °C ambient temperature around the switchgear. Hence it is possible to achieve a comparable value to the aforementioned DIN 43 671 and hence also to use the correction factor diagram. The admissible rated busbar currents were calculated for what Rittal considers to be the maximum permissible busbar temperature of 105 °C at an ambient temperature around the switchgear of 35 °C. This maximum value of 105 °C for the busbars is significantly below the temperature at which the copper material would soften.

In most cases, the external dimensions of the low-voltage switchgear are decisive. Given the model-based design of the main busbar system, a restricted range of dimensions is available in some main busbar system variants.

By testing the possible busbar systems, all the possible influences described in this chapter from the enclosure itself, the protection category, the influence of the materials surrounding the busbar system and the devices used have been taken into account, thus guaranteeing reliable operation.

If the requisite rated currents  $I_{\rm hc}$  of the busbar systems are known, it is possible,with due regard for the protection category and the type of cooling, to select the required busbar system from tables 15-17 (see page 85). Once a busbar system has been selected, a second step is necessary to check whether the short-circuit withstand strength requirements are met.

### Selection and dimensioning of the main busbar system

### Calculation of heat loss in busbars

The heat loss of busbars can be calculated using the following equation, provided the AC current resistance is known:

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{v}} = \frac{\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{B}}^2 \cdot \mathsf{r} \cdot \mathsf{I}}{1000}$$

 $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{V}}}$  [W] heat loss

- $I_B$  [A] operating current
- $\boldsymbol{r} \quad [m\Omega/m] \text{ AC or DC current resistance of busbar}$
- I [m] length of busbar which I<sub>B</sub> flows through

In order to calculate the heat loss in accordance with the above formula, in individual cases, it can be assumed that the rated current of a circuit is known. As an alternative, the "operating currents" of the busbar sections and the corresponding length of the conductor can be used.

By contrast, the resistance of conductor systems – particularly the AC current resistance of busbar arrangements – cannot simply be taken from a document or determined yourself.

For this reason, and in order to obtain comparable results when determining heat losses, the table shows the resistance values in  $m\Omega/m$  for the most common cross-sections of copper busbars.

### Table 22: AC current resistance of busbars made from E-Cu

	Resistance per 1 m of busbar system in mΩ/m									
Dimensions <sup>1)</sup>		l		II						
		onductor	3 main conductors			conductors	3 x 3 main conductors			
mm	<b>r</b> <sub>GS</sub> <sup>1)</sup> (65 °C)	<b>r</b> <sub>WS<sup>2)</sup> (65 °C)</sub>	<b>r</b> <sub>GS</sub> <sup>1)</sup> (65 °C)	<b>r</b> <sub>WS<sup>2)</sup> (65 °C)</sub>	<b>r</b> <sub>GS</sub> <sup>1)</sup> (65 °C)	<b>r</b> <sub>WS<sup>2)</sup></sub> (65 °C)	<b>r</b> <sub>GS</sub> <sup>1)</sup> (65 °C)	<b>r</b> <sub>WS</sub> <sup>2)</sup> (65 °C)		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
12 x 2	0.871	0.871	2.613	2.613	-	-	-	-		
15 x 2	0.697	0.697	2.091	2.091	-	-	-	-		
15 x 3	0.464	0.464	1.392	1.392	-	-	-	-		
20 x 2	0.523	0.523	1.569	1.569	-	-	-	-		
20 x 3	0.348	0.348	1.044	1.044	-	-	-	-		
20 x 5	0.209	0.209	0.627	0.627	-	-	-	-		
20 x 10	0.105	0.106	0.315	0.318	0.158	0.160	-	-		
25 x 3	0.279	0.279	0.837	0.837	0.419	0.419	_	-		
25 x 5	0.167	0.167	0.501	0.501	0.251	0.254	-	-		
30 x 3	0.348	0.348	1.044	1.044	0.522	0.527	-	-		
30 x 5	0.139	0.140	0.417	0.421	0.209	0.211	-	-		
30 x 10	0.070	0.071	0.210	0.214	0.105	0.109	-	-		
40 x 3	0.174	0.174	0.522	0.522	0.261	0.266	-	-		
40 x 5	0.105	0.106	0.315	0.318	0.158	0.163	_	-		
40 x 10	0.052	0.054	0.156	0.162	0.078	0.084	0.052	0.061		
50 x 5	0.084	0.086	0.252	0.257	0.126	0.132	0.084	0.092		
60 x 5	0.070	0.071	0.210	0.214	0.105	0.112	0.070	0.079		
60 x 10	0.035	0.037	0.105	0.112	0.053	0.062	0.035	0.047		
80 x 5	0.052	0.054	0.156	0.162	0.078	0.087	0.052	0.062		
80 x 10	0.026	0.029	0.078	0.087	0.039	0.049	0.026	0.039		
100 x 5	0.042	0.045	0.126	0.134	0.063	0.072	0.042	0.053		
100 x 10	0.021	0.024	0.063	0.072	0.032	0.042	0.021	0.033		
120 x 10	0.017	0.020	0.051	0.060	0.026	0.036	0.017	0.028		

 $^{(1)} r_{GS}$  DC current resistance of busbar system in m $\Omega/m$   $^{(2)} r_{WS}$  AC current resistance of busbar system in m $\Omega/m$ 

The resistance values shown in the table are based on an assumed average busbar temperature of 65 °C (ambient temperature + self-heating) and therefore on a specific resistance of:

$$\rho (65 °C) = 20.9 \frac{m\Omega \cdot mm^2}{m}$$

Example: rgs for 1 main conductor 12 x 2 mm

$$r_{GS} = \frac{\rho (65 \text{ °C}) \cdot I}{A} = \frac{20.9 \left[\frac{m\Omega \cdot mm^2}{m}\right] \cdot 1 \text{ m}}{24 \text{ mm}^2} = 0.871 \text{ m}\Omega$$

For busbar temperatures other than 65  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C},$  the resistance may be calculated as follows:

Positive temperature deviation  $r_{(x)} = r_{(65 \ ^\circ C)} \cdot (1 + \alpha \cdot \Delta \theta)$ 

Negative temperature deviation  $r_{(x)} = r_{(65 \ ^\circ C)} \cdot (1 - \alpha \cdot \Delta \theta)$ 

- $r_{(x)} \;\; [m\Omega/m]$  resistance at any chosen temperature
- a  $\left|\frac{1}{\kappa}\right|$  Temperature coefficient (for Cu = 0.004 $\frac{1}{\kappa}$ )
- $\Delta \theta$  [K] Temperature difference in relation to the resistance value at 65 °C
- $\rho \qquad \boxed{m\Omega \cdot mm^2}$  Specific resistance

### Selection and dimensioning of the main busbar system

### Planning example for designing busbar systems

#### Table 23: Continuous currents for busbars

Made from E-Cu with square cross-section in indoor locations at 35 °C air temperature and 65 °C bar temperature, vertical position or horizontal position of the bar width.

Width				Continuous current in A					
x thickness	Cross-section mm <sup>2</sup>	Weight <sup>1)</sup>	Material <sup>2)</sup>	AC current	up to 60 Hz	DC current + A	C current 16 Hz		
mm	111111-			Uncoated bar	Coated bar	Uncoated bar	Coated bar		
12 x 2	23.5	0.209		108	123	108	123		
15 x 2	29.5	0.262		128	148	128	148		
15 x 3	44.5	0.396		162	187	162	187		
20 x 2	39.5	0.351		162	189	162	189		
20 x 3	59.5	0.529		204	237	204	237		
20 x 5	99.1	0.882		274	319	274	320		
20 x 10	199.0	1.770		427	497	428	499		
25 x 3	74.5	0.663		245	287	245	287		
25 x 5	124.0	1.110		327	384	327	384		
30 x 3	89.5	0.796		285	337	286	337		
30 x 5	149.0	1.330	E Ou	379	447	380	448		
30 x 10	299.0	2.660	E-Cu	573	676	579	683		
40 x 3	119.0	1.060		366	435	367	436		
40 x 5	199.0	1.770		482	573	484	576		
40 x 10	399.0	3.550		715	850	728	865		
50 x 5	249.0	2.220		583	697	588	703		
50 x 10	499.0	4.440		852	1020	875	1050		
60 x 5	299.0	2.660		688	826	696	836		
60 x 10	599.0	5.330		985	1180	1020	1230		
80 x 5	399.0	3.550		885	1070	902	1090		
80 x 10	799.0	7.110	1	1240	1500	1310	1590		
100 x 10	999.0	8.890	1	1490	1810	1600	1940		

Calculated with a density of 8.9 kg/dm<sup>3</sup>
 Reference basis for the continuous current levels (figures taken from DIN 43 671)

#### Framework conditions:

Network: TN-C, 230/400 V, 50 Hz

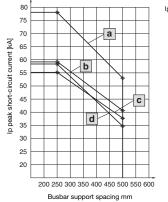
 $U_i = 400 V$ 

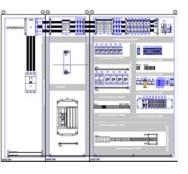
 $U_{imp} = 4 \text{ kV}$ 

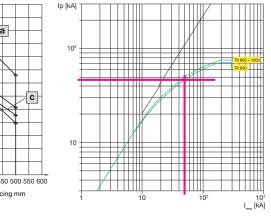
 $I_n = 500 \text{ A}$ 

- T<sub>u</sub> max = 35 °C
- T<sub>u</sub> max = 40 °C

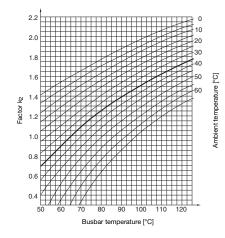
 $I_{cp} = 50 \text{ kA}$ 







### Correction factor diagram to DIN 43 671



### General remarks and recommendations

### Making busbar connections and connections to copper busbars

When making connections to busbar systems or interconnecting copper busbar systems, extra care should be taken when working on contact points.

The copper components supplied by Rittal may be used directly. It is important to check that the copper components do not have any contamination caused by dust, heavy oxidation or contaminants such as coolant residues before installing in the switchgear. If there is contamination, the component or contact point must be cleaned. To clean contact points and remove oxidation or mechanical contamination, we recommend use of a nonwoven fabric or similar. In the case of contamination from coolants or similar, an alcohol-based detergent should be used. All screw connections of connection points should be tightened with the requisite torque. Information on the requisite torques may be taken from the valid VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions. If no additional energy information is provided by Rittal regarding the installation of third-party devices, the manufacturers' specifications should be observed.

### Connection of busbars to DIN 43 673

Busbars should be connected in accordance with DIN 43 673. Alternative busbar connections may be made, provided they are type-tested. All connections within the VX25 Ri4Power system are confirmed by type testing or design verification tests and therefore comply with the standard specifications to IEC 61 439-1.

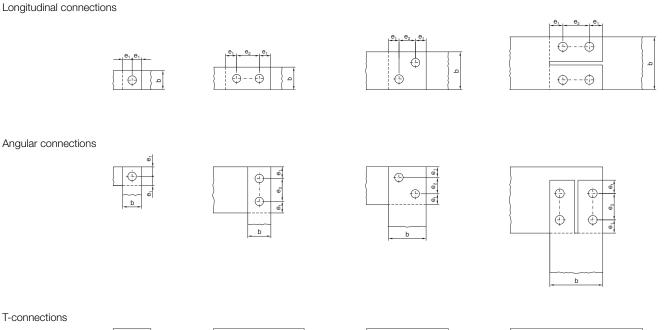
### Drilling patterns and drilled holes

Busbar widths mm				25 to 60			60			80 to 100		
Forr	n <sup>1)</sup>		1	2			3			4		
Drilled holes in the bar ends (drilling pattern)									<u>م</u>			
	Nominal width b	d	e1	d	e1	e2	e1	e2	e3	e1	e2	e3
	12	5.5	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	15	6.6	7.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	20	9.0	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
m	25	11	12.5	11	12.5	30	-	-	-	-	-	-
size	30	11	15	11	15	30	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hole	40	13.5	20	13.5	20	40	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	50	13.5	25	13.5	20	40	-	-	-	-	-	-
	60	-	-	13.5	20	40	17	26	26	-	-	-
	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	40	40
	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	40	50

<sup>1)</sup> Form designations 1 – 4 match DIN 46 206, part 2 – Flat-type screw terminal

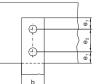
### General remarks and recommendations

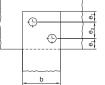
### Examples of busbar screw connections

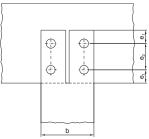


**T**-connections









#### Note:

For figures for dimensions b, d, e1 and e2 refer to table "Drilling patterns and drilled holes"

- Slots are permissible at one end of the bar or at the end of a bar stack

Lubricant Thread and head lubricated		Oil or grease	Based on MoS <sub>2</sub>	
Recommended tightening torque	M4 M5 M6	1.5 2.5 4.5	2 3 5.5	
$N \cdot m$ with thread	M8 M10 M12	10 20 40	15 30 60	
	M16	80	120	

### Choice of internal connections

The correct dimensioning and engagement of the connections is particularly important for correct functioning of the switchgear assembly. The switchgear manufacturer must follow the original manufacturer's specifications. Installation and assembly must always be carried out in compliance with the assembly instructions. As a general rule, the torques and dimensions specified in the assembly instructions for the VX25 Ri4Power system should be observed. If there are no special instructions on the installation or connection of a device given in the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions, the device manufacturer's assembly instructions must be observed.

If insulated cables are used to connect the main circuits, these should be chosen for temperature resistance up to 105 °C. This results from an ambient temperature of 35 °C and a maximum overtemperature of 70 K at the device connections of the equipment.

### General remarks and recommendations

### Air circuit-breakers (ACB)

For air circuit-breakers, the choice of connection material is limited to copper bar version "half hard (HB)". The use of laminated copper bars to connect ACBs within the VX25 Ri4Power system is not admissible. The dimensioning of the busbar cross-sections and the number of busbars to be used may be taken from tables 40 - 47, see page 128 - 143. However, Rittal recommends that you use the latest version of its Power Engineering software, which automatically calculates the corresponding cross-sections for all admissible switches.

### Moulded-case circuit-breakers (MCCB)

For connecting MCCBs, the information given in tables 48 - 55, see page 144 - 167 should be used as the minimum cross-section. The prescribed conductor types may be used, such as round conductors, laminated copper bars or solid copper bars, as per the switchgear manufacturer's specifications. Furthermore, for devices greater than 100 A and for busbar connection, conductor materials should be designed with a 105 °C temperature-resistant insulation. When using 80% current load

of the device current, the connected conductors must be designed for the maximum current of the devices. For devices below 100 A rated current, conductors with a temperature resistance of 90 °C may be used.

### NH fuse-switch disconnectors

The connection cross-sections of NH fuse-switch disconnectors should be dimensioned in accordance with the device size and the fuse insert used, as per the following table:

Size	Max. device rated current In	Rated current of fuse I <sub>n1</sub>	Max. rated operating current I <sub>nc</sub>	Minimum connection cross-section	
Size 00	160 A	up to 20 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 00	160 A	25 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 00	160 A	35 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	6 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 00	160 A	50 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	10 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 00	160 A	63 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	16 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 00	160 A	80 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	25 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 00	160 A	100 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	35 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 00	160 A	125 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 00	160 A	160 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	70 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 1	250 A	160 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	cf. size 00	
Size 1	250 A	224 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	95 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 1	250 A	250 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	120 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 2	400 A	200 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	cf. size 00 – 1	
Size 2	400 A	224 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	120 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 2	400 A	250 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	120 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 2	400 A	315 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	185 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 2	400 A	400 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	240 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 3	630 A	315 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	cf. size 00 – 2	
Size 3	630 A	400 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	240 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 3	630 A	500 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	2 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Size 3	630 A	630 A	= I <sub>n1</sub>	2 x 240 mm <sup>2</sup>	

This specification only applies to fuse inserts of the type gg/gL. For other fuse types, the specifications of the fuse manufacturers should additionally be observed.

The rated current of the fuses is used for dimensioning the cross-sections. Additionally, the next largest cable cross-section is used. From 63 A, the temperature resistance of the cables should be 105  $^{\circ}$ C.

The maximum operating current of the device should not exceed 80%. In a horizontal mounting position, the NH devices should only be used as fuse holders and must not be used as switchgear. This should be labelled e.g. with a sticker (Do not open under load).

### General remarks and recommendations

### Protection designations, operating categories

#### **D-System**

- DIAZED = diametrically graduated two-piece Edison fuse
- DII fusible element has an E27 electrical thread and currents up to 25 A
- DIII fusible element has an E33 electrical thread and currents up to 63 A
- Application range RiLine

#### **D0-System**

- NEOZED is a Siemens registered trademark
- D01 fuse elements have an E14 up to 16 A (with featherkey, may also be used in D02 elements)
- D02 fusible elements have an E18 electrical thread and can protect against short-circuits with currents up to 63 A
- Application range RiLine

#### **NH-System**

- Low-voltage high-performance fuse for line protection
- The sizes of the fuses are as follows:
  - NH 000 from 2 100 A
     NH 00 from 2 160 A

  - NH 0 from 6 160 A
  - (must no longer be used in new systems)
  - NH 1 from 16 250 A
  - NH 2 from 25 400 A
  - NH 3 from 63 630 A
  - NH 4 from 500 1000 A
     NH 4a from 500 1600 A
- Application range RiLine and VX25 Ri4Power

#### Table 25: Operating categories of fuse inserts

Designations			
gG/gL	All-range fuse -> Overcurrent cable protection and short-circuit protection		
gМ	All-range fuse inserts for protecting motor circuits		
aM	Back-up fuse short-circuit protection for motor circuits in circuits		
gD	All-range breaking capacity with delay		
gN	All-range breaking capacity without delay		
aR	Back-up fuse, only short-circuit protection for semi-conductor protection, high-speed		
gS	All-range fuse, semi-conductor elements, high-speed		
gR	All-range fuse, semi-conductor protection high-speed, faster than gS		
gTr	Transformer protection		
gВ	Protection for mining systems		

#### Table 26: Colour code for fuse inserts

Current	Colour
2 A	Pink
4 A	Brown
6 A	Green
10 A	Red
16 A	Grey
20 A	Blue
25 A	Yellow
35 A	Black
50 A	White
63 A	Copper
80 A	Silver
100 A	Red
125 A	Yellow
160 A	Copper
200 A	Blue

### Motor-starter combinations (MSC)

#### Wiring of the main circuit

The cross-sections of the main circuit should always be dimensioned one cross-section step larger than that calculated on the basis of rated current. If the switchgear manufacturer requires a larger cross-section, this should be followed. The insulation of the conductor material of the main circuits must be designed for an overtemperature of 70 K in accordance with IEC 60 947.

#### Wiring for auxiliary circuits

General wiring should be selected in conformity with Annex H of IEC 61 439-1. The type of wiring must withstand a maximum temperature of 60 °C if the switchgear is installed an area with a maximum ambient temperature of 35 °C. If the ambient temperature is higher, the insulation material must meet a higher temperature resistance.

### General wiring

General wiring should be selected in conformity with Annex H of IEC 61 439-1.

### General remarks and recommendations

### **Operation and maintenance**

The manufacturer of the low-voltage switchgear combination must define the required measures for installation, commissioning and maintenance of the low-voltage switchgear enclosure in writing and give these to the operator.

### Notes on the use of aluminium cables

#### Aluminium cable on terminal SV 9650.325/9640.325

The conductor connection clamp may be used for connecting single- and multi-wire round conductors of copper or aluminium from 95 – 300 mm<sup>2</sup>. For connecting aluminium conductors, the following work steps must be observed:

#### Step 1:

The surface of the aluminium conductor should be cleaned to remove any dirt and, above all, the oxide layer.

#### Step 2:

Immediately after removing the oxide layer, the clean conductor surface is coated using an acid- and alkaline-free grease such as technical vaseline (e.g. contact protection paste P1 made by Pfisterer). This prevents the formation of a new layer of oxide.

#### Step 3:

Immediately after preparing the conductor, it should be connected to the conductor connection clamp using the rated torque.

#### Step 4:

One day later, check the connected conductors to ensure that they are firmly seated, and if necessary, check the torque.

#### Step 5:

The connection points must be monitored with recurrent inspections of the entire switchgear. It is expedient, for example, to use thermographic images or resistance measurements for monitoring purposes.

### Switchgear installation types

The switchgear should always be installed horizontally.

Rittal switchgear may be positioned back to back or directly against the wall without derating the busbar systems and switchgear. This is based on the tests and test results. All switchgear was insulated at the rear, as well as the side panels during testing. This applies to the installation of switchgear in the middle of the room, back against the wall, side panels without convection, and the option of baying other enclosure panels.

### **Operating and ambient conditions**

The siting conditions for VX25 Ri4Power systems are identical for all field types. Any requirements which deviate from this should be agreed with the product management team.

Operating and ambient conditions	Ambient temperature	Short-term peak	+40 °C		
		Maximum on a 24 h average	+35° C	IEC 61 439-1 IEC 61 439-2	
		Low	-5° C	120 01 400 2	
	Atmospheric conditions	Normal climatic stress		IEC 61 439-1 IEC 61 439-2	
		Relative humidity	50% at 40 °C 90% at 20 °C (without dewing/condensation due to temperature fluctuations)		
			Operation up to 2000 m above sea level		

Additional field-specific technical data for the tested field types is listed in detail on the following pages. This data represents the maximum, tested figures. For optimum adaptation of customer requirements to the possible system assemblies, we recommend use of the latest version of the Rittal Power Engineering software.

## Conductor cross-section in relation to short-circuit withstand strength (unprotected active conductors)

Standard reference IEC 61 439-1

Active conductors in switchgear assemblies that are not protected by short-circuit protection devices (see IEC 61 439, chapter 8.6.4) must be selected and laid throughout their entire route in the switchgear assembly to prevent the likelihood of short-circuits between the phase conductors or between the phase conductors and earthed parts. Conductors, selected and installed according to the table below, with an SCPD (short-circuit protection device) on the load side, must not exceed a length of 3 m. The conductor cross-section should be dimensioned such that, firstly, the rated current can be carried and secondly, if there is a shortcircuit, the conductor will not overheat inadmissibly until the downstream protection device is deactivated (see also VDE 0298 Part 4: 2003- 08).

#### Table 27: Conductor selection and laying conditions (IEC 61 439, chapter 8.6.4, table 4)

Type of conductor	Requirements
Uncoated conductor or single-wire conductor with basic insulation e.g. to IEC 60 227-3	Mutual contact or contact with conductive parts must be prevented, e.g. via the use of spacer supports
Single-wire conductors with basic insulation and an admissible operating temperature of the conductor of at least 90 °C, e.g. cables to IEC 60 245-3 or heat-resistant thermoplastic (PVC)-insulated cables to IEC 60 227-3	Mutual contact or contact with conductive parts is admissible without the external influence of pressure. Contact with sharp edges is to be avoided. These conductors must only be loaded in such a way that an operating temperature of 80% of the maximum admissible operating temperature on the conductor is not exceeded.
Conductors with basic insulation, e.g. cables to IEC 60 227-3 with an additional second insulation, such as cables with an individual shrink sleeve or cables laid individually in plastic tubes.	
Conductors insulated with a material of very high mechanical strength, such as ethylene-tetrafluoroethylene (ETFE) insulation, or double- insulated conductors with a reinforced outer coating, dimensioned for use up to 3 kV, e.g. cables to IEC 60 502	No additional requirements
Single- or multi-wire light plastic-sheathed cables, e.g. cables to IEC 60 245-4 or IEC 60 227-4	

#### Cable routing or cable entry

The corresponding preparations stipulated by or agreed with the manufacturer of the low-voltage switchgear assembly should be made with regard to cable entry and attachment. The requisite bending radii of the cables used should also be taken into account. Adequate cable clamp rails should be provided to secure them. Adequate quantities of terminal connections should be provided for all cables.

### **Neutral conductors – Requirements**

#### General

Dimensioning of the neutral conductor is described in IEC 61 439-1, chapter 8.6. The following minimum requirements apply to the neutral conductor in 3-phase circuits.

- In circuits with a phase conductor cross-section up to and including 16 mm<sup>2</sup>, the neutral conductor must correspond to 100% of the corresponding phase conductors.
- In circuits with a phase conductor cross-section of more than 16 mm<sup>2</sup>, the neutral conductor must correspond to 50% of the corresponding phase conductors, but at least 16 mm<sup>2</sup>.

The current in the neutral conductor is assumed to be no more than 50% of a phase conductor current. The dimensioning of the neutral conductor should be agreed in advance with the end client.

#### Explanation of the neutral conductor

In systems that simultaneously have ohmic, capacitive and inductive loads on the phase conductors, more than 100% load of the neutral conductor is possible.

#### Neutral conductor in the main busbar system

Assembly of the main busbar system in a 4-pole version is possible.

If the neutral conductor is to be routed separately, this can be achieved with the busbars in the dimensions  $50 \times 10$  or  $30 \times 10$ . Further details can be found in the field-specific assembly instructions.

The chosen power supply net form (TN-C, TN-CS, ...), see page 95, defines the design of the neutral conductor.

#### ACB air circuit-breaker sections

When using a switched neutral conductor or a 4th pole routed with the phase conductors, this is assembled in exactly the same way as a regular 4-pole ACB section. If the fourth pole is not switched, the neutral conductor rises parallel to the phases via stacking insulators.

If the anticipated current in the neutral conductor is greater than 50%, the neutral conductor should be dimensioned in the phase conductor cross-section of the connection kit. If the neutral conductor current is less than 50%, the cross-section may be halved. If the neutral conductor is not switched, the cross section may be designed to IEC 61 439-1.

#### NH slimline fuse-switch disconnector section

When using 4-pole NH slimline fuse-switch disconnectors from ABB (SlimLine) or Jean Müller (Sasil), the neutral conductor should be routed in the main conductor cross-section. The busbar support is unable to accommodate different busbar designs, compared with the phase conductors. If the neutral conductor is routed in the cable outgoing feeder section, this should be designed in accordance with standard IEC 61 439-2.

#### Neutral conductors for switchgear

Neutral conductors for 4-pole switchgear that have not already been described in this chapter must be dimensioned and connected in accordance with the original device manufacturer's specifications. If there is no clear definition given in the original device manufacturer's specifications, the neutral conductor should be dimensioned in conformity with the general rules of this chapter and Annex H of IEC 61 439-1.

### Notes on the laying and design of N, PE and PEN conductors

N, PE and PEN conductors are to be dimensioned in accordance with IEC 61 439.

For dimensioning of the minimum cross-section of the PE conductor or PEN conductor for the PE conductor function, please refer to chapter 8.4.3. and Annex B.

The PE/PEN system solutions offered by Rittal have been tested as follows:

#### Table 28: Selection of PE/PEN conductors on the basis of rated short-term withstand current

Busbar cross-section	Test values	For rated short-term withstand current I <sub>cw</sub> of the main busbar system
E-Cu 30 x 5 mm	25 kA, 1 sec.	41 kA, 1 sec.
E-Cu 30 x 10 mm	30 kA, 1 sec.	50 kA, 1 sec.
E-Cu 40 x 10 mm	42 kA, 1 sec.	70 kA, 1 sec.
E-Cu 80 x 10 mm	60 kA, 1 sec.	100 kA, 1 sec.

Additionally, when dimensioning the PEN conductor, it should be noted that the minimum cross-section must also satisfy the requirement for the N function.

Dimensioning of the neutral conductor or the neutral conductor function of the PEN conductor depends on the anticipated load and should be agreed between the user and the manufacturer. If no specifications have been made by the user in this connection, the following regulations should be used for the minimum cross-section in accordance with IEC 61 439-1/DIN EN 61 439-1, chapter 8.6.1.

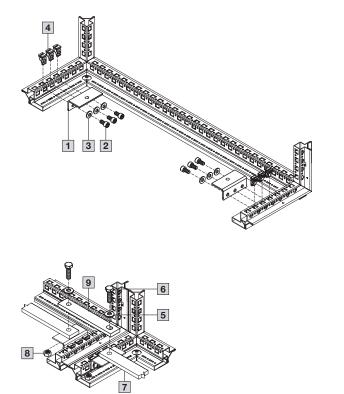
In circuits with a phase conductor cross-section up to and including 16 mm<sup>2</sup>, the neutral conductor should be designed with the same cross-section (100% of the phase conductor cross-section).

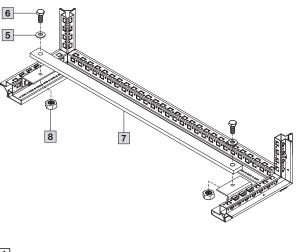
In circuits with a phase conductor cross-section of more than  $16 \text{ mm}^2$ , the neutral conductor should be designed with half the cross-section (50% of the phase conductor cross-section), but with a minimum cross-section of  $16 \text{ mm}^2$ .

These regulations should be applied for all internal conductors in a switchgear.

However, they only apply under the assumption that the current of the neutral conductor is no more than 50% of the phase conductor current. For higher currents on the neutral conductor or high harmonic contents, the cross-sections should be defined correspondingly higher.

The PE, PEN and N conductors should be fitted in accordance with the position shown in the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.





- 1 Angle bracket PE/PEN 9686.350
- 2 Hex screw M8
- 3 Spring washer A8.4
- 4 Captive nut M8 4165.500
- 5 Spring washer A10.5
- 6 Hex screw M10
- 7 PE/PEN busbar 9686.5XX 30 x 5; 30 x 10; 40 x 10; 80 x 10
- 8 Hex nut M10

For baying of enclosure system VX25:

9 Baying bracket PE/PEN 9686.529/.539/.549/.589

### General remarks and recommendations

#### Dimensioning of the PE with the aid of the calculation given in Appendix B (normative)

#### Procedure for calculating the cross-section of PE conductors with regard to thermal stresses from short-term currents.

The cross-section of PE conductors that must withstand the thermal stresses of currents for a duration of 0.2 s to 5 s is calculated using the following equation:

$$S_p = \frac{\sqrt{l^2 t}}{k}$$

whereby

- **S**<sub>p</sub> is the cross-section in mm<sup>2</sup>
- I is the value of the short-circuit AC current (root-meansquare value) for a malfunction with negligible impedance that can flow through the short-circuit device, in amperes
- t is the cut-out time of the disconnecting device in seconds<sup>1)</sup>
- **k** is the factor depending on the material of the PE conductor, the insulation and other parts, as well as on the starting and final temperature; see table opposite
- <sup>1)</sup> The current-limiting effect of the circuit impedances and the current-limiting properties of the protective device (I<sup>2</sup>t) should be taken into account.

Example: I <sub>CW</sub> = 35 kA

$$S_{p} = \frac{\sqrt{35.000^{2} \cdot 1 \text{ sec}}}{176} = 199 \text{ mm}^{2}$$

-> e.g. 20 x 10 = 200 mm<sup>2</sup>

Example: I<sub>CC</sub> = 50 kA

$$S_{\rm p} = \frac{\sqrt{50.000^2 \cdot 0.2 \, \rm sec}}{176} = 127 \, \rm mm^2$$

-> e.g. 30 x 5 = 150 mm<sup>2</sup>

For further details see IEC 60 364-5-54.

Values for factor k for insulated PE conductors not contained in cables, or for uncoated PE conductors where in contact with cable covers

Table 29: Factor k depending on the conductor material and insulating material

	Insulation of the PE conductor or cable cover		
	Thermoplastic (PVC)	VPE EPR Uncoated conductors	Butyl rubber
Final temperature of conductor	160 °C	250 °C	220 °C
Conductor material		Factor k	
Copper	143	176	166
Aluminium	95	116	110
Steel	52	64	60

The starting temperature of the conductor is assumed to be 30 °C.

### Ik<sup>"</sup> values for transformers

#### Table 30: Rated currents and short-circuit currents of standard transformers

Rated voltage U <sub>N</sub> = 400 V		400 V	
Short-circuit voltage Uk		<b>4%</b> <sup>1)</sup>	6% <sup>2)</sup>
Power consumption S <sub>NT</sub> [kVA]	Rated current I <sub>N</sub> [A]		it current I <sub>K</sub> . <sup>3)</sup> (A]
50	72	1.89	-
63	91	2.48	1.65
100	144	3.93	2.62
125	180	4.92	3.28
160	231	6.29	4.20
200	289	7.87	5.24
250	361	9.83	6.56
315	455	12.39	8.26
400	577	15.73	10.49
500	722	19.67	13.11
630	909	24.78	16.52
800	1155	-	20.98
1000	1443	_	26.22
1250	1804	-	32.78
1600	2309	-	41.95
2000	2887	_	52.44
2500	3608	_	65.55

 $^{1)}$  U\_k = 4% standardised to DIN 42 503 for S\_{NT} = 50 . . . 630 kVA  $^{2)}$  U\_k = 6% standardised to DIN 42 511 for S\_{NT} = 100 . . . 1600 kVA

3) Ik = Initial symmetrical short-circuit current of transformer when connecting to a mains supply with unlimited short-circuit rating

#### **Deviating service conditions**

#### Table 31: Recommendation for deviations from the usual operating conditions. Factor k5 to reduce the load at altitudes of 1000 m or above (based on DIN 43 671)

Height above mean sea level	Factor k <sub>5</sub>		
mm	Indoors	Open-air <sup>1)</sup>	
1000	1.00	0.98	
2000	0.99	0.94	
3000	0.96	0.89	
4000	0.90	0.83	

<sup>1)</sup> Higher figures if geographical latitude above 60° and/or particularly dusty air

### General remarks and recommendations

### Transport units and weights

Details may be found in the VX25 load brochure (available to download at www.rittal.com).

#### Transportation by crane

All VX25 enclosures are suitable for transporting by crane, either as free-standing enclosures or as bayed suites.



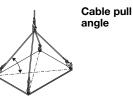
Eyebolt 4568.000

For transporting enclosures by crane (based on DIN 580).



Combination angle 4540.000 Combination angles must be used when transporting bayed

enclosures by crane, to ensure the optimum distribution of tensile forces.



#### With eyebolts

Individual enclosures are safely transported using the eyebolts. For symmetrical loads, the following maximum permissible overall loads apply:

 $F \triangleq \text{ for } 90^\circ \text{ cable pull angle } 13600 \text{ N}$ F  $\triangleq$  for 60° cable pull angle 15000 N F  $\triangleq$  for 45° cable pull angle 6400 N F  $\triangleq$  for 45° cable pull angle 4800 N

#### With combination angle

For the enclosure combination with internal baying brackets, 8617.500 (3 per vertical section) and combination angles shown here, the load capacity with a cable pull angle of 60° is as follows: F1 = 7000 N F2 = 7000 N

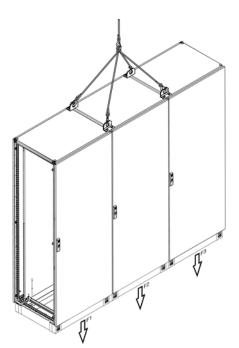
For the enclosure combination with internal baying brackets, 8617.500 (3 per vertical section) and combination angles shown here, the load capacity with a cable pull angle of 60° is as follows: F1 = 7000 N

F2 = 14000 N F3 = 7000 N









### General remarks and recommendations

### Mounting of additional contact hazard protection covers

If the requirements for a low-voltage switchgear assembly mean that additional contact hazard protection covers are necessary, the following points should be borne in mind during installation:

Additional covers must not interrupt or significantly alter air routing.

If such covers are installed horizontally, care should be taken to ensure that vent openings are provided in the cover plates and that their total area is approx. 10% larger than the area of the vent openings in the compartment divider. If no compartment dividers are used, the total area of the vent openings must be not less than 10% of the total cross-section of the enclosure. With all covers it is important to ensure that convection can still take place and that no sealed spaces are created. Covers must not seal vent openings which are provided for ventilation purposes on components from the modular VX25 Ri4Power system.

If forced ventilation is used, the permeable area on all covers must be 10% larger than the area of the air outlet opening.

### The central earth point (CEP) in TN-S networks

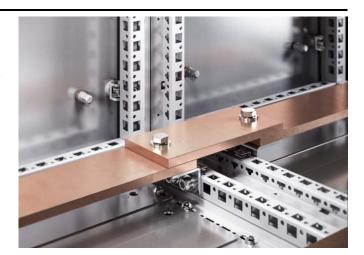
The CEP should be provided in the main low-voltage distributor. The connection should be a solid copper bar with at least the cross-section of the PEN/N conductor. If possible, the connection should be positioned in the centre of the main low-voltage distributor.

No other connections should exist between the PEN and the N, and also no connection between the N and PE conductor in the entire downstream wiring. The CEP should be clearly labelled. We recommend voltage and current monitoring in the CEP connection for this network configuration.

# PE conductor connection and current carrying capacity of PE conductor connections

For roof plates, doors, trim panels etc. with no electrical operating equipment attached, the usual metal screw connections and hinges are considered adequate for continuous connection as potential equalisation. This applies to all specified connections on the VX25 system enclosure. If other operating equipment is connected to these parts or if there is a risk of a potential transfer to these parts, a PE conductor must be carefully connected, whose cross-section should be based on the largest cross-section of the supply cable to the corresponding operating equipment.

Generally speaking, the manufacturer of the switchgear assembly must ensure that the PE conductor circuit is capable of withstanding the highest thermal and dynamic current loads occurring at the installation site.



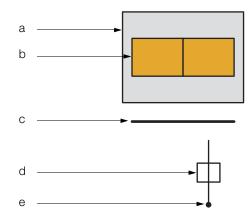
## Internal separation of switchgear assemblies

Internal separation of a switchgear assembly increases the level of safety for individuals and the system itself.

#### Meaning

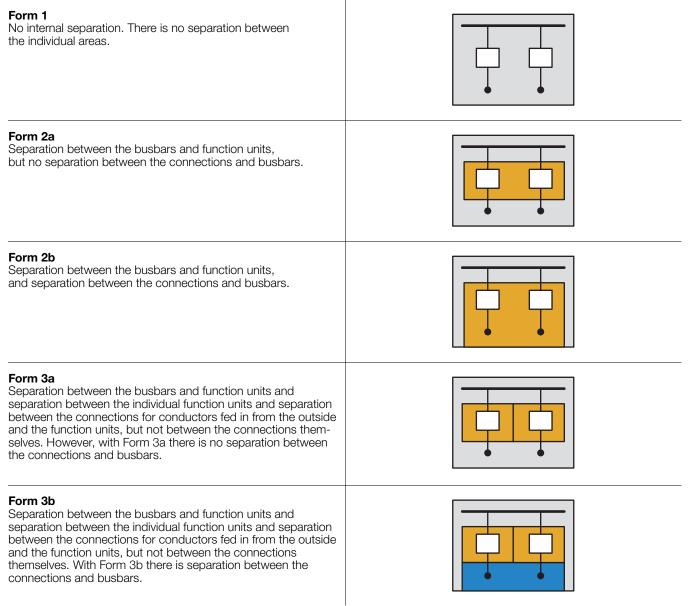
- a Enclosure
- b Internal separation
- c Main or distribution busbar d Function units
- e External connections

The areas to be separated are the busbar compartments, function units and connection areas. The degree of internal separation should be agreed between the manufacturer of the switchgear assembly and the user.



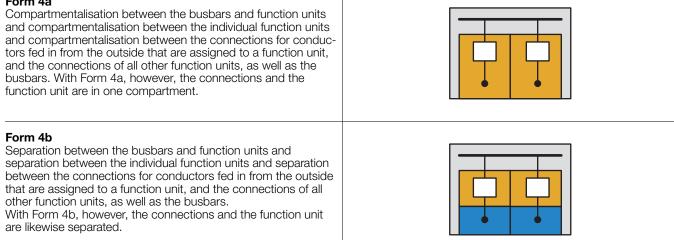
#### Table 32: Forms of internal separation

Standard IEC/EN 61 439-2 defines the following Forms of internal separation (cf. section 8.101, EN 61 439-2)



### General remarks and recommendations

#### Form 4a



#### **Explanation:**

Internal separation is met via compliance with protection category IP XXB.

For protection against the ingress of solid foreign bodies, protection category IP 2X is a minimum requirement.

### General remarks and recommendations

### Admissible heat losses within compartments

For verifying the admissibility of individual mounting parts in compartments with and without distribution busbar systems, the following table may be used. To this end, the sum total of actual heat losses of the devices and wiring must be calculated.

Configuration without additional climate control or cooling is admissible, provided the calculated value is <= the admissible value for the compartment, and the sum total of heat losses arising in this compartment is <= the maximum total heat loss. The calculation should be enclosed with the plant documentation.

#### Table 33: Heat loss table for compartment with distribution busbar

Compartment width mm	Compartment height mm	Compartment depth mm	of switch	s specification gear in W d heat loss)	Comments
			IP 2X	IP 54	
400/600/800	150	401/425/600/800	33	20	-
400/600/800	200	401/425/600/800	33	27	-
400/600/800	300	401/425/600/800	76	76	-
400/600/800	400	401/425/600/800	76	76	-
400/600/800	600	401/425/600/800	193	151	-
400/600/800	800	401/425/600/800	193	151	-
400/600/800	1000	401/425/600/800	193	151	-
400/600/800	1600	401/425/600/800	193	151	-
400/600/800	Section height 2000	401/425/600/800	218	218	Max. total heat loss of section
400/600/800	Section height 2200	401/425/600/800	245	245	Max. total heat loss of section
Mounting plates Form Form 1 <sup>1)</sup>	Section height 2000	_	218	218	-
	Section height 2200	-	245	245	-

<sup>1)</sup> In Form 1 (open design without internal separation), the figure for the complete section height should always be used.

This also applies if the heat loss producers are divided among several small partial mounting plates within the section.

### General remarks and recommendations

### Protection categories IP/ Enclosures IEC 60 529

#### Table 34: Positioning of the IP code

IP	Code letter	•
Item 1	0-6	First code number for protection against contact and foreign bodies:
Item 2	0 - 8	Second code number for level of protection against water
Item 3	A – D	Additional letter
Item 3/4	H, M, S, W	Supplementary letter

## Table 35: Protection against contact and foreign bodies, code number 1

Code	Equipment	Persons
Х	Not given	Not given
0	Non-protected	Non-protected
1	> = 50 mm diameter	Back of the hand
2	> = 12.5 mm diameter	Safe from finger contact
3	> = 2.5 mm diameter	Tool
4	> = 1 mm diameter	Wire
5	Dust-protected	Wire
6	Dust-tight	Wire

## Table 36: Level of protection against water, code number 2

Code	Equipment	Persons
Х	Not given	-
0	Non-protected	-
1	Vertical drops	-
2	Drops at a 15° angle	-
3	Sprayed water	-
4	Splashed water	-
5	Water jets	-
6	Powerful water jets	-
7	Occasional submersion	-
8	Continuous submersion	-

#### Table 37: Additional letter, code number 3

Code	Equipment	Persons
Against ac	cess to dangerous parts with	
А	-	Back of the hand
В	-	Finger
С	-	Tool
D	-	Wire
Supplementary information specifically for		
Н	High-voltage appliances	-
М	Movement during water test	-
S	Motionless during water test	-
W	Weather conditions	-

#### Table 38: Levels of protection against access to hazardous live parts, code number 1

Code	Definition
0	Non-protected
1	The probe, a 50 mm diameter sphere, must have adequate clearance from dangerous parts
2	The articulated test finger, 12 mm diameter, 80 mm length, must have adequate clearance from dangerous parts
3	The probe, 2.5 mm diameter, must not penetrate
4	
5	The probe, 1.0 mm diameter, must not penetrate
6	

## Table 39: Levels of protection against solid bodies, code number 1

Code	Definition
0	Non-protected
1	The object probe, a sphere 50 mm in diameter, must not penetrate fully.
2	The object probe, a sphere 12.5 mm in diameter, must not penetrate fully.
3	The object probe, a sphere 2.5 mm in diameter, must not penetrate fully.
4	The object probe, a sphere 1.0 mm in diameter, must not penetrate fully.
5	Dust may ingress in non-hazardous quantities (no influence of equipment)
6	No dust may ingress



### Accidental arcing protection

### Accidental arcing protection for human safety

The VX25 Ri4Power system meets the requirements for accidental arcing protection to IEC 61 641. The tested, permitted technical data and the approved busbar systems may be found in the current technical specifications or on our website **www.rittal.com**.

The basic requirement for compliance is the use of pressure relief flaps. Additional measures may be necessary depending on the busbar system selected and the anticipated short-circuit currents.

Built-in equipment such as indicator lights, test equipment or display devices should be covered by a viewing window.

A preventative accidental arcing protection may be operated in addition to this. The preventative measures limit the potential for an accidental arc occurring. Dropped screws or tools cannot strike active conductors and trigger an accidental arc. In order to achieve the preventative measures for avoiding accidental arcs, the busbar systems used should be covered as far as possible using the accessory materials from the VX25 Ri4Power modular system.

For further information, please contact our system advisors for power distribution.

### Protection from arcing for persons and equipment

#### What exactly is arcing?

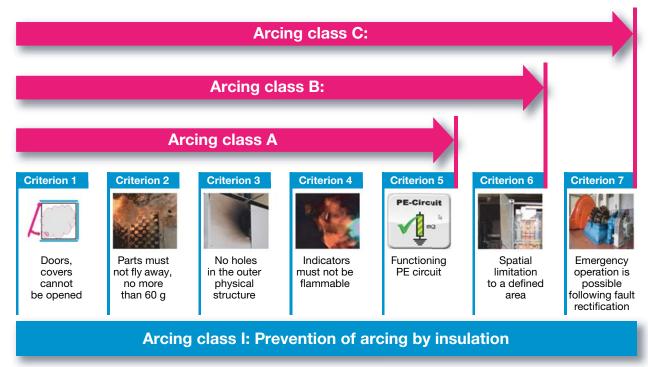
In electrical power engineering, arcing is a phenomenon whereby an arc of light is caused by ionised air, giving the impression of a direct lightning strike on a switchgear assembly. These arcs of light are unwanted in electrical systems or parts of systems, as they are generally very destructive.

If arcing occurs in a system, there are essentially three phenomena: Emissions in the form of a bang, a flash and smoke. These emissions are triggered by the plasma column (arc) created, and temperatures of around 15,000 K can occur. The bang is caused by the sudden rise in pressure occurring when the arc is created. Smoke, fire/sparks occur as metals and plastics combust in the equipment. These effects remain for as long as the arcing is able to spread unchecked in the system. As such, an accidental arc poses a major threat to humans and equipment. To prevent expensive equipment failures, fires and personal injury, suitable protective measures should be taken at the planning and project management stage.

What causes arcing in a system?

There may be many causes, such as small animals (rodents, mice, insects etc.) gaining access to systems, tools left behind during maintenance work, defective terminal connections, or incorrectly connected conductor ends. One of the most common causes of arcing is working on live equipment, although this is not covered by IEC/TR 61641 (IEC 61 439-2, supplement 1/VDE 0660-600-2, supplement 1).

### Arcing classes IEC/TR 61641 classifies protection from arcing as follows:



### Accidental arcing protection

Arcing class A: Protection of persons with arc-tested zones and, where applicable, arc-proof zones

**Arcing class B:** Protection of persons and equipment with arc-tested zones and, where applicable, arc-proof zones

**Arcing class C:** Protection of persons and equipment with arc-tested zones which meet the arcing conditions with restricted operation and, where applicable, arc-proof zones

Arcing class I: Only arc-proof zones, plus fixed insulation of all conductors, no arc-testing required, but structural requirements, protection category and insulation testing must be documented

The first question you ask is: What do I want to protect from these effects?

- A: Persons positioned in front of the equipment
- B: Persons and part of the equipment.
- To be defined between the manufacturer and operator of the equipment
- C: Persons and the equipment for a high level of availability. To be defined between the manufacturer and operator of the equipment
- I: Entire plant, no arcing must occur in the system/higher derating

Testing of these requirements is explained in IEC/TR 61 641.

Rittal views a section of the enclosure assembly as a functional unit. In other words, arcing as defined in standard IEC/ TR 61 641 for arcing classes B and C is limited to one section. For arcing class C, we recommend the use of active arcing systems from companies ABB and Dehn. This therefore ensures maximum availability for the incoming panel ACTB, main busbar and distribution busbar sections. Documentation is provided by testing at various test institutes.

In the compartments, we recommend the use of arcing class I.

Rittal currently meets the basic values of arcing classes A and B for 400 V 50 kA. Other values are available on request.

### How can I profitably apply this knowledge to my system?

Derivation of a tested variant: IEC/TR 61 641 states the following:

## Selection of test pieces and validity of tests on similar structures (opportunities for derivation)

Arcing tests should be conducted on representative switchgear assemblies. Given the large number of designs, rated values and potential combinations of functional units and components, it is not possible to conduct arcing tests on all variants.

The response of a given variant can be verified by the test results of a comparable design. Testing should be conducted at each representative functional unit in the least favourable position in the switchgear assembly.

Switchgear assemblies and functional units that are protected by current-limiting devices should be tested with the device with the highest limiting factors ( $l^2t$ ,  $l_{pk}$ ) at the prospective short-circuit current and the envisaged operating voltage. The validity of the results of testing of a functional unit with a specific switchgear assembly design may be transferred to similar designs, provided the original test was equally or more ambitious and the other functional unit can be considered equivalent to the tested unit with respect to:

- Dimensions
- Layout and strength of enclosure
- Construction method of divider panels
- Operational performance of pressure relief device, where present
- Type/design of insulation
- Surface treatment of the interior of the enclosure and the inner divider panels, e.g. non-conductive surface treatment or bare metal.

Testing conducted with a specified short-circuit current, rated operating voltage and duration also comprises:

- Identical or smaller short-circuit currents
- Identical or lower rated operating voltage and
- Identical or shorter duration

A switchgear assembly operated with direct current should also be tested with direct current. We do not recommend substituting this with an AC current test, because the arcing response and the response of all related protective devices are significantly different.

### The design verfication

### IEC 61 439 Documentation of the design verification

#### 1. Basis for the design verification

- IEC 61 439 defines the requirements applicable to all low-voltage electrical switchgear assemblies and controlgear for the protection of individuals and equipment. In short, this standard states that a low-voltage switchgear assembly is a system comprised of enclosures, switchgear, busbars and climate control components.
- Compliance with the structural requirements of this standard should be documented by means of various individual verifications and a design verification. Individual verifications may take the form of representative sample testing, assessment techniques, or a structured comparison with a tested lowvoltage switchgear assembly.
- In order to ensure the correct layout and functioning of every finished low-voltage switchgear assembly, a routine verification should be prepared and documented when manufacturing is complete, or at the time of commissioning at the latest.
- The standard divides responsibility for the manufacturing of a low-voltage switchgear assembly between the original manufacturer and the assembly manufacturer. The assembly manufacturer is the organisation which produces and markets a ready-to-use low-voltage switchgear assembly for a customer application. The original manufacturer is the organisation that originally developed a switchgear system and who is responsible for establishing the nature of verification. The original manufacturer may also be one and the same organisation.
- The various verifications of the design verification confirm that the components combined in a switchgear assembly operate correctly together. For this reason, certain verifications call for tests or comparisons which can only be provided by verifying the combination of different products (e.g. enclosure and busbars).

- The testing of individual devices or components is no substitute for the verifications required for the design verification. Example: The short-circuit resistance of the PE conductor circuit is a test whose outcome will depend on the enclosure type selected and the PE conductor components used. With this test, both the enclosure and the PE conductor components are subjected to mechanical and electrical stresses which influence the test result. As such, merely testing test the PE conductor components in isolation is not sufficient for verification purposes.
- For verification of temperature rise, the actual achievable rated currents and the rated diversity factor of the respective circuit should be indicated for the manufacturer and the user. Merely stating the rated currents of the switchgear or individual components of the switchgear assembly is not sufficient, since this may not allow for environmental influence and the influence of other components in the switchgear assembly.

#### 2. Documentation of individual verifications

The design verification is intended to verify that the design of a switchgear assembly or switchgear assembly system is compliant with the requirements of this series of standards (see DIN EN 61 439-1, section 10.1).

Complete, detailed documentation of the individual design verifications, including the test reports and calculations of the assessment records for the switchgear assembly system developed by the original manufacturer, as well as all test reports and records, should be prepared by the original manufacturers and archived by them.

In line with section 14.1.3 of IEC 61 439, these documents are the intellectual property of the original manufacturers and are not customarily shared with third parties, unless the original manufacturers do so of their own accord.

This wording in the standard implies that the release of such detailed test reports or calculations cannot be demanded from the assembly manufacturer or user of a switchgear in order to confirm the design verification.

- In order to supply manufacturers or subsequent users of the switchgear with usable documentation of the design verification, Rittal has opted to prepare detailed documentation of the design verification. Depending on the individual verification, this summary of the design verification may contain
  - the chosen verification method
  - the confirmed measurement data
  - the corresponding test report number or report number and
  - the products or systems used.

Such openness is vital if all parties involved in the process are to obtain a transparent account of the properties of a lowvoltage switchgear assembly from the design verification.

### The design verfication

#### 3. Individual verifications and verification methods

The following table shows the admissible techniques for documenting the individual design verifications (taken from IEC 61 439-1, Table D1, from Annex D).

			Ava	lable verification opti	ons
No.	Features to be verified	Section	Testing	Comparison with a reference design	Assessment
	Strength of materials and parts:	10.2			
	Resistance to corrosion	10.2.2	•	-	-
	Properties of insulating materials:	10.2.3			
	Thermal stability	10.2.3.1	•	-	-
1	Resistance to abnormal heat and fire due to internal electrical effects	10.2.3.2	•	-	•
	Resistance to ultra-violet (UV) radiation	10.2.4	-	_	-
	Lifting	10.2.5	-		_
	Mechanical impact	10.2.6			_
	Marking	10.2.7			_
2	Degree of protection of enclosures	10.2.7		_	
3	Clearances	10.0	-	_	
4	Creepage distances	10.4		_	_
	Protection against electric shock and integrity of protective circuits:	10.5			
5	Continuity between exposed conductive parts of the assembly and the protective circuit	10.5.2	•	_	-
	Short-circuit withstand strength of the protective circuit	10.5.3	•		_
6	Incorporation of switching devices and components	10.6	-	-	
7	Internal electrical circuits and connections	10.7	-	-	
8	Terminals for external conductors	10.8	-	_	•
	Dielectric properties:	10.9			
9	Power-frequency withstand voltage	10.9.2	•	-	-
	Impulse withstand voltage	10.9.3		-	
10	Temperature-rise limits	10.10			
11	Short-circuit withstand strength	10.11			-
12	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	10.12		-	•
13	Mechanical operation	10.13		-	-

#### 4. Information included in the design verification

The design verification documents compliance with the specifications of this standard. The design verification is comprised of 13 individual verifications. For selected individual verifications, additional sub-verifications in sub-categories may be required. If selected verifications are not required due to the application, the respective verification should, as a minimum requirement, state that verification on the basis of the standard is not required in this instance.

## The design verfication

#### 5. Below is a sample design verification

The design verification below is intended as a sample.

Design verification to	DIN EN 61 439	□ IEC 61439	Date
	Part 1 – General requirements Part 2 – Power switchgear asse Part 3 – Distribution boards up Part 4 – Power distributors for c Part 5 – Cable distributor enclos Part 6 – Bar distributors	to 250 A construction sites	Design verification number
	Part 7 – Special sectors, such as	marinas	
Manufacturer of switchgear assemb	oly:		
Address:			
Town, post code:			
E-mail:			
Description of switchgear assembly	·:		
Rated voltage Un			V
Rated operating voltage of circuits	Je		V
Rated insulation voltage Ui			V
Rated impulse withstand voltage $U_{i}$	mp		kV
Rated current of switchgear assem	bly I <sub>nA</sub>		A
Rated current of busbar system Inc	busbar		A
Rated peak withstand strength of s	witchgear assembly Ipk		kA
Rated short-time withstand strengt	n of switchgear assembly $I_{cw}$		kA sec.
Conditional rated short-circuit curre	nt of switchgear assembly $I_{cc}$		kA
Rated diversity factor of switchgear	assembly RDF		
Rated frequency fn			Hz
	□ TN-C	TN-S	□ TN-C-S
Network configuration			☐ Other
Degree of protection	□ Basic protection	☐ Fault protection	□ Total insulation
Protection category IP	□ IP 41	□ IP 54	□ IP 55
	□ IP 65	□ IP 66	□ IP
Protection category IK	□ IK 09	□ IK 10	□ IK
Type of construction	□ Fixed installation	Non-removable	Fully removable
Indoor/outdoor installation	🗆 Indoor	Outdoor	
Stationary/mobile installation	□ Stationary		
Usage by	Qualified electrician	□ Instructed individual	Layperson
Type of short-circuit protection device	Air circuit-breaker	Fuse	□ Other:
Overall dimensions	Width mr	n Height mm	Depth mm
Overall weight	k	g	
EMC classification	Environment A	Environment B	
Pollution degree	□ 1	2	3
Special service conditions			

## The design verfication

Design ve	erification	to DIN EN 61 439		Date	
Manufactu		Type/ID number	Created by	Design verificati	on number
Section	Description of verification	Criterion	Verification method	Product	Report number
10.2.2	Resistance to corrosion	Severity for	Test		
10.2.3.1	Thermal stability of enclosures	70°C for a duration of 168 h with a recovery time of 96 h	Test		
10.2.3.2	Resistance of insulating materials to abnormal heat and fire due to internal electrical effects	960 °C for parts necessary to retain current-carrying conductors in position; 850 °C for enclosures intended for mounting in hollow walls; 650 °C for all other parts			
10.2.4	Resistance to ultra-violet (UV) radiation				
10.2.5	Lifting	Test run with the maximum mechanical load	Test		
10.2.6	Mechanical impact	IK	Test		
10.2.7	Marking				
10.3	Degree of protection of enclo- sures	IP			
10.4	Clearances	mm for U <sub>imp</sub> kV	Test		
10.4	Creepage distances	mm for U <sub>i</sub> V, VSG 3, WSG Illa	Test		
10.5.2	Continuity between exposed conductive parts of the assembly and the protective circuits	< 0.1 Ohm	Test		
10.5.3	Short-circuit withstand strength of the protective circuit				
10.6	Incorporation of switching devices and components	Compliance with the structural requirement in section 8.5 for the incorporation of switching devices and components and the response requirements for EMC.	Assessment via inspection		
10.7	Internal electrical circuits and connections	Compliance with the structural requirement in section 8.6 for internal electrical circuits and connections	Assessment via inspection		
10.8	Terminals for external conductors	Compliance with the structural requirement in section 8.8 for terminals for external conductors	Assessment via inspection		
10.9.2	Power-frequency withstand voltage	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Test		
10.9.3	Impulse withstand voltage	U1 2/50 kV for U <sub>imp</sub> kV			
10.10	Temperature-rise limits	Verification by			
10.11	Short-circuit withstand strength				
10.12	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	Ambient condition			
10.13	Mechanical operation				

### The design verfication

#### 6. Complete verification of a switchgear assembly

- Complete verification is comprised of an assembly cover sheet, the design verification and the routine verification. The assembly cover sheet includes the rating data and usage conditions of the respective switchgear and controlgear.
- For each individual verification, the design verification should include the chosen verification method, the verification criterion, and the test report number or number of another report or the calculation. This document should be submitted together with the routine verification and the other documentation. It is not necessary to forward the detailed test reports or calculations, and this information may only be inspected by a supervisory body. All documents must be kept for a minimum of 10 years from the date of the switch-gear or controlgear's entry into circulation.
- The declaration of conformity (which must be prepared if the assembly is intended for use within the European Economic Area) does not constitute part of the assembly documentation. This is to be prepared by the manufacturer, but can only be requested by a supervisory authority. It is important to note that the new Low Voltage Directive entered into force in April 2016, and under this Directive, a risk assessment of the switchgear assembly must be carried out and documented. A risk assessment remains the manufacturer's intellectual property, but any residual risks that cannot be eliminated through design measures must be listed in a safety note to the plant documentation and handed to the owner and operator of the switchgear assembly.

# **Rittal Automation Systems**

High productivity levels and consistent optimisation of all process steps with the Rittal automated busbar machining

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Table 40: Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for air circuit-breakers – ABB, part 1

Brand	ABB													
_			In			with conside		Minimum compartment dimensions						
Туре	Design	Size	circuit-breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version			
				IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height			
ACB			A	А	А	A	А	mm	mm	mm	mm			
Sace E 1.2	Static installation	1	630	630	630	630	630	400	600	600	600			
Sace E 1.2	Static installation	1	800	800	800	800	800	400	600	600	600			
Sace E 1.2	Static installation	1	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	400	600	600	600			
Sace E 1.2	Static installation	1	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	400	600	600	600			
Sace E 1.2	Static installation	1	1600	1550	1450	1504	1400	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 2.2	Static installation	2	800	800	800	800	800	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 2.2	Static installation	2	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 2.2	Static installation	2	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 2.2	Static installation	2	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 2.2	Static installation	2	2000	2000	1800	2000	1660	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 2.2	Static installation	2	2500	2440	2010	2200	1852	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 4.2	Static installation	4	3200	2780	2360	2780	2000	800	600	800	600			
Sace E 4.2	Static installation	4	4000	3333	2830	3333	2605	800	600	800	600			
Sace E 1.2	Rack-mounted	1	630	630	630	630	630	400	600	600	600			
Sace E 1.2	Rack-mounted	1	800	800	800	800	800	400	600	600	600			
Sace E 1.2	Rack-mounted	1	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	400	600	600	600			
Sace E 1.2	Rack-mounted	1	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	400	600	600	600			
Sace E 1.2	Rack-mounted	1	1600	1500	1400	1472	1300	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 2.2	Rack-mounted	2	800	800	800	800	800	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 2.2	Rack-mounted	2	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 2.2	Rack-mounted	2	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 2.2	Rack-mounted	2	1600	1600	1600	1600	1510	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 2.2	Rack-mounted	2	2000	1780	1720	1780	1600	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 2.2	Rack-mounted	2	2500	2020	1950	2020	1814	600	600	600	600			
Sace E 4.2	Rack-mounted	4	3200	2370	2200	2370	2110	800	600	800	600			
Sace E 4.2	Rack-mounted	4	4000	2700	2500	2700	2400	800	600	800	600			

<sup>1)</sup> Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub> and the required short-time withstand current strength I<sub>cw</sub>.
 <sup>2)</sup> Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for air circuit-breakers – ABB, part 2

Brand						ABB				
Туре		ction cross-sended in the section cross-section kits,			ction cross-s ection kits, b		Max. short-circuit withstand strength	Max. short-circuit withstand strength		n distance support <sup>2)</sup>
1	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	I <sub>cw</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	I <sub>cc</sub> <sup>1)</sup>		
	top	top	top	bottom	bottom	bottom	at 400 V AC	at 400 V AC	up to 50/65/80 kA	up to 100 kA
ACB	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kA	kA	mm	mm
Sace E 1.2	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	42	50	200	-
Sace E 1.2	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	42	50	200	-
Sace E 1.2	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	42	50	200	-
Sace E 1.2	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	42	50	200	-
Sace E 1.2	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	42	50	200	-
Sace E 2.2	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	85	250	-
Sace E 2.2	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	85	250	-
Sace E 2.2	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	85	250	-
Sace E 2.2	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	85	85	250	-
Sace E 2.2	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	85	85	250	-
Sace E 2.2	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	85	85	250	-
Sace E 4.2	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	100	100	150	150
Sace E 4.2	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	100	100	150	150
Sace E 1.2	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	42	50	200	-
Sace E 1.2	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	42	50	200	-
Sace E 1.2	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	42	50	200	-
Sace E 1.2	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	42	50	200	-
Sace E 1.2	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	42	50	200	-
Sace E 2.2	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	85	250	-
Sace E 2.2	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	85	250	-
Sace E 2.2	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	85	250	-
Sace E 2.2	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	85	85	250	-
Sace E 2.2	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	85	85	250	-
Sace E 2.2	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	85	85	250	-
Sace E 4.2	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	100	100	150	150
Sace E 4.2	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	100	100	150	150

<sup>1)</sup> Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub> and the required short-time withstand current strength I<sub>cw</sub>.
 <sup>2)</sup> Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Table 41: Rated currents Inc for air circuit-breakers – Eaton, part 1

Brand	Eaton													
_			In			with conside		Minimum compartment dimensions						
Туре	Design	Size	circuit-breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version			
				IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height			
ACB			A	А	А	А	А	mm	mm	mm	mm			
IZMX 16	Static installation	1	630	630	630	630	630	400	600	600	600			
IZMX 16	Static installation	1	800	800	800	800	800	400	600	600	600			
IZMX 16	Static installation	1	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	400	600	600	600			
IZMX 16	Static installation	1	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	400	600	600	600			
IZMX 16	Static installation	1	1600	1510	1450	1510	1370	400	600	600	600			
IZM 40	Static installation	2	800	800	800	800	800	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40	Static installation	2	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40	Static installation	2	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40	Static installation	2	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40	Static installation	2	2000	2000	1900	1960	1800	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40 <sup>3)</sup>	Static installation	2	2500	2375	1950	1990	1850	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40 <sup>3)</sup>	Static installation	2	3200	3146	2480	2560	2080	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40	Static installation	2	4000	3500	3100	3200	2560	800	600	800	600			
IZMX 16	Rack-mounted	1	630	630	630	630	630	400	600	600	600			
IZMX 16	Rack-mounted	1	800	800	800	800	800	400	600	600	600			
IZMX 16	Rack-mounted	1	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	400	600	600	600			
IZMX 16	Rack-mounted	1	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	400	600	600	600			
IZMX 16	Rack-mounted	1	1600	1510	1450	1510	1370	400	600	600	600			
IZM 40	Rack-mounted	2	800	800	800	800	800	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40	Rack-mounted	2	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40	Rack-mounted	2	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40	Rack-mounted	2	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40	Rack-mounted	2	2000	2000	1900	1960	1800	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40 <sup>3)</sup>	Rack-mounted	2	2500	2375	1950	1990	1850	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40 <sup>3)</sup>	Rack-mounted	2	3200	3146	2480	2560	2080	800	600	800	600			
IZM 40	Rack-mounted	2	4000	3500	3100	3200	2560	800	600	800	600			

<sup>1)</sup> Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub> and the required short-time withstand current strength I<sub>cw</sub>.
 <sup>2)</sup> Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.
 <sup>3)</sup> Connection extension for 4000 A required (model no. 183976\* (IZMX–TH403–4000–1))

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Rated currents Inc for air circuit-breakers – Eaton, part 2

Brand		Eaton													
Туре	con	ction cross-so nection kits,	top	conn	ction cross-s ection kits, b	ottom	Max. short-circuit withstand strength	Max. short-circuit withstand strength	Maximum distance from first support <sup>2)</sup>						
	L1	L2	L3	L1 bottom	L2 bottom	L3 bottom	I <sub>cw<sup>1)</sup> at 400 V AC</sub>	I <sub>cc</sub> 1) at 400 V AC	up to 42 kA	up to 100 kA					
ACB	mm	top mm	top mm	mm	mm	mm	kA	kA	mm	mm					
IZMX 16	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	-	-	150						
IZMX 16	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	_	-	150	_					
IZMX 16	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	_	_	150	_					
IZMX 16	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	_	-	150	_					
IZMX 16	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	_	_	150	_					
IZM 40	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 40	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 40	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 40	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 40	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 403)	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 403)	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 40	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZMX 16	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	-	-	150	-					
IZMX 16	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	-	-	150	-					
IZMX 16	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	-	-	150	-					
IZMX 16	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	-	-	150	-					
IZMX 16	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	-	-	150	-					
IZM 40	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 40	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 40	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 40	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 40	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 403)	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 40 <sup>3)</sup>	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	85	85	150	150					
IZM 40	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	85	85	150	150					

Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub> and the required short-time withstand current strength I<sub>cw</sub>.
 Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.
 Connection extension for 4000 A required (model no. 183976\* (IZMX–TH403–4000–1))

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Table 42: Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for air circuit-breakers – GE, part 1

Brand	GE													
_			In			with consid egory and c		Minim	num compar	tment dime	nsions			
Туре	Design	Size	circuit-breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version			
				IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height			
ACB			A	А	А	A	А	mm	mm	mm	mm			
GG04	Static installation	1/none	400	400	400	400	400	600	600	600	600			
GG07	Static installation	1/none	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	600	600			
GG08	Static installation	1/none	800	800	800	800	800	600	600	600	600			
GG10	Static installation	1/none	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	600	600	600	600			
GG13	Static installation	1/none	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	600	600	600	600			
GG16	Static installation	1/none	1600	1488	1392	1488	1288	600	600	600	600			
GG20	Static installation	1/none	2000	1500	1400	1498	1300	600	600	600	600			
GG04	Static installation	2	400	400	400	400	400	800	600	800	600			
GG07	Static installation	2	630	630	630	630	630	800	600	800	600			
GG08	Static installation	2	800	800	800	800	800	800	600	800	600			
GG10	Static installation	2	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	800	600	800	600			
GG13	Static installation	2	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	800	600	800	600			
GG16	Static installation	2	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	800	600	800	600			
GG20	Static installation	2	2000	1700	1500	1700	1450	800	600	800	600			
GG25	Static installation	2	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	800	600	800	600			
GG32	Static installation	2	3200	3184	3184	3184	3184	800	600	800	600			
GG40	Static installation	2	4000	3880	3600	3880	3420	800	600	800	600			
GG04	Rack-mounted	1/none	400	400	400	400	400	600	600	600	600			
GG07	Rack-mounted	1/none	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	600	600			
GG08	Rack-mounted	1/none	800	800	800	800	800	600	600	600	600			
GG10	Rack-mounted	1/none	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	600	600	600	600			
GG13	Rack-mounted	1/none	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	600	600	600	600			
GG16	Rack-mounted	1/none	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	600	600	600	600			
GG20	Rack-mounted	1/none	2000	2000	1940	2000	1870	600	600	600	600			
GG04	Rack-mounted	2	400	400	400	400	400	800	600	800	600			
GG07	Rack-mounted	2	630	630	630	630	630	800	600	800	600			
GG08	Rack-mounted	2	800	800	800	800	800	800	600	800	600			
GG10	Rack-mounted	2	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	800	600	800	600			
GG13	Rack-mounted	2	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	800	600	800	600			
GG16	Rack-mounted	2	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	800	600	800	600			
GG20	Rack-mounted	2	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	800	600	800	600			
GG25	Rack-mounted	2	2500	2475	2425	2425	2350	800	600	800	600			
GG32	Rack-mounted	2	3200	2950	2624	2944	2352	800	600	800	600			
GG40	Rack-mounted	2	4000	3000	2600	2980	2340	800	600	800	600			

<sup>1)</sup> Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub> and the required short-time withstand current strength I<sub>cw</sub>.
 <sup>2)</sup> Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Rated currents Inc for air circuit-breakers – GE, part 2

Brand		GE													
Туре		ction cross-s nection kits,			ction cross-s ection kits, b		Max. short-circuit withstand strength	Max. short-circuit withstand strength	Maximum distance from first support <sup>2)</sup>						
	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	I <sub>cw</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	I <sub>cc</sub> 1)							
	top	top	top	bottom	bottom	bottom	at 400 V AC	at 400 V AC	up to 65/85kA	up to 100 kA					
ACB	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kA	kA	mm	mm					
GG04	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG07	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG08	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG13	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG16	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG20	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG04	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG07	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG08	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG13	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG16	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG20	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG25	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG32	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG40	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG04	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG07	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG08	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG13	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG16	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	I					
GG20	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	-					
GG04	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG07	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG08	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG13	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG16	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG20	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG25	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	85	100	200	200					
GG32	3 x 100 x 10			3 x 100 x 10			85	100	200	200					
GG40		3 x 120 x 10					85	100	200	200					

Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub> and the required short-time withstand current strength I<sub>cw</sub>.
 Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Table 43: Rated currents $I_{nc}\ \text{for air circuit-breakers}$ – LS ELECTRIC, part 1

Brand	LS ELECTRIC													
_			In		current Inc otection cat			Minim	num compar	tment dime	nsions			
Туре	Design	Size	circuit-breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version			
				IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height			
ACB			A	А	A	А	А	mm	mm	mm	mm			
Metasol AS 06 D	Static installation	1/none	200	200	200	200	200	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 06 D	Static installation	1/none	400	400	400	400	400	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 06 D	Static installation	1/none	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 08 D	Static installation	1/none	400	400	400	400	400	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 08 D	Static installation	1/none	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 08 D	Static installation	1/none	800	800	800	800	800	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 10 D	Static installation	1/none	1000	980	923	910	850	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 13 D	Static installation	1/none	1250	1225	1150	1135	1062	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 16 D	Static installation	1/none	1600	1560	1472	1450	1360	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 20 E	Static installation	3	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 20 E	Static installation	3	800	800	800	800	800	600	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 20 E	Static installation	3	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	600	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 20 E	Static installation	3	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	600	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 20 E	Static installation	3	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	800	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 20 E	Static installation	3	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	800	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 25 E	Static installation	3	2500	2500	2500	2500	2450	800	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 32 E	Static installation	3	3200	3150	2650	2800	2450	800	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 06 D	Rack-mounted	1/none	200	200	200	200	200	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 06 D	Rack-mounted	1/none	400	400	400	400	400	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 06 D	Rack-mounted	1/none	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 08 D	Rack-mounted	1/none	400	400	400	400	400	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 08 D	Rack-mounted	1/none	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 08 D	Rack-mounted	1/none	800	800	800	800	800	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 10 D	Rack-mounted	1/none	1000	960	830	880	700	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 13 D	Rack-mounted	1/none	1250	1225	1150	1135	1062	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 16 D	Rack-mounted	1/none	1600	1560	1472	1450	1360	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 20 E	Rack-mounted	3	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	600	600			
Metasol AS 20 E	Rack-mounted	3	800	800	800	800	800	600	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 20 E	Rack-mounted	3	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	600	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 20 E	Rack-mounted	3	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	600	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 20 E	Rack-mounted	3	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	800	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 20 E	Rack-mounted	3	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	800	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 25 E	Rack-mounted	3	2500	2500	2500	2500	2450	800	600	800	600			
Metasol AS 32 E	Rack-mounted	3	3200	3150	2650	2800	2450	800	600	800	600			

<sup>1)</sup> Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub> and the required short-time withstand current strength I<sub>cw</sub>.
 <sup>2)</sup> Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for air circuit-breakers – LS ELECTRIC, part 2

Brand					LS	ELECTRIC				
Туре		ction cross-s inection kits,			ction cross-s ection kits, b		Max. short-circuit withstand strength	Max. short-circuit withstand strength	Maximum distance from first support <sup>2)</sup>	
	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	l <sub>cw</sub> 1)	I <sub>cc</sub> 1)		
	top	top	top	bottom	bottom	bottom	at 400 V AC	at 400 V AC	up to 65 kA	up to 100 kA
ACB	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kA	kA	mm	mm
Metasol AS 06 D	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 06 D	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 06 D	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 08 D	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 08 D	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 08 D	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 10 D	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 13 D	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 16 D	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	70	70	250	150
Metasol AS 20 E	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 20 E	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 20 E	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 20 E	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 20 E	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 20 E	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 25 E	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 32 E	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	100	100	250	150
Metasol AS 06 D	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 06 D	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 06 D	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 08 D	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 08 D	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 08 D	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 10 D	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 13 D	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	70	250	150
Metasol AS 16 D	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	70	70	250	150
Metasol AS 20 E	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10				1 x 100 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 20 E	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10		1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 20 E	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10			1 x 100 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 20 E	1 x 100 x 10	1 x 100 x 10		1 x 100 x 10		1 x 100 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 20 E	1 x 100 x 10			1 x 100 x 10		1 x 100 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 20 E	2 x 100 x 10			2 x 100 x 10			85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 25 E	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	85	85	250	150
Metasol AS 32 E		3 x 100 x 10					100	100	250	150
	S X 100 X 10	10 1 100 1 10	5 X 100 X 10		S X 100 X 10	5 X 100 X 10	100	100	200	100

<sup>1)</sup> Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity  $I_{cu}$  and the required short-time withstand current strength  $I_{cw}$ . <sup>2)</sup> Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

Brand		Mitsubishi													
_			In			with conside		Minimum compartment dimensions							
Туре	Design	Size	circuit-breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version				
				IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height				
ACB			A	А	А	A	А	mm	mm	mm	mm				
AE1000	Static instal- lation	1/none	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	800	600	800	600				
AE1250	Static instal- lation	1/none	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	800	600	800	600				
AE1600	Static instal- lation	1/none	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	800	600	800	600				
AE2000	Static instal- lation	1/none	2000	2000	1900	1600	1600	800	600	800	600				
AE2500	Static instal- lation	1/none	2500	2500	2375	2000	2000	800	600	800	600				
AE3200	Static instal- lation	1/none	3200	3100	2880	2560	1950	800	600	800	600				
AE1000	Rack- mounted	1/none	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	800	800	800	800				
AE1250	Rack- mounted	1/none	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	800	800	800	800				
AE1600	Rack- mounted	1/none	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	800	800	800	800				
AE2000	Rack- mounted	1/none	2000	2000	1900	1600	1600	800	800	800	800				
AE2500	Rack- mounted	1/none	2500	2500	2375	2000	2000	800	800	800	800				
AE3200	Rack- mounted	1/none	3200	3100	2880	2560	1950	800	800	800	800				

#### Table 44: Rated currents Inc for air circuit-breakers - Mitsubishi, part 1

Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub> and the required short-time withstand current strength I<sub>cw</sub>.
 Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Rated currents $I_{nc}\ \text{for air circuit-breakers}$ – Mitsubishi, part 2

Brand		Mitsubishi													
Туре		ction cross-s nection kits,			Connection cross-section, connection kits, bottom			Max. short-circuit withstand strength	Maximum distance from first support <sup>2)</sup>						
	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	I <sub>cw</sub> 1)	I <sub>cc</sub> 1)							
	top	top	top	bottom	bottom	bottom	at 400 V AC	at 400 V AC	up to 65 kA	up to 75 kA					
ACB	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kA	kA	mm	mm					
AE1000-SW	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	200					
AE1250-SW	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	200					
AE1600-SW	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	200					
AE2000-SW	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	75	75	200	200					
AE2500-SW	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	75	75	200	200					
AE3200-SW	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	75	75	200	200					
AE1000-SW	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	200					
AE1250-SW	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	200					
AE1600-SW	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	65	200	200					
AE2000-SW	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	75	75	200	200					
AE2500-SW	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	75	75	200	200					
AE3200-SW	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	75	75	200	200					

<sup>1)</sup> Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity  $I_{cu}$  and the required short-time withstand current strength  $I_{cw}$ . <sup>2)</sup> Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Table 45: Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for air circuit-breakers – Schneider Electric, part 1

Brand	Schneider Electric													
_		Size	In			with conside		Minimum compartment dimensions						
Туре	Design		circuit-breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version			
				IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height			
ACB			A	А	А	А	А	mm	mm	mm	mm			
MTZ1 NT06	Static installation	1	630	630	630	630	630	400	600	600	600			
MTZ1 NT08	Static installation	1	800	800	800	800	800	400	600	600	600			
MTZ1 NT10	Static installation	1	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	400	600	600	600			
MTZ1 NT12	Static installation	1	1250	1250	1220	1250	1140	400	600	600	600			
MTZ1 NT16	Static installation	1	1600	1420	1320	1320	1180	400	600	600	600			
MTZ2 NW08	Static installation	2	800	800	800	800	800	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW10	Static installation	2	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW12	Static installation	2	1250	1250	1250	1250	1140	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW16	Static installation	2	1600	1600	1520	1500	1250	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW20	Static installation	2	2000	2000	1900	1900	1700	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW25 <sup>3)</sup>	Static installation	2	2500	2500	2300	2300	1905	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW32 <sup>3)</sup>	Static installation	2	3200	3200	2830	2900	2180	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW40	Static installation	2	4000	4000	3120	3120	1950	800	600	800	600			
MTZ3 NW40b	Static installation	3	4000	4000	3320	3320	3010	1000	600	1200	600			
MTZ1 NT06	Rack-mounted	1	630	630	630	630	630	400	600	600	600			
MTZ1 NT08	Rack-mounted	1	800	800	800	800	800	400	600	600	600			
MTZ1 NT10	Rack-mounted	1	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	400	600	600	600			
MTZ1 NT12	Rack-mounted	1	1250	1250	1220	1250	1140	400	600	600	600			
MTZ1 NT16	Rack-mounted	1	1600	1420	1320	1320	1180	400	600	600	600			
MTZ2 NW08	Rack-mounted	2	800	800	800	800	800	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW10	Rack-mounted	2	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW12	Rack-mounted	2	1250	1250	1250	1250	1140	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW16	Rack-mounted	2	1600	1600	1520	1500	1250	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW20	Rack-mounted	2	2000	2000	1900	1900	1700	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW25 <sup>3)</sup>	Rack-mounted	2	2500	2500	2300	2300	1905	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW32 <sup>3)</sup>	Rack-mounted	2	3200	3200	2830	2900	2180	800	600	800	600			
MTZ2 NW40	Rack-mounted	2	4000	3400	3120	3120	1950	800	600	800	600			
MTZ3 NW40b	Rack-mounted	3	4000	4000	3320	3320	3010	1000	600	1200	600			

<sup>1)</sup> Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub> and the required short-time withstand current strength I<sub>cw</sub>.
 <sup>2)</sup> Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.
 <sup>3)</sup> Connection extension 4000 A required (3-pol. model no. LV847970SP (2 x); 4 pol. model no. LV847971SP (2 x))

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Rated currents Inc for air circuit-breakers – Schneider Electric, part 2

Brand	Schneider Electric												
Туре	Connection cross-section, connection kits, top			conn	ction cross-s ection kits, b	ottom	Max. short-circuit withstand strength I <sub>cw</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	Max. short-circuit withstand strength I <sub>cc</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>2)</sup>				
	L1 top	L2 top	L3 top	L1 bottom	L2 bottom	L3 bottom	at 400 V AC	at 400 V AC	up to 50 kA	up to 100 kA			
ACB	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kA	kA	mm	mm			
MTZ1 NT06	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	42	50	300	-			
MTZ1 NT08	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	42	50	300	-			
MTZ1 NT10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	42	50	300	_			
MTZ1 NT12	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	42	50	300	-			
MTZ1 NT16	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	42	50	300	-			
MTZ2 NW08	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW12	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW16	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW20	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW25 <sup>3)</sup>	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW32 <sup>3)</sup>	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW40	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ3 NW40b	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	100	100	300	150			
MTZ1 NT06	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	42	50	300	-			
MTZ1 NT08	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	42	50	300	-			
MTZ1 NT10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	42	50	300	_			
MTZ1 NT12	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	42	50	300	-			
MTZ1 NT16	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	3 x 50 x 10	42	50	300	-			
MTZ2 NW08	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW12	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW16	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW20	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	2 x 80 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW25 <sup>3)</sup>	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW32 <sup>3)</sup>	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ2 NW40	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	4 x 100 x 10	85	100	300	150			
MTZ3 NW40b	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	100	100	300	150			

<sup>1)</sup> Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub> and the required short-time withstand current strength I<sub>cw</sub>.
 <sup>2)</sup> Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.
 <sup>3)</sup> Connection extension 4000 A required (3-pol. model no. LV847970SP (2 x); 4 pol. model no. LV847971SP (2 x))

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Table 46: Rated currents Inc for air circuit-breakers – Siemens, part 1

Brand	Siemens												
<b>T</b>	Desim	0:	In		current Inc ptection cate			Minimum compartment dimensions					
Туре	Design	Size	circuit-breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version		
				IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height		
ACB			А	А	А	А	А	mm	mm	mm	mm		
3WL/3WA10	Static installation	0	630	630	630	630	630	400	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA10	Static installation	0	800	800	800	800	800	400	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA10	Static installation	0	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	400	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA10	Static installation	0	1250	1250	1250	1250	1000	400	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA11	Static installation	1	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA11	Static installation	1	800	800	800	800	720	600	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA11	Static installation	1	1000	1000	1000	1000	850	600	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA11	Static installation	1	1250	1250	1250	1250	1000	600	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA11	Static installation	1	1600	1540	1360	1360	1232	600	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA11	Static installation	1	2000	1700	1650	1230	1115	600	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA12	Static installation	2	800	800	800	800	800	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA12	Static installation	2	1000	1000	1000	1000	777	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA12	Static installation	2	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA12	Static installation	2	1600	1540	1520	1520	1232	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA12	Static installation	2	2000	1965	1900	1900	1574	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA12	Static installation	2	2500	2500	2275	2350	1950	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA12	Static installation	2	3200	2912	2688	2784	2240	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA13	Static installation	3	4000	4000	3400	3760	2600	1000 <sup>3)</sup>	600	1200	600		
3WL/3WA13	Static installation	3	5000	4685	3980	4400	3006	1000	600	1200	600		
3WL/3WA10	Rack-mounted	0	630	630	630	630	630	400	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA10	Rack-mounted	0	800	800	800	800	800	400	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA10	Rack-mounted	0	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	400	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA10	Rack-mounted	0	1250	1250	1250	1250	1000	400	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA11	Rack-mounted	1	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA11	Rack-mounted	1	800	800	800	800	720	600	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA11	Rack-mounted	1	1000	1000	1000	1000	850	600	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA11	Rack-mounted	1	1250	1250	1250	1250	1000	600	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA11	Rack-mounted	1	1600	1540	1360	1360	1232	600	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA11	Rack-mounted	1	2000	1700	1650	1230	1115	600	600	600	600		
3WL/3WA12	Rack-mounted	2	800	800	800	800	800	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA12	Rack-mounted	2	1000	1000	1000	1000	777	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA12	Rack-mounted	2	1250	1250	1250	1250	1250	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA12	Rack-mounted	2	1600	1540	1520	1520	1232	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA12	Rack-mounted	2	2000	1965	1900	1900	1574	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA12	Rack-mounted	2	2500	2500	2275	2350	1950	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA12	Rack-mounted	2	3200	2912	2688	2784	2240	800	600	800	600		
3WL/3WA13	Rack-mounted	3	4000	4000	3400	3760	2600	1000 <sup>3)</sup>	600	1200	600		
3WL/3WA13	Rack-mounted	3	5000	4685	3980	4400	3006	1000	600	1200	600		

<sup>1)</sup> Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub> and the required short-time withstand current strength I<sub>cw</sub>.
 <sup>2)</sup> Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.
 <sup>3)</sup> Installation in 800 mm wide enclosure possible after consultation.

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Rated currents $I_{nc}\xspace$ for air circuit-breakers – Siemens, part 2

Brand	Siemens												
Туре		ction cross-s nection kits,			ction cross-s ection kits, b		Max. short-circuit withstand strength	Max. short-circuit withstand strength		n distance support <sup>2)</sup>			
	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	I <sub>cw</sub> 1)	I <sub>cc</sub> 1)		1			
	top	top	top	bottom	bottom	bottom	at 400 V AC	at 400 V AC	up to 50 kA	up to 100 kA			
ACB	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kA	kA	mm	mm			
3WL/3WA10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	-	-	-	-			
3WL/3WA10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	-	-	-	-			
3WL/3WA10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	-	-	-	-			
3WL/3WA10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	50	66	-	-			
3WL/3WA11	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	50	50	100	-			
3WL/3WA11	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	50	50	100	-			
3WL/3WA11	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	50	50	100	-			
3WL/3WA11	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	50	50	100	-			
3WL/3WA11	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	50	50	100	-			
3WL/3WA11	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	50	50	100	-			
3WL/3WA12	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA12	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA12	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA12	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA12	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA12	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA12	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA13	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA13	6 x 100 x 10	6 x 100 x 10	6 x 100 x 10	6 x 100 x 10	6 x 100 x 10	6 x 100 x 10	-	-	-	-			
3WL/3WA10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	-	-	-	-			
3WL/3WA10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	1 x 50 x 10	-	_	-	-			
3WL/3WA10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	-	-	-	-			
3WL/3WA10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	2 x 50 x 10	-	-	-	-			
3WL/3WA11	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	50	50	100	-			
3WL/3WA11	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	50	50	100	-			
3WL/3WA11	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	50	50	100	-			
3WL/3WA11	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	50	50	100	-			
3WL/3WA11	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	50	50	100	-			
3WL/3WA11	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	50	50	100	-			
3WL/3WA12	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA12	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA12	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA12	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA12	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA12	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA12	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA13	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	3 x 120 x 10	100	100	100	100			
3WL/3WA13	6 x 100 x 10	6 x 100 x 10	6 x 100 x 10	6 x 100 x 10	6 x 100 x 10	6 x 100 x 10	-	-	-	-			

<sup>1)</sup> Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity  $|_{cu}$  and the required short-time withstand current strength  $|_{cw}$ . <sup>2)</sup> Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions. <sup>3)</sup> Installation in 800 mm wide enclosure possible after consultation.

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Table 47: Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for air circuit-breakers – Terasaki, part 1

Brand		Terasaki														
_			In			with conside		Minimum compartment dimensions								
Туре	Design	Size	circuit-breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole version		4-pole version						
				IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height					
ACB			А	А	А	А	А	mm	mm	mm	mm					
AR208S	Static installation	2	800	800	720	720	520	600	600	-	-					
AR212S	Static installation	2	1250	1250	1125	1125	812	600	600	-	-					
AR216	Static installation	2	1600	1600	1440	1440	1040	600	600	-	-					
AR220	Static installation	2	2000	2000	1700	1700	1300	600	600	-	-					
AR316H	Static installation	3	1600	1600	1440	1440	1040	600	600	-	-					
AR320H	Static installation	3	2000	2000	1700	1700	1300	600	600	-	-					
AR325H	Static installation	3	2500	2500	2125	2125	1625	600	600	-	-					
AR332H	Static installation	3	3200	3200	2720	2560	2080	600	600	-	-					
AR208S	Rack mounted	2	800	800	720	720	520	600	600	-	-					
AR212S	Rack mounted	2	1250	1250	1125	1125	812	600	600	-	-					
AR216	Rack mounted	2	1600	1600	1440	1440	1040	600	600	-	-					
AR220	Rack mounted	2	2000	2000	1700	1700	1300	600	600	-	-					
AR316H	Rack mounted	3	1600	1600	1440	1440	1040	600	600	-	-					
AR320H	Rack mounted	3	2000	2000	1700	1700	1300	600	600	-	-					
AR325H	Rack mounted	3	2500	2500	2125	2125	1625	600	600	-	-					
AR332H	Rack mounted	3	3200	3200	2720	2560	2080	600	600	-	-					

Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub> and the required short-time withstand current strength I<sub>cw</sub>.
 Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions

## Rated currents Inc ACB (air circuit-breakers)

#### Rated currents $I_{nc}\xspace$ for air circuit-breakers – Terasaki, part 2

Brand		Terasaki													
Туре		ction cross-sended in the			ction cross-s ection kits, b		Max. short-circuit withstand strength	Max. short-circuit withstand strength	Maximum distance from first support <sup>2)</sup>						
	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	I <sub>cw</sub> 1)	I <sub>cc</sub> <sup>1)</sup>							
	top	top	top	bottom	bottom	bottom	at 400 V AC	at 400 V AC	up to 65 kA	up to 100 kA					
ACB	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kA	kA	mm	mm					
AR208S	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	65	150	-					
AR212S	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	65	150	-					
AR216	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	65	150	-					
AR220	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	65	65	150	-					
AR316H	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	100	100	250	150					
AR320H	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	100	100	250	150					
AR325H	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	100	100	250	150					
AR332H	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	100	100	250	150					
AR208S	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	1 x 60 x 10	65	65	150	-					
AR212S	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	65	150	-					
AR216	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	65	65	150	-					
AR220	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	65	65	150	-					
AR316H	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	2 x 60 x 10	100	100	250	150					
AR320H	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	3 x 60 x 10	100	100	250	150					
AR325H	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	2 x 100 x 10	100	100	250	150					
AR332H	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	3 x 100 x 10	100	100	250	150					

<sup>1)</sup> Switch must be selected with the required breaking capacity  $I_{cu}$  and the required short-time withstand current strength  $I_{cw}$ . <sup>2)</sup> Solid copper bars must be supported with SV 9660.205 in accordance with the VX25 Ri4Power assembly instructions.

### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Table 48: Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers – ABB, part 1

Brand						ABB							
Туре	Size	I <sub>n</sub> circuit-			with conside tegory and co			Minimum compartment dimensions <sup>1)</sup>					
Type	0120	breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version	Installation		
			IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height	position		
мссв		A	А	А	A	А	mm	mm	mm	mm			
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	1	16	16	16	16	16	400	150	400	150	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	1	20	20	20	20	20	400	150	400	150	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	1	25	25	25	25	25	400	150	400	150	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	1	32	32	32	32	32	400	150	400	150	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	1	40	40	40	40	40	400	150	400	150	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	1	50	50	50	50	50	400	150	400	150	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	1	63	63	57	63	55	400	150	400	150	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	1	80	80	73	80	70	400	150	400	150	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	1	100	100	86	100	82	400	150	400	150	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	1	125	125	100	125	96	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	1	160	150	120	150	115	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	2	2	2	2	2	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	4	4	4	4	4	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	5	5	5	5	5	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	8	8	8	8	8	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	10	10	10	10	10	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	16	16	16	16	16	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	20	20	20	20	20	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	25	25	25	25	25	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	32	32	32	32	32	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	40	40	40	40	40	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	50	50	50	50	50	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	63	63	63	63	63	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	80	80	80	80	80	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	100	100	100	100	95	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	125	125	115	125	110	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	2	160	160	140	160	135	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
Tmax XT3	3	63	63	63	63	63	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	3	80	80	80	80	80	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	3	100	100	100	100	100	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	3	125	125	125	125	125	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	3	160	160	160	160	160	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	3	200	200	165	200	155	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
T <sub>max</sub> XT1	3	250	240	190	240	180	600	200	600	200	horizontal		

 Imax XII
 S
 250
 240
 190
 240
 180
 200
 200
 200
 200
 101/201rtal

 1<sup>1</sup>) The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 2) Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub>.

 2) Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub>.
 3) For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

 4) Use of cables and leads is only admissible on the outgoing side.

### Rated currents Inc (moulded-case circuit-breakers)

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers - ABB, part 2

Brand	ABB												
	Connect	ion with round c	onductor	Connection w	ith copper bar	Connection with la	aminated copper bar	Movimum					
Гуре	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit with- stand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3</sup>					
		at 400 V AC			at 400 V AC		at 400 V AC						
ИССВ	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm					
max XT1	4	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT1	4	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT1	6	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
<sub>max</sub> XT1	6	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
<sub>max</sub> XT1	10	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
<sub>max</sub> XT1	10	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT1	16	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT1	25	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT1	35	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT1	50	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT1	95	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
T <sub>max</sub> XT2	2.5	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	2.5	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	2.5	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	2.5	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	2.5	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	2.5	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	2.5	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	2.5	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	2.5	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	2.5	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	4	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	4	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	6	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	6	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	10	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	10	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	16	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	25	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	35	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	50	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT2	95	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT3	16	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT3	25	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT3	35	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT3	50	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT3	70	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT3	95	50	60	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
max XT3	120	50	60	1 x 20 x 10	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					

<sup>1</sup>) The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 <sup>21</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub>.
 <sup>31</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers – ABB, part 3

Brand	ABB													
Turne	Size	I <sub>n</sub> circuit-		ed current Inc protection cate				Minimum o	compartme	nt dimensio	ons <sup>1)</sup>			
Туре	Size	breaker	vent.		vent.	1	3-pole	version	4-pole	version	Installation			
			IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height	position			
МССВ		A	A	A	A	A	mm	mm	mm	mm				
T <sub>max</sub> XT2	4	16	16	16	16	16	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	20	20	20	20	20	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	25	25	25	25	25	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	32	32	32	32	32	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	40	40	40	40	40	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	50	50	50	50	50	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	63	63	63	63	63	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	80	80	80	80	80	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	100	100	100	100	100	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	125	125	125	125	125	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	160	160	160	160	160	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	200	200	195	200	190	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	225	225	225	225	215	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	250	250	225	250	215	600	200	600	200	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	5	320	320	320	320	315	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	5	400	400	370	400	362	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	5	500	500	410	500	400	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	5	630	580	460	580	450	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	5	320	320	320	320	315	600	300	600	300	vertical			
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	5	400	400	370	400	362	600	300	600	300	vertical			
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	5	500	500	410	500	400	600	300	600	300	vertical			
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	5	630	580	460	580	450	600	300	600	300	vertical			
T <sub>max</sub> T6	6	630	567	504	567	504	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
T <sub>max</sub> T6	6	630	567	504	567	504	600	400	600	400	vertical			
T <sub>max</sub> T6	6	800	720	640	640	640	600	400	600	400	vertical			
T <sub>max</sub> T6	6	1000	900	800	800	800	600	600	600	600	vertical			
T <sub>max</sub> XT7/T7	7	400	368	356	368	356	600	600	600	600	vertical			
T <sub>max</sub> XT7/T7	7	630	567	504	567	504	600	600	600	600	vertical			
T <sub>max</sub> XT7/T7	7	800	720	640	640	640	600	600	600	600	vertical			
T <sub>max</sub> XT7/T7	7	1000	900	800	800	800	600	600	600	600	vertical			
T <sub>max</sub> XT7/T7	7	1250	1125	1000	1000	1000	600	600	600	600	vertical			
T <sub>max</sub> XT7/T7	7	1600	1440	1280	1440	1280	600	600	600	600	vertical			

<sup>1</sup> The minimum distances refer to  $U_n$  of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments. <sup>21</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity  $I_{cu}$ . <sup>33</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}\ for\ moulded\ case\ circuit\ breakers\ MCCB$

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers - ABB, part 4

Brand	ABB													
	Connect	ion with round c	onductor	Connection w	ith copper bar	Connection with la	minated copper bar	Maximum						
Туре	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>						
		at 400 V AC			at 400 V AC		at 400 V AC							
МССВ	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	4	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	6	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	6	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	10	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	10	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	16	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	25	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	35	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	50	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	70	50	60	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	95	50	60	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	120	50	60	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT4	120	50	60	1 x 20 x 10	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200						
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	240	50	150	1 x 30 x 5	50	5 x 32 x 1.0	50	150						
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	2 x 150	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	5 x 32 x 1.0	50	150						
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	2 x 185	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	150						
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	2 x 240	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	150						
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	240	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	5 x 32 x 1.0	50	150						
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	2 x 150	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	5 x 32 x 1.0	50	150						
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	2 x 185	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	150						
T <sub>max</sub> XT5	2 x 240	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	150						
T <sub>max</sub> T6	2 x 240 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	1 x 40 x 10	50	1 x 10 x 40 x 1.0	40	300						
T <sub>max</sub> T6	2 x 240 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	1 x 40 x 10	50	1 x 10 x 40 x 1.0	40	300						
T <sub>max</sub> T6	3 x 185 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	2 x 40 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 40 x 1.0	40	300						
T <sub>max</sub> T6	4 x 150 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	2 x 50 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	300						
T <sub>max</sub> XT7/T7	2 x 150 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	1 x 50 x 10	50	1 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	150						
T <sub>max</sub> XT7/T7	2 x 240 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	1 x 50 x 10	50	1 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	150						
T <sub>max</sub> XT7/T7	3 x 185 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	2 x 50 x 10	50	2x 10 x 50 x 1,0	40	150						
T <sub>max</sub> XT7/T7	4 x 150 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	2 x 50 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	150						
T <sub>max</sub> XT7/T7	4 x 240 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	2 x 50 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	150						
T <sub>max</sub> XT7/T7	-	-	-	2 x 50 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	150						

<sup>1</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 <sup>2</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity l<sub>ou</sub>.
 <sup>3</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.
 <sup>4</sup> Use of cables and leads is only admissible on the outgoing side.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Table 49: Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers – Eaton, part 1

Brand	Eaton													
Tuno	Size	I <sub>n</sub> circuit-			with consider egory and co			Minimum	compartme	ent dimensio	ons <sup>1)</sup>			
Туре	5126	breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version	Installation			
			IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height	position			
мссв		А	А	А	А	А	mm	mm	mm	mm				
NZM1	1	20	18	17	18	17	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NZM1	1	25	23	22	23	22	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NZM1	1	32	29	28	29	28	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NZM1	1	40	36	35	36	35	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NZM1	1	50	45	44	45	44	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NZM1	1	63	57	55	57	55	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NZM1	1	80	72	70	72	70	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NZM1	1	100	90	87	90	87	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NZM1	1	125	113	109	113	109	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NZM1	1	160	144	139	144	139	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NZM2	2	20	18	17	18	17	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NZM2	2	25	23	22	23	22	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NZM2	2	32	29	28	29	28	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NZM2	2	40	36	35	36	35	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NZM2	2	50	45	44	45	44	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NZM2	2	63	57	55	57	55	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NZM2	2	80	72	70	72	70	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NZM2	2	100	90	87	90	87	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NZM2	2	125	113	109	113	109	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NZM2	2	160	144	139	144	139	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NZM2	2	200	182	174	182	174	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NZM2	2	250	228	218	228	218	600	150	600	200	horizontal			
NZM2	2	300	273	261	273	261	600	150	600	200	horizontal			
NZM3	3	320	291	278	291	278	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
NZM3	3	350	322	312	322	312	600	200	-	-	horizontal			
NZM3	3	400	368	356	368	356	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
NZM3	3	450	405	360	405	360	600	300	-	-	horizontal			
NZM3	3	500	450	400	450	400	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
NZM3	3	550	495	440	495	440	600	300	-	-	horizontal			
NZM3	3	630	567	504	567	504	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
NZM3	3	320	291	278	291	278	600	400	600	400	vertical			
NZM3	3	350	322	312	322	312	600	400	-	-	vertical			
NZM3	3	400	368	356	368	356	600	400	600	400	vertical			
NZM3	3	450	405	360	405	360	600	400	-	-	vertical			
NZM3	3	500	450	400	450	400	600	400	600	400	vertical			
NZM3	3	550	495	440	495	440	600	400	-	-	vertical			
NZM3	3	630	567	504	567	504	600	400	600	400	vertical			
NZM4	4	800	720	640	640	640	600	600	600	600	vertical			
NZM4	4	875	788	700	700	700	600	600	600	600	vertical			
NZM4	4	1000	900	800	800	800	600	600	600	600	vertical			
NZM4	4	1250	1125	1000	1000	1000	600	600	600	600	vertical			
NZM4	4	1400	1260	1120	1260	1120	600	600	-	-	vertical			
NZM4	4	1600	1440	1280	1440	1280	600	600	600	600	vertical			

 N2.Wi.4
 4
 1600
 1440
 1280
 1440
 1280
 600
 600
 600
 600
 600
 600
 vertical

 1<sup>1</sup>) The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 2) Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub>.

 2) Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub>.
 3) For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

 4) Use of cables and leads is only admissible on the outgoing side.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers - Eaton, part 2

Brand	Eaton													
	Connect	ion with round c	onductor	Connection w	ith copper bar	Connection with la	minated copper bar	Maximum						
Туре	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>						
		at 400 V AC			at 400 V AC		at 400 V AC							
мссв	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm						
NZM1	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM1	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM1	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM1	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM1	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM1	16	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM1	25	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM1	35	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM1	50	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM1	95	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	16	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	25	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	35	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	50	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	70	50	200	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	95	50	200	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	150	50	200	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM2	240	50	200	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	300						
NZM3	240	50	200	1 x 30 x 5	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	2 x 150	50	200	1 x 30 x 5	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	2 x 150	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	2 x 185	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	2 x 185	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	2 x 185	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	2 x 240	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	240	50	200	1 x 30 x 5	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	2 x 150	50	200	1 x 30 x 5	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	2 x 150	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	2 x 185	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	2 x 185	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	2 x 185	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM3	2 x 240	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	300						
NZM4	3 x 185	50	150	1 x 50 x 10	50	1 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	150						
NZM4	3 x 185	50	150	1 x 50 x 10	50	1 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	150						
NZM4	2×300/ 4 × 150	50	150	1 x 50 x 10	50	1 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	150						
NZM4	4 x 185	50	150	2 x 50 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	150						
NZM4	4 x 185	50	150	2 x 50 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	150						
NZM4	4 x 240	50	150	2 x 50 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	150						

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in

Solid copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules.
 For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.
 4) Use of cables and leads is only admissible on the outgoing side.

### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Table 50: Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers – GE, part 1

Brand	GE													
Туре	Size	I <sub>n</sub> circuit-		ed current I <sub>nc</sub> protection cat				Minimum	compartme	ent dimensio	ons <sup>1)</sup>			
Type	0120	breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version	Installation			
			IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height	position			
мссв		A	А	А	A	A	mm	mm	mm	mm				
FD160	D	16	16	16	16	16	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
-D160	D	20	20	20	20	20	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
FD160	D	25	25	25	25	25	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
FD160	D	32	32	32	32	32	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
FD160	D	40	40	40	40	40	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
FD160	D	50	50	50	50	50	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
FD160	D	63	63	63	63	63	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
FD160	D	80	80	80	80	80	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
FD160	D	100	100	100	100	100	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
FD160	D	125	125	125	125	125	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
FD160	D	160	160	160	160	160	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE160	E	25	25	25	25	25	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE160	E	32	32	32	32	32	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE160	E	40	40	40	40	40	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE160	E	50	50	50	50	50	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE160	E	63	63	63	63	63	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE160	E	80	80	80	80	80	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE160	E	100	100	100	100	100	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE160	E	125	125	125	125	125	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE160	E	160	160	160	160	160	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE250	E	125	125	125	125	125	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE250	E	160	160	160	160	160	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE250	E	200	200	200	200	200	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
FE250	E	250	250	250	250	250	600	150	600	200	horizontal			
FG400	G	250	250	250	250	250	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
FG400	G	350	350	350	350	350	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
FG400	G	400	400	400	400	400	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
FG630	G	400	400	400	400	400	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
FG630	G	500	500	500	500	500	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
FG630	G	630	590	570	590	530	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
FG400	G	250	250	250	250	250	600	400	600	400	vertical			
FG400	G	350	350	350	350	350	600	400	600	400	vertical			
-G400	G	400	400	400	400	400	600	400	600	400	vertical			
FG630	G	400	400	400	400	400	600	400	600	400	vertical			
FG630	G	500	500	500	500	500	600	400	600	400	vertical			
FG630	G	630	590	570	590	530	600	400	600	400	vertical			

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 <sup>2)</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub>.
 <sup>3)</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}\ for\ moulded\ case\ circuit\ breakers\ MCCB$

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers - GE, part 2

Brand	GE												
	Connect	ion with round c	onductor	Connection w	ith copper bar	Connection with la	minated copper bar	Maximum					
Туре	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>					
		at 400 V AC			at 400 V AC		at 400 V AC						
мссв	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm					
FD160	4	50	150	1 x 12 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
FD160	6	50	150	1 x 12 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
FD160	6	50	150	1 x 12 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
FD160	10	50	150	1 x 12 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
FD160	10	50	150	1 x 12 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
FD160	16	50	150	1 x 12 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
FD160	25	50	150	1 x 12 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
FD160	35	50	150	1 x 12 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
FD160	50	50	150	1 x 12 x 5	50	2 x 6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
FD160	70	50	150	1 x 12 x 10	50	2 x 6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
FD160	95	50	150	1 x 12 x 10	50	2 x 6 x 9 x 0.8	50	200					
FE160	4	50	150	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
FE160	6	50	150	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
FE160	10	50	150	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
FE160	16	50	150	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
FE160	25	50	150	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
FE160	35	50	150	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
FE160	50	50	150	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
FE160	70	50	150	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
FE160	95	50	150	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
FE250	70	50	150	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
FE250	95	50	150	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200					
FE250	120	50	150	1 x 20 x 10	50	5 x 24 x 1	50	200					
FE250	150	50	150	1 x 20 x 10	50	10 x 24 x 1	50	150					
FG400	150	50	150	1 x 30 x 5	50	5 x 32 x 1.0	50	150					
FG400	185	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	150					
FG400	2 x 150	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	150					
FG630	240	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	150					
FG630	2 x 150	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	150					
FG630	2 x 185	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	150					
FG400	150	50	150	1 x 30 x 5	50	5 x 32 x 1.0	50	150					
FG400	185	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	150					
FG400	2 x 150	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	150					
FG630	240	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	150					
FG630	2 x 150	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	150					
FG630	2 x 185	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	150					

Place 2 × 165 30 100 × 160 100 × 160 100 × 160 100 × 160 100 × 160 100 × 160 × 1

### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Table 51: Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers – LS ELECTRIC, part 1

Brand					LS	ELECTRIC					
Tupo	Size	I <sub>n</sub> circuit-		ed current I <sub>nc</sub> rotection cate				Minimum co	ompartmen	t dimensio	ns <sup>1)</sup>
Туре	3120	breaker	vent.		vent.	1	3-pole	version	4-pole	version	Installation
			IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height	position
МССВ		А	А	А	А	A	mm	mm	mm	mm	
30 AF S	fixed	3	3	3	3	2	400	200	300	200	horizontal
30 AF S	fixed	5	5	5	5	4	400	200	300	200	horizontal
30 AF S	fixed	10	10	10	10	8	400	200	300	200	horizontal
30 AF S	fixed	15	15	15	15	11	400	200	300	200	horizontal
30 AF S	fixed	20	20	20	20	15	400	200	300	200	horizontal
30 AF S	fixed	30	30	30	30	23	400	200	300	200	horizontal
50 AF N/S/H	fixed	15	15	15	15	11	400	200	300	200	horizontal
50 AF N/S/H	fixed	20	20	20	20	15	400	200	300	200	horizontal
50 AF N/S/H	fixed	30	30	30	30	23	400	200	300	200	horizontal
50 AF N/S/H	fixed	40	40	40	40	30	400	200	300	200	horizontal
50 AF N/S/H	fixed	50	50	40	40	38	400	200	300	200	horizontal
60 AF N/S	fixed	15	15	15	15	11	400	200	300	200	horizontal
60 AF N/S	fixed	20	20	20	20	15	400	200	300	200	horizontal
60 AF N/S	fixed	30	30	30	30	23	400	200	300	200	horizontal
60 AF N/S	fixed	40	40	40	40	30	400	200	300	200	horizontal
60 AF N/S	fixed	50	50	40	40	38	400	200	300	200	horizontal
60 AF N/S	fixed	60	60	60	60	45	400	200	300	200	horizontal
100 AF N	fixed	15	15	15	15	15	400	200	300	200	horizontal
100 AF N	fixed	20	20	20	20	20	400	200	300	200	horizontal
100 AF N	fixed	30	30	30	30	30	400	200	300	200	horizontal
100 AF N	fixed	40	40	40	40	40	400	200	300	200	horizontal
100 AF N	fixed	50	50	50	50	50	400	200	300	200	horizontal
100 AF N	fixed	60	60	60	60	60	400	200	300	200	horizontal
100 AF N	fixed	75	75	75	75	75	400	200	300	200	horizontal
100 AF N	fixed	100	100	100	97	94	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	16	16	16	16	16	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	20	20	20	20	20	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	25	25	25	25	25	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	32	32	32	32	32	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	40	40	40	40	40	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	50	50	50	50	50	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	63	63	63	63	63	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	80	80	80	80	80	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	100	100	100	100	100	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	40	40	40	40	40	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	50	50	50	50	50	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	63	63	63	63	60	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	80	80	80	80	80	400	200	300	200	horizontal
TD 100 N/H/L	fixed	100	100	100	100	100	400	200	300	200	horizontal
125 AF S/H	fixed	15	15	15	15	15	400	200	300	200	horizontal
125 AF S/H	fixed	20	20	20	20	20	400	200	300	200	horizontal
125 AF S/H	fixed	30	30	30	30	30	400	200	300	200	horizontal
125 AF S/H	fixed	40	40	40	40	40	400	200	300	200	horizontal
125 AF S/H	fixed	50	50	50	50	50	400	200	300	200	horizontal
125 AF S/H	fixed	60	60	60	60	60	400	200	300	200	horizontal
125 AF S/H	fixed	75	75	75	75	75	400	200	300	200	horizontal
125 AF S/H	fixed	100	100	100	95	90	400	200	300	200	horizontal
125 AF S/H	fixed	125	120	110	110	100	400	200	300	200	horizontal

<sup>11</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 <sup>21</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub>.
 <sup>31</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

### Rated currents Inc (air circuit-breakers)

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit breakers – LS ELECTRIC, part 2

Brand	LS ELECTRIC													
	Connect	ion with round c	onductor	Connection w	ith copper bar	Connection with la	minated copper bar							
Туре	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>						
		at 400 V AC			at 400 V AC		at 400 V AC							
мссв	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm						
30 AF S	1	10	50	12 x 5	10	-	10	50						
30 AF S	1	10	50	12 x 5	10	-	10	50						
30 AF S	1.5	10	50	12 x 5	10	-	10	50						
30 AF S	2.5	14	50	12 x 5	14	-	14	50						
30 AF S	2.5	14	50	12 x 5	14	-	14	50						
30 AF S	6	14	50	12 x 5	14	-	14	50						
50 AF N/S/H	2.5	14	50	12 x 5	14/18/50	-	14	50						
50 AF N/S/H	2.5	14	50	12 x 5	14/18/50	-	14	50						
50 AF N/S/H	6	14	50	12 x 5	14/18/50	-	14	50						
50 AF N/S/H	10	14	50	12 x 5	14/18/50	-	14	50						
50 AF N/S/H	10	14	50	12 x 5	14/18/50	-	14	50						
60 AF N/S	2.5	14	50	12 x 5	14/18	-	14	50						
60 AF N/S	2.5	14	50	12 x 5	14/18	-	14	50						
60 AF N/S	6	14	50	12 x 5	14/18	-	14	50						
60 AF N/S	10	14	50	12 x 5	14/18	-	14	50						
60 AF N/S	10	14	50	12 x 5	14/18	-	14	50						
60 AF N/S	16	14	50	15 x 5	14/18	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	14	50						
100 AF N	2.5	18	50	12 x 5	18	-	18	50						
100 AF N	2.5	18	50	12 x 5	18	-	18	50						
100 AF N	6	18	50	12 x 5	18	-	18	50						
100 AF N	10	18	50	12 x 5	18	-	18	50						
100 AF N	10	18	50	12 x 5	18	-	18	50						
100 AF N	16	18	50	15 x 5	18	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	18	50						
100 AF N	25	18	50	15 x 5	18	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	18	50						
100 AF N	35	18	50	15 x 5	18	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	18	50						
TD 100 N/H/L	2.5	50	35	15 x 5	50/70/100	5 x 20 x 1	50	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	2.5	50	35	15 x 5	50/70/100	5 x 20 x 1	50	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	4	50	35	15 x 5	50/70/100	5 x 20 x 1	50	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	6	50	35	15 x 5	50/70/100	5 x 20 x 1	50	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	10	50	35	15 x 5	50/70/100	5 x 20 x 1	50	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	10	50	35	15 x 5	50/70/100	5 x 20 x 1	50	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	16	50	35	15 x 5	50/70/100	5 x 20 x 1	50	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	25	50	35	15 x 5	50/70/100	5 x 20 x 1	50	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	35	50	35	15 x 5	30/50/65	5 x 20 x 1	50	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	10	100	35	15 x 5	14/18/50	5 x 20 x 1	100	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	10	100	35	15 x 5	14/18/50	5 x 20 x 1	100	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	16	100	35	15 x 5	14/18/50	5 x 20 x 1	100	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	25	100	35	15 x 5	14/18/50	5 x 20 x 1	100	35						
TD 100 N/H/L	35	100	35	15 x 5	14/18/50	5 x 20 x 1	100	35						
125 AF S/H	2.5	37	100	15 x 5	37/50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	37	100						
125 AF S/H	2.5	37	100	15 x 5	37/50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	37	100						
125 AF S/H	6	37	100	15 x 5	37/50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	37	100						
125 AF S/H	10	37	100	15 x 5	37/50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	37	100						
125 AF S/H	10	37	100	15 x 5	37/50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	37	100						
125 AF S/H	16	37	100	15 x 5	37/50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	37	100						
125 AF S/H	25	37	100	15 x 5	37/50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	37	100						
125 AF S/H 125 AF S/H	35	37	100	15 x 5	37/50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	37	100						
125 AF S/H 125 AF S/H	50	37	100	15 x 5	37/50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	37	100						

<sup>1</sup> The minimum distances refer to  $U_n$  of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments. <sup>2)</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity  $I_{cu}$ . <sup>3)</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}\ for\ moulded\ case\ circuit\ breakers\ MCCB$

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit breakers - LS ELECTRIC, part 3

Brand	LS ELECTRIC													
Туре	Size	I <sub>n</sub> circuit-		d current I <sub>nc</sub> otection cat				Minimum co	ompartmen	t dimensio	ns <sup>1)</sup>			
туре	Size	breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version	Installation			
			IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height	position			
МССВ		А	А	А	А	А	mm	mm	mm	mm				
TD 160 N/H/L	fixed	100	100	100	100	100	600	200	300	200	horizontal			
TD 160 N/H/L	fixed	125	125	125	125	125	600	200	300	200	horizontal			
TD 160 N/H/L	fixed	160	160	150	155	144	600	200	300	200	horizontal			
50 AF N/S/H	fixed	100	100	100	100	100	600	200	300	200	horizontal			
50 AF N/S/H	fixed	125	125	125	125	115	600	200	300	200	horizontal			
50 AF N/S/H	fixed	160	160	140	150	125	600	200	300	200	horizontal			
250 AF N/S/H	fixed	100	100	100	100	100	600	300	400	300	horizontal			
250 AF N/S/H	fixed	125	125	125	125	125	600	300	400	300	horizontal			
250 AF N/S/H	fixed	150	150	150	150	150	600	300	400	300	horizontal			
250 AF N/S/H	fixed	175	175	175	175	170	600	300	400	300	horizontal			
250 AF N/S/H	fixed	200	200	200	190	180	600	300	400	300	horizontal			
250 AF N/S/H	fixed	225	225	220	210	200	600	300	400	300	horizontal			
250 AF N/S/H	fixed	250	250	230	240	200	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
50 AF N/S/H	fixed	125	125	125	125	115	600	200	300	200	horizontal			
50 AF N/S/H	fixed	160	160	145	150	125	600	200	300	200	horizontal			
50 AF N/S/H	fixed	200	175	160	160	140	600	200	300	200	horizontal			
50 AF N/S/H	fixed	250	250	230	240	200	600	200	600	200	horizontal			
TS 400 N/H/L	fixed	300	300	300	300	300	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
TS 400 N/H/L	fixed	400	390	390	390	390	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
400 AF N/S/H/L	fixed	250	250	250	250	250	600	300	600	400	horizontal			
400 AF N/S/H/L	fixed	300	300	284	300	280	600	300	600	400	horizontal			
400 AF N/S/H/L	fixed	350	350	350	350	350	600	300	600	400	horizontal			
400 AF N/S/H/L	fixed	400	400	400	400	300	600	300	600	400	horizontal			
TS 630 N/H/L	fixed	500	420	420	420	420	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
TS 630 N/H/L	fixed	630	470	470	470	470	600	200	600	300	horizontal			
TS 800 N/H/L	fixed	800	800	700	780	670	600	600	600	600	vertical			
400 AF N/S/H/L	fixed	500	500	500	500	500	600	600	600	600	vertical			
400 AF N/S/H/L	fixed	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	600	600	vertical			
400 AF N/S/H/L	fixed	700	700	700	700	700	600	600	600	600	vertical			
400 AF N/S/H/L	fixed	800	800	710	800	720	600	600	600	600	vertical			
TS 1000 N/H/L	fixed	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	600	800	600	800	vertical			
1000 AF S/L	fixed	1000	1000	950	1000	960	600	-	-	-	vertical			
1200 AF S/L	fixed	1200	1110	985	1095	985	600	-	-	-	vertical			
TS 45B	fixed	1250	1250	1190	1340	1200	600	800	600	800	vertical			
TS 1600 N/H	fixed	1600	1350	1190	1340	1200	600	800	600	800	vertikal			

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in

Solid copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules.
 For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.
 4) Use of cables and leads is only admissible on the outgoing side.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit breakers – LS ELECTRIC, part 4

Brand	LS ELECTRIC													
	Connecti	on with round o	onductor	Connection w	ith copper bar	Connection with la	minated copper bar	M						
Туре	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>						
		at 400 V AC			at 400 V AC		at 400 V AC							
МССВ	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm						
TD 160 N/H/L	35	50	35	15 x 5	30/50/65	5 x 20 x 1	50	35						
TD 160 N/H/L	50	50	35	15 x 5	30/50/65	5 x 20 x 1	50	35						
TD 160 N/H/L	70	50	35	15 x 5	30/50/65	5 x 20 x 1	50	35						
50 AF N/S/H	35	100	35	15 x 5	42/65/85	5 x 24 x 1	50	35						
50 AF N/S/H	50	100	35	15 x 5	42/65/85	5 x 24 x 1	50	35						
50 AF N/S/H	70	100	35	15 x 5	42/65/85	5 x 24 x 1	50	35						
250 AF N/S/H	35	26	100	25 x 5	26/37/50	5 x 24 x 1	26	100						
250 AF N/S/H	50	26	100	25 x 5	26/37/50	5 x 24 x 1	26	100						
250 AF N/S/H	50	26	100	25 x 5	26/37/50	5 x 24 x 1	26	100						
250 AF N/S/H	70	26	100	25 x 5	26/37/50	5 x 24 x 1	26	100						
250 AF N/S/H	95	26	100	25 x 5	26/37/50	5 x 24 x 1	26	100						
250 AF N/S/H	95	26	100	25 x 5	26/37/50	5 x 24 x 1	26	100						
250 AF N/S/H	120	26	100	25 x 5	26/37/50	5 x 24 x 1	26	100						
50 AF N/S/H	50	100	35	25 x 5	50/70/100	5 x 24 x 1	50	35						
50 AF N/S/H	70	100	35	25 x 5	50/70/100	5 x 24 x 1	50	35						
50 AF N/S/H	95	100	35	25 x 5	50/70/100	5 x 24 x 1	50	35						
50 AF N/S/H	120	100	35	25 x 5	50/70/100	5 x 24 x 1	50	35						
TS 400 N/H/L	185	100	60	25 x 5	65/85/100	5 x 32 x 1	65	60						
TS 400 N/H/L	240	100	60	25 x 5	65/85/100	5 x 32 x 1	65	60						
400 AF N/S/H/L	120	37	100	30x5	37/50/65/85	10 x 24 x 1	37	100						
400 AF N/S/H/L	185	37	100	30x5	37/50/65/85	10 x 24 x 1	37	100						
400 AF N/S/H/L	185	37	100	30x5	37/50/65/85	10 x 24 x 1	37	100						
400 AF N/S/H/L	240	37	100	30x5	37/50/65/85	10 x 24 x 1	37	100						
TS 630 N/H/L	240	100	60	1 x 30 x 10	65/85/100	10 x 32 x 1	65	60						
TS 630 N/H/L	370	100	60	1 x 30 x 10	65/85/100	10 x 32 x 1	65	60						
TS 800 N/H/L	2 x 240	100	100	1 x 50 x 10	65/100/100	10 x 50 x 1	65	100						
400 AF N/S/H/L	2 x 150	37	100	30 x 10	37/65/85	10 x 32 x 1	37	100						
400 AF N/S/H/L	2 x 185	37	100	30 x 10	37/65/85	10 x 32 x 1	37	100						
400 AF N/S/H/L	2 x 240	37	100	30 x 10	37/65/85	10 x 32 x 1	37	100						
400 AF N/S/H/L	2 x 240	37	100	30 x 10	37/65/85	10 x 32 x 1	37	100						
TS 1000 N/H/L	-	100	-	2 x 50 x 10	50/65/100	_	50/65/100	_						
1000 AF S/L	-	100	-	2 x 45 x 9	65/85	10 x 50 x 1	65/85	100						
1200 AF S/L	-	100	-	2 x 45 x 9	65/85	2 x 10 x 50 x 1	65/85	100						
TS 1250 N/H	_	100	_	2 x 50 x 10	50/65	2 x 50 x 10	50/65	-						
TS 1600 N/H	_	100	_	2 x 60 x 10	50/65	2 x 50 x 10	50/65	_						

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.

 <sup>2</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity l<sub>ou</sub>.
 <sup>3</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp <sup>4)</sup> Use of cables and leads is only admissible on the outgoing side.

### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Table 52: Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers – Mitsubishi, part 1

Brand	Mitsubishi													
Туре	Size	I <sub>n</sub> circuit-		ed current I <sub>nc</sub> rotection cate				Minimum co	ompartmen	t dimensio	ns <sup>1)</sup>			
iype	0120	breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version	Installation			
			IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height	position			
МССВ		А	А	A	А	А	mm	mm	mm	mm				
NF32-SW	1	3	3	3	3	3	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NF32-SW	1	4	4	3	4	3	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NF32-SW	1	6	6	5	5	5	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NF32-SW	1	10	9	9	9	9	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NF32-SW	1	16	14	14	14	14	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NF32-SW	1	20	18	17	18	17	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NF32-SW	1	25	23	22	23	22	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NF32-SW	1	32	29	28	29	28	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
NF63	1	3	3	3	3	3	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF63	1	4	4	3	4	3	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF63	1	6	5	5	5	5	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF63	1	10	9	9	9	9	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF63	1	16	14	14	14	14	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF63	1	20	18	17	18	17	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF63	1	25	23	22	23	22	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF63	1	32	29	28	29	28	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF63	1	40	36	35	36	35	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF63	1	50	45	44	45	44	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF63	1	63	57	55	57	55	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-HGW RE	2	32	29	28	29	28	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-HGW RE	2	63	57	55	57	55	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-HGW RE	2	100	90	87	90	87	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-HGW RE	2	125	113	109	113	109	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-HGW RT	2	25	23	22	23	22	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-HGW RT	2	40	36	35	36	35	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-HGW RT	2	63	57	55	57	55	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-HGW RT	2	100	90	87	90	87	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-HGW RT	2	125	113	109	113	109	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-RGW RT	2	25	23	22	23	22	600	150	600	200	horizontal			
NF125-RGW RT	2	40	36	35	36	35	600	150	600	200	horizontal			
NF125-RGW RT	2	63	57	55	57	55	600	150	600	200	horizontal			
NF125-RGW RT	2	100	90	87	90	87	600	150	600	200	horizontal			
NF125-SGW RE	2	32	29	28	29	28	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-SGW RE	2	63	57	55	57	55	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-SGW RE	2	100	90	87	90	87	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-SGW RE	2	125	113	109	113	109	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-SGW RT	2	25	23	22	23	22	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-SGW RT	2	40	36	35	36	35	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-SGW RT	2	63	57	55	57	55	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-SGW RT	2	100	90	87	90	87	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-SGW RT	2	125	113	109	113	109	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-UGW RT	2	25	23	22	23	22	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-UGW RT	2	40	36	35	36	35	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-UGW RT	2	63	57	55	57	55	400	150	400	200	horizontal			
NF125-UGW RT	2	100	90	87	90	87	400	150	400	200	horizontal			

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 <sup>2)</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub>.
 <sup>3)</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}\ for\ moulded\ case\ circuit\ breakers\ MCCB$

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers - Mitsubishi, part 2

Brand					Mitsubishi			
	Connecti	on with round o	onductor	Connection w	ith copper bar	Connection with la	minated copper bar	Maximum
Туре	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>
		at 400 V AC			at 400 V AC		at 400 V AC	
мссв	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm
NF32-SW	2.5	5	120	1 x 12 x 5	5	6 x 9 x 0.8	5	200
NF32-SW	2.5	5	120	1 x 12 x 5	5	6 x 9 x 0.8	5	200
NF32-SW	2.5	5	120	1 x 12 x 5	5	6 x 9 x 0.8	5	200
NF32-SW	2.5	5	120	1 x 12 x 5	5	6 x 9 x 0.8	5	200
NF32-SW	4	5	120	1 x 12 x 5	5	6 x 9 x 0.8	5	200
NF32-SW	4	5	120	1 x 12 x 5	5	6 x 9 x 0.8	5	200
NF32-SW	6	5	120	1 x 12 x 5	5	6 x 9 x 0.8	5	200
NF32-SW	6	5	120	1 x 12 x 5	5	6 x 9 x 0.8	5	200
NF63	2.5	10	120	1 x 12 x 5	10	6 x 9 x 0.8	10	200
NF63	2.5	10	120	1 x 12 x 5	10	6 x 9 x 0.8	10	200
NF63	2.5	10	120	1 x 12 x 5	10	6 x 9 x 0.8	10	200
NF63	2.5	10	120	1 x 12 x 5	10	6 x 9 x 0.8	10	200
NF63	4	10	120	1 x 12 x 5	10	6 x 9 x 0.8	10	200
NF63	4	10	120	1 x 12 x 5	10	6 x 9 x 0.8	10	200
NF63	6	10	120	1 x 12 x 5	10	6 x 9 x 0.8	10	200
NF63	6	10	120	1 x 12 x 5	10	6 x 9 x 0.8	10	200
NF63	10	10	120	1 x 12 x 5	10	6 x 9 x 0.8	10	200
NF63	10	10	120	1 x 12 x 5	10	6 x 9 x 0.8	10	200
NF63	16	10	120	1 x 12 x 5	10	6 x 9 x 0.8	10	200
NF125-HGW RE	6	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-HGW RE	16	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-HGW RE	35	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-HGW RE	50	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-HGW RT	6	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-HGW RT	10	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-HGW RT	16	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-HGW RT	35	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-HGW RT	50	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-RGW RT	6	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-RGW RT	10	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-RGW RT	16	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-RGW RT	50	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-SGW RE	6	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-SGW RE	16	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-SGW RE	35	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-SGW RE	50	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-SGW RT	6	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-SGW RT	10	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-SGW RT	16	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-SGW RT	35	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-SGW RT	50	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-UGW RT	6	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-UGW RT	10	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-UGW RT	16	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200
NF125-UGW RT	35	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 <sup>2)</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub>.
 <sup>3)</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

components.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers – Mitsubishi, part 3

Brand	Mitsubishi											
Туре	Size	In circuit-		ed current I <sub>nc</sub> protection cate			Minimum compartment dimensions <sup>1)</sup>					
туре	Size	breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version	Installation	
			IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height	position	
МССВ		А	А	А	А	A	mm	mm	mm	mm		
NF160-HGW RE	2	160	144	139	144	139	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
NF160-HGW RT	2	160	144	139	144	139	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
NF160-SGW RE	2	160	144	139	144	139	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
NF160-SGW RT	2	160	144	139	144	139	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
NF250-HGW RE	2	250	228	196	228	218	600	150	600	200	horizontal	
NF250-SGW RE	2	160	144	139	144	139	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
NF250-SGW RE	2	250	228	218	228	218	600	150	600	200	horizontal	
NF250-SGW RT	2	160	144	139	144	139	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
NF250-SGW RT	2	250	228	218	228	218	600	150	600	200	horizontal	
NF250-RGW RT	3	160	144	139	144	139	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
NF250-RGW RT	3	225	205	196	205	196	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
NF250-UGW RT	3	160	144	139	144	139	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
NF250-UGW RT	3	225	205	196	205	196	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
NF400-HEW	4	400	368	356	368	356	600	300	600	400	horizontal	
NF400-REW	4	400	368	356	368	356	600	300	600	400	horizontal	
NF400-SEW	4	400	368	356	368	356	600	300	600	400	horizontal	
NF400-UEW	4	400	368	356	368	356	600	600	800	400	horizontal	
NF630	5	630	567	504	567	504	600	600	600	600	horizontal	
NF800-UEW	6	800	720	640	640	640	600	800	600	800	vertical	
NF1000-SEW	7	1000	900	800	800	800	600	800	600	800	vertical	
NF1250-SEW	7	1250	1125	1000	1000	1000	600	800	600	800	vertical	
NF1600-SEW	7	1600	1440	1280	1440	1280	600	800	600	800	vertical	

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 <sup>2)</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub>.
 <sup>3)</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers - Mitsubishi, part 4

Brand	Mitsubishi											
	Connecti	on with round o	conductor	Anschluss mit	Kupferschiene	Connection with la	minated copper bar	Maximum				
Туре	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>				
		at 400 V AC			at 400 V AC		at 400 V AC					
МССВ	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm				
NF160-HGW RE	95	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NF160-HGW RT	95	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NF160-SGW RE	95	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NF160-SGW RT	95	50	120	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NF250-HGW RE	150	50	120	1 x 20 x 5	50	5 x 24 x 1	50	200				
NF250-SGW RE	95	50	120	1 x 20 x 5	50	5 x 24 x 1	50	200				
NF250-SGW RE	150	50	120	1 x 20 x 5	50	5 x 24 x 1	50	200				
NF250-SGW RT	95	50	120	1 x 20 x 5	50	5 x 24 x 1	50	200				
NF250-SGW RT	150	50	120	1 x 20 x 5	50	5 x 24 x 1	50	200				
NF250-RGW RT	95	50	120	1 x 20 x 5	50	5 x 24 x 1	50	200				
NF250-RGW RT	150	50	120	1 x 20 x 5	50	5 x 24 x 1	50	200				
NF250-UGW RT	95	50	120	1 x 20 x 5	50	5 x 24 x 1	50	200				
NF250-UGW RT	150	50	120	1 x 20 x 5	50	5 x 24 x 1	50	200				
NF400-HEW	2 x 150	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	200				
NF400-REW	2 x 150	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	200				
NF400-SEW	2 x 150	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	200				
NF400-UEW	2 x 150	50	200	1 x 40 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	200				
NF630	2 x 185 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	1 x 40 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	200				
NF800-UEW	3 x 185 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	1 x 40 x 10	50	1 x 10 x 40 x 1.0	40	200				
NF1000-SEW	4 x 150 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	2 x 50 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	200				
NF1250-SEW	4 x 240 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	2 x 50 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	40	200				
NF1600-SEW	-	-	-	3 x 60 x 10	50	-	-	200				

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 <sup>2)</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub>.
 <sup>3)</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}\ for\ moulded\ case\ circuit\ breakers\ MCCB$

#### Table 53: Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers – Schneider Electric, part 1

Brand		Schneider Electric											
Туре	Size	I <sub>n</sub> circuit-			with consider egory and co			Minimum co	ompartmer	nt dimensio	ons <sup>1)</sup>		
туре	5120	breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version	Installation		
			IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height	position		
МССВ		A	А	А	A	А	mm	mm	mm	mm			
NSX100	2	16	16	16	16	16	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
NSX100	2	25	25	25	25	25	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
NSX100	2	32	32	32	32	32	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
NSX100	2	40	40	40	40	40	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
NSX100	2	50	50	50	50	50	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
NSX100	2	63	63	63	63	63	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
NSX100	2	80	80	80	80	80	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
NSX100	2	100	100	100	100	100	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
NSX160	2	80	80	80	80	80	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
NSX160	2	100	100	100	100	100	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
NSX160	2	125	125	125	125	125	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
NSX160	2	160	160	160	160	154	400	150	400	200	horizontal		
NSX250	2	125	125	125	125	125	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
NSX250	2	160	160	160	160	150	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
NSX250	2	200	200	200	200	185	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
NSX250	2	250	250	230	250	210	400	200	600	200	horizontal		
NSX400	3	320	320	305	320	285	600	200	600	300	horizontal		
NSX400	3	400	400	350	400	330	600	300	600	300	horizontal		
NSX630	3	500	500	450	500	410	600	300	600	300	horizontal		
NSX630	3	630	630	510	630	475	600	300	600	300	horizontal		
NSX400	3	400	400	350	400	330	600	600	600	600	horizontal		
NSX630	3	630	630	510	630	475	600	600	600	600	horizontal		
NS630b	4	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	600	600	vertical		
NS800	4	800	800	800	800	800	600	600	600	600	vertical		
NS1000	4	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	600	600	600	600	vertical		
NS1250	4	1250	1250	1230	1250	1220	600	600	600	600	vertical		
NS1600	4	1600	1540	1370	1500	1220	600	600	600	600	vertical		

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in

<sup>2)</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>qu</sub>.
 <sup>3)</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}\ for\ moulded\ case\ circuit\ breakers\ MCCB$

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB – Schneider Electric, part 2

Brand		Schneider Electric										
	Connecti	on with round o	onductor	Connection w	ith copper bar	Connection with la	aminated copper bar	Maximum				
Туре	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>				
		at 400 V AC			at 400 V AC		at 400 V AC					
МССВ	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm				
NSX100	4	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX100	6	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX100	6	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX100	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX100	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX100	16	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX100	25	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX100	50	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX160	35	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX160	50	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX160	70	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX160	95	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX250	70	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX250	95	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX250	120	50	200	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX250	150	50	200	1 x 25 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
NSX400	2 x 150 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	200				
NSX630	2 x 185 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	200				
NSX400	2 x 150 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	200				
NSX630	2 x 185 <sup>4)</sup>	50	200	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	200				
NS630b	2 x 185 <sup>4)</sup>	50	400	1 x 50 x 10	50	-	-	300				
NS800	3 x 185 <sup>4)</sup>	50	400	1 x 50 x 10	50	-	-	300				
NS1000	4 x 150 <sup>4)</sup>	50	400	2 x 50 x 10	50	-	-	300				
NS1250	4 x 240 <sup>4)</sup>	50	400	2 x 50 x 10	50	-	-	300				
NS1600	-	50	400	2 x 60 x 10	50	-	-	300				

<sup>10</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 <sup>20</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>ou</sub>.
 <sup>30</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Table 54: Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers – Siemens, part 1

Brand		Siemens												
Туре	Size	I <sub>n</sub> circuit-		ed current I <sub>nc</sub> voice the second sec				Minimum c	ompartmen	it dimensio	ns <sup>1)</sup>			
туре	3120	breaker	vent.	1	vent.	1	3-pole	version	4-pole	version	Installation			
			IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height	position			
МССВ		A	А	A	A	А	mm	mm	mm	mm				
3 VA 10	-	16	16	16	16	16	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 10	-	25	25	25	25	25	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 10	-	32	32	32	32	32	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 10	-	40	40	40	40	40	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 10	-	50	50	50	50	50	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 10	-	63	63	63	63	63	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 10	-	80	80	80	80	80	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 10	-	100	100	100	100	100	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 11	-	16	16	16	16	16	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 11	-	20	20	20	20	20	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 11	-	25	25	25	25	25	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 11	-	32	32	32	32	32	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 11	_	40	40	40	40	40	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 11	-	50	50	50	50	50	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 11	_	63	63	63	63	59	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 11	-	80	80	80	80	76	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 11	_	100	100	100	100	89	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 11	-	125	125	121	125	104	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 11	-	160	160	145	160	125	400	150	400	150	horizontal			
3 VA 12	-	160	160	160	160	160	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 12	-	200	200	200	200	200	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 12	-	250	232	232	232	228	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 13	-	320	320	315	320	290	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
3 VA 13	-	400	400	365	400	335	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
3 VA 14	-	500	500	460	500	420	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
3 VA 14	-	630	630	520	630	480	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
3 VA 20	-	25	25	25	25	25	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 20	-	40	40	40	40	40	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 20	-	63	63	63	63	63	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 20	-	100	100	100	100	100	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 21	-	25	25	25	25	25	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 21	-	40	40	40	40	40	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 21	_	63	63	63	63	63	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 21	-	100	100	100	100	100	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 21	_	160	155	155	155	145	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 22	-	160	160	160	160	160	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 22	_	250	250	250	250	245	400	200	400	200	horizontal			
3 VA 23	-	250	250	250	250	250	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
3 VA 23	-	400	400	400	400	390	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
3 VA 24	-	400	400	400	400	400	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
3 VA 24	-	500	500	500	500	500	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
3 VA 24	-	630	570	560	570	540	600	300	600	300	horizontal			
3 VA 25	-	630	630	630	630	630	600	400	-	-	vertical			
3 VA 25	-	800	760	740	760	680	600	600	-	-	vertical			
3 VA 25	-	1000	1000	980	1000	900	600	600	-	-	vertical			
3 VA 27	-	800	800	770	800	690	600	2000	-	-	vertical			
3 VA 27	-	1000	1000	910	1000	800	600	2000	-	-	vertical			
3 VA 27	-	1250	1200	910	1200	810	600	2000	-	-	vertical			
3 VA 27	-	1600	1460	1100	1460	980	600	2000	-	_	vertical			

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.

<sup>2)</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity I<sub>cu</sub>.
 <sup>3)</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp

### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers – Siemens, part 2

Brand		Siemens											
	Connecti	on with round o	conductor	Connection w	ith copper bar	Connection with la	minated copper bar						
Туре	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>					
		at 400 V AC			at 400 V AC		at 400 V AC						
МССВ	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm					
3 VA 10	2.5	25	150	15 x 5	25	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	25	150					
3 VA 10	4	25	150	15 x 5	25	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	25	150					
3 VA 10	6	25	150	15 x 5	25	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	25	150					
3 VA 10	10	25	150	15 x 5	25	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	25	150					
3 VA 10	10	25	150	15 x 5	25	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	25	150					
3 VA 10	16	25	150	15 x 5	25	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	25	150					
3 VA 10	25	25	150	15 x 5	25	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	25	150					
3 VA 10	35	25	150	15 x 5	25	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	25	150					
3 VA 11	2.5	55	150	15 x 5	55	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	55	150					
3 VA 11	2.5	55	150	15 x 5	55	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	55	150					
3 VA 11	4	55	150	15 x 5	55	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	55	150					
3 VA 11	6	55	150	15 x 5	55	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	55	150					
3 VA 11	10	55	150	15 x 5	55	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	55	150					
3 VA 11	10	55	150	15 x 5	55	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	55	150					
3 VA 11	16	55	150	15 x 5	55	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	55	150					
3 VA 11	25	55	150	15 x 5	55	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	55	150					
3 VA 11	35	55	150	15 x 5	55	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	55	150					
3 VA 11	50	55	150	15 x 5	55	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	55	150					
3 VA 11	70	55	150	15 x 5	55	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	55	150					
3 VA 12	70	40	150	15 x 5	40	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	40	150					
3 VA 12	95	40	150	15 x 5	40	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	40	150					
3 VA 12	150	40	150	25 x 5	40	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	40	150					
3 VA 13	240	70	100	30 x 10	70	10 x 24.0 x 1.0	70	100					
3 VA 13	240	70	100	30 x 10	70	10 x 24.0 x 1.0	70	100					
3 VA 14	2 x 150	70	100	30 x 10	70	10 x 24.0 x 1.0	70	100					
3 VA 14	2 x 185	70	100	30 x 10	70	10 x 24.0 x 1.0	70	100					
3 VA 20	4	100	80	25 x 5	100	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	100	80					
3 VA 20	10	100	80	25 x 5	100	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	100	80					
3 VA 20	16	100	80	25 x 5	100	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	100	80					
3 VA 20	35	100	80	25 x 5	100	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	100	80					
3 VA 21	4	100	80	25 x 5	100	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	100	80					
3 VA 21	10	100	80	25 x 5	100	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	100	80					
3 VA 21	16	100	80	25 x 5	100	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	100	80					
3 VA 21	35	100	80	25 x 5	100	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	100	80					
3 VA 21	70	100	80	25 x 5	100	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	100	80					
3 VA 22	70	100	80	25 x 5	100	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	100	80					
3 VA 22	120	100	80	25 x 5	100	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	100	80					
3 VA 23	120	100	100	25 x 5	100	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	100	100					
3 VA 23	240	100	100	30 x 10	100	10 x 24 x 1.0	100	100					
3 VA 24	240	100	100	30 x 10	100	10 x 24 x 1.0	100	100					
3 VA 24	2 x 150	100	100	30 x 10	100	2 x 10 x 24 x 1	100	100					
3 VA 24	2 x 185	100	100	30 x 10	100	2 x 10 x 24 x 1	100	100					
3 VA 25	2 x 185	100	-	30 x 10	100	10 x 50 x 1	100	_					
3 VA 25	2 x 240	100	-	50 x 10	100	10 x 50 x 1	100	-					
3 VA 25	-	50	_	2 x 50 x 10	100	10 x 50 x 2	50	-					
3 VA 27	-	50	-	-	-	-	50	-					
3 VA 27	-	50	-	-	-	-	50	_					
3 VA 27	-	50	-	-	-	-	50	_					
3 VA 27	_	50	-	-	-	-	50	_					
			Į	L	1	ļ	50						

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 <sup>2)</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity l<sub>ou</sub>.
 <sup>3)</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers – Siemens, part 3

Brand	Siemens												
Туре	Size	I <sub>n</sub> circuit-		ed current I <sub>nc</sub> rotection cate			1	Minimum co	ompartmen	it dimensio	ns <sup>1)</sup>		
туре	5120	breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version	Installation		
			IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height	position		
мссв		Α	А	A	А	А	mm	mm	mm	mm			
VL160X	1	16	14	14	14	14	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160X	1	20	18	17	18	17	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160X	1	25	23	22	23	22	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160X	1	32	29	28	29	28	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160X	1	40	36	35	36	35	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160X	1	50	45	44	45	44	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160X	1	63	57	55	57	55	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160X	1	80	72	70	72	70	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160X	1	100	90	87	90	87	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160X	1	125	113	109	113	109	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160X	1	160	144	139	144	139	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160	2	20	18	17	18	17	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160	2	25	23	22	23	22	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160	2	32	29	28	29	28	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160	2	40	36	35	36	35	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160	2	50	45	44	45	44	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160	2	63	57	55	57	55	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160	2	80	72	70	72	70	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160	2	100	90	87	90	87	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160	2	125	113	109	113	109	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL160	2	160	144	139	144	139	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL250	3	80	72	70	72	70	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL250	3	100	90	87	90	87	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL250	3	125	113	109	113	109	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL250	3	160	144	139	144	139	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL250	3	200	182	174	182	174	400	200	400	200	horizontal		
VL250	3	250	228	218	228	218	600	200	600	200	horizontal		
VL400	4	160	144	139	144	139	600	200	600	300	horizontal		
VL400	4	200	182	174	182	174	600	200	600	300	horizontal		
VL400	4	250	228	218	228	218	600	200	600	300	horizontal		
VL400	4	315	287	274	287	274	600	200	600	300	horizontal		
VL400	4	400	368	356	368	356	600	200	600	300	horizontal		
VL630	5	250	228	218	228	218	600	300	600	300	horizontal		
VL630	5	315	287	274	287	274	600	300	600	300	horizontal		
VL630	5	400	368	356	368	356	600	300	600	300	horizontal		
VL630	5	500	450	400	450	400	600	300	600	300	horizontal		
VL630	5	630	567	504	567	504	600	300	600	300	horizontal		
VL630	5	250	228	218	228	218	600	300	600	300	vertical		
VL630	5	315	287	274	287	274	600	300	600	300	vertical		
VL630	5	400	368	356	368	356	600	300	600	300	vertical		
VL630	5	500	450	400	450	400	600	300	600	300	vertical		
VL630	5	630	567	504	567	504	600	300	600	300	vertical		
VL800	6	800	780	710	740	640	600	600	600	600	vertical		
VL1250	7	1000	900	900	900	710	600	600	600	600	vertical		
VL1250	7	1250	1125	1100	1100	890	600	600	600	600	vertical		
VL1600	8	1600	1600	1600	1600	1300	600	800	600	800	vertical		

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in

<sup>2)</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity l<sub>ou</sub>.
 <sup>3)</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers - Siemens, part 4

Brand	Siemens											
	Connecti	on with round o	onductor	Connection w	ith copper bar	Connection with la	minated copper bar	<b></b> .				
Туре	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>				
		at 400 V AC			at 400 V AC		at 400 V AC					
мссв	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm				
VL160X	4	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	250				
VL160X	4	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	250				
VL160X	6	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	250				
VL160X	6	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	250				
VL160X	10	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	250				
VL160X	10	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	250				
VL160X	16	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	250				
VL160X	25	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	250				
VL160X	35	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	250				
VL160X	70	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	250				
VL160X	95	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	250				
VL160	4	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	250				
VL160	6	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	400				
VL160	6	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	400				
VL160	10	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	400				
VL160	10	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	400				
VL160	16	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	400				
VL160	25	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	400				
VL160	35	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	400				
VL160	70	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	400				
VL160	95	50	100	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 9 x 0.8	50	400				
VL250	25	50	130	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	400				
VL250	35	50	130	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	400				
VL250	50	50	130	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	400				
VL250	95	50	130	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	400				
VL250	120	50	130	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	400				
VL250	185	50	130	1 x 15 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	400				
VL400	95	50	150	1 x 30 x 5	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	400				
VL400	120	50	150	1 x 30 x 5	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	400				
VL400	185	50	150	1 x 30 x 5	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	400				
VL400	240	50	150	1 x 30 x 5	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	400				
VL400	240	50	150	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	400				
VL630	240	50	300	1 x 30 x 5	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	400				
VL630	240	50	300	1 x 30 x 5	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	400				
VL630	2 x 1504)	50	300	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	400				
VL630	2 x 1854)	50	300	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	400				
VL630	2 x 1854)	50	300	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	400				
VL630	240	50	300	1 x 30 x 5	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	400				
VL630	240	50	300	1 x 30 x 5	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	400				
VL630	2 x 150 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	400				
VL630	2 x 185 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	400				
VL630	2 x 185 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	400				
VL800	3 x 185 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	2 x 40 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 40 x 1.0	50	400				
VL1250	4 x 150 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	2 x 50 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	50	400				
VL1250	4 x 240 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	2 x 50 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 50 x 1.0	50	400				
VL1600		_	300	3 x 60 x 10	50		50	400				

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.

 <sup>2</sup> Circuit breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity low.
 <sup>3</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp <sup>4)</sup> Use of cables and leads is only admissible on the outgoing side.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}$ for moulded-case circuit-breakers MCCB

#### Table 55: Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers – Terasaki, part 1

Brand	Terasaki											
Туре	Size	In circuit-		ed current I <sub>nc</sub> protection cate				Minimum co	ompartmen	it dimensio	ns <sup>1)</sup>	
туре	3120	breaker	vent.		vent.		3-pole	version	4-pole	version	Installation	
			IP2X	IP2X	IP54	IP54	Width	Height	Width	Height	position	
МССВ		А	А	А	А	A	mm	mm	mm	mm		
S125	1	20	18	17	18	17	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
S125	1	32	29	28	29	28	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
S125	1	50	45	44	45	44	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
S125	1	63	57	55	57	55	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
S125	1	100	90	87	90	87	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
S125	1	125	113	109	113	109	400	150	400	200	horizontal	
S160	2	20	18	17	18	17	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
S160	2	32	29	28	29	28	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
S160	2	50	45	44	45	44	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
S160	2	63	57	55	57	55	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
S160	2	100	90	87	90	87	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
S160	2	125	113	109	113	109	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
S160	2	160	144	139	144	139	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
S250 NJ/GJ	2	160	144	139	144	139	400	200	400	200	horizontal	
S250 NJ/GJ	2	200	182	174	182	174	400	200	400	200	horizontal	
S250 NJ/GJ	2	250	228	218	228	218	600	200	600	200	horizontal	
H/L125	3	20	18	17	18	17	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
H/L125	3	32	29	28	29	28	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
H/L125	3	50	45	44	45	44	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
H/L125	3	63	57	55	57	55	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
H/L125	3	100	90	87	90	87	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
H/L125	3	125	113	109	113	109	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
H/L160	3	160	144	139	144	139	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
S/H250	3	40	36	35	36	35	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
S/H250	3	125	113	109	113	109	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
S/H/L250	3	160	144	139	144	139	400	200	400	300	horizontal	
S/H/L250	3	250	228	218	228	218	600	200	600	300	horizontal	
H/L400	4	250	228	218	228	218	600	300	600	300	horizontal	
H/L400	4	400	368	356	368	356	600	300	600	300	horizontal	
E/S400	5	250	228	218	228	218	600	300	600	300	horizontal	
E/S400	5	400	368	356	368	356	600	300	600	300	horizontal	
E/S630	5	630	567	504	567	504	600	300	600	400	horizontal	
H/L800	6	630	567	504	567	504	600	800	600	800	vertical	
H/L800	6	800	640	640	640	640	600	800	600	800	vertical	

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to U<sub>n</sub> of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in

Stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments.
 <sup>2)</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity l<sub>cu</sub>.
 <sup>3)</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.
 <sup>4)</sup> Use of cables and leads is only admissible on the outgoing side.

### Rated currents $I_{nc}\ for\ moulded\ case\ circuit\ breakers\ MCCB$

#### Rated currents Inc for moulded-case circuit-breakers - Terasaki, part 2

Brand	Terasaki											
	Connecti	on with round o	onductor	Connection w	ith copper bar	Connection with la	minated copper bar	Maximum				
Туре	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit withstand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	Minimum connection cross-section	Max. short-circuit with- stand strength Icc <sup>2)</sup>	distance from first support <sup>3)</sup>				
		at 400 V AC			at 400 V AC		at 400 V AC					
МССВ	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm <sup>2</sup>	kA	mm				
S125	4	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S125	6	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S125	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S125	16	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S125	35	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S125	50	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S160	4	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S160	6	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S160	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S160	16	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S160	35	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S160	50	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S160	95	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S250 NJ/GJ	95	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S250 NJ/GJ	120	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S250 NJ/GJ	120	50	200	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
H/L125	4	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
H/L125	6	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
H/L125	10	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
H/L125	16	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
H/L125	35	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
H/L125	50	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
H/L160	95	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S/H250	6	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S/H250	50	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	4 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S/H/L250	95	50	200	1 x 15 x 5	50	6 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
S/H/L250	120	50	200	1 x 20 x 5	50	10 x 15.5 x 0.8	50	200				
H/L400	1504)	50	300	1 x 20 x 5	50	5 x 24 x 1.0	50	200				
H/L400	2 x 120 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	1 x 20 x 10	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	200				
E/S400	1504)	50	300	1 x 30 x 5	50	5 x 24 x 1.0	50	200				
E/S400	2 x 120 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 24 x 1.0	50	200				
E/S630	2 x 240 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	1 x 30 x 10	50	10 x 32 x 1.0	50	200				
H/L800	2 x 185 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	1 x 40 x 10	50	1 x 10 x 40 x 1.0	50	200				
H/L800	2 x 300 <sup>4)</sup>	50	300	2 x 40 x 10	50	2 x 10 x 40 x 1.0	50	200				

<sup>1)</sup> The minimum distances refer to  $U_n$  of 400 V VAC. At higher voltages, where necessary, greater minimum spacings between the devices and other conductive parts stipulated by the switchgear manufacturer must be taken into account. The use of phase divider panels or connection space covers should be designed in accordance with the switchgear manufacturer's specifications and may result in larger compartments. <sup>2)</sup> Circuit-breakers must be selected with the required breaking capacity  $I_{cu}$ . <sup>3)</sup> For laminated copper bars, the support has been tested with universal brackets 3079.000 and 3079.010 and should be used in accordance with the design rules. Solid copper bars must be supported with connection kit support 9660.205. Where necessary, lines and cables should be secured with the appropriate cable clamp components.

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